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H. SMITH,

Evans's Defeat Is Practically Admitted by His Friends.

RETURNS AT 2 THIS MORNING

vote of 56,387 Gives the Judge a Majority of 11,753.

GOVERNOR'S CHANCES GONE

Two-Thirds of the Remaining Ballots Will Not Save Him.

RESULT IS IN THE NATURE OF A SURPRISE

Nomination of Earle Was an Instance of a Political Groundswell of Unexpected Size-Means Also the Defeat of Tillman and Reformers.

Columbia, S. C., September 9th, 2:30 a. m .-At 2 o'clock this morning sufficient returns have been received from the second primary election, held in this state today, to show that Governor Evans has been beaten by Judge Joseph H. Earle for United States

The political revolution that began with the first primary a fortnight ago was a complete surprise to the whole state and part. ularly to the conservatives, who did no vote in the first primary. Although Sena tor Tillman came to Governor Evans's res cue and stated in his manifesto to the reormers of the state that John Gary Evans's election was a political necessitythat he must be elected or the reform movement would be destroyed-the voters evidently thought that Evans had not satisfactorily explained the charges that have been made against him in the bond matter and other things, and they have probably

Governor Evans's friends have waged the bottest campaign ever known in the state during the past ten days, but it seems to have reacted rather than helped him out of

At this hour a total vote in the state of 56,387 has been reported, of which Evans has received 22,317 and Earle 34,070, giving Earle a clear majority of 11,753 votes. Assuming that the total vote will be over

\$0,000, while the vote in the first primary was but 78,231-a very large vote at thatand allowing him two-thirds of the vote that has not yet been heard from, he cannot reduce Earle's majority to less than \$3,000, Here is the vote so far as it has been reported:

		Evans.	Earle
	Abbeville (3 returns missing)	1173	1760
	Aiken (7 short)	1243	1120
	Alken (7 short)	1493	1911
	Barwell (12 boxes)	633	841
	Beaufort (city and 5 boxes)	60	403
	Berkley (9 out of 19)	131	376
	Charleston (all but 5)	604	2641
	Chester (15 out of 17)	781	€91
	Chesterfield (city and 1)	67	123
	Clarendon (12 boxes)	497	466
-	Colleton (5 boxes)	209	423
	Colleton (5 boxes)	981	766
	Edgefield (town and 10)	328	548
	Fairfield (14 out of 19)	536	642
	Florence (eiter and 6)	970	642
	Georgetown (city)	30	150
	Georgetown (city)	1005	2445
	Hampton (8 out of 24)	309	220
	Henry (4 boxes)	. 000	240
	Kershaw (town and 3)	100	260
	Lancaster (complete)	950	Tim?
	Laurens (town and 12)	324	922
	Lexington (town and 9)	547	CIS
	Marion (13 out of 18)	1065	1174
	Marboro (complete)	840	754
	Newberry (1 short)	992	1033
	Oconee (19 out of 29)	819	1.395
	Orangeburg (partial)	401	983
	Orangeburg (partial)	400	518
	Richland (1 short)	699	1200
	Saluda (3 boxes)	000	165
	Spartanburg (36 out of 64)	9079	9216
	Sumter (25 out of 40)	601	1200
	Union (town and 6)	707	407
	Williamsburg (14 boxés)	500	596
	York (11 boxes)	506	1990
	Tork (II boxes)	141	1200

.. 22317 34070 Returns Practically Complete. Many of the counties have sent in, as

will be seen, practically complete return but it is understood that he is pretty blue over the election. Last night most of his friends as the returns came in gave up all hope for him.

The statement was made today that if Governor Evans was defeated, revelations in regard to the dispensary scandal of a A reporter called at headquarters this in regard to the dispensary scandal of a far more interesting chracter than any that have yet developed will be forthcoming. What truth there is in this no one can tell as yet. At Senator Tillman's box, which the senator is supposed to have Worked in Evans's interest, the latter received one vote; at the last election he got

Spartanburg county gave him the biggest surprise, being one of the most trusted counties; yet, at the same time, his majority was most materially reduced there The conservative vote came out in yesterday's election, but not to the extent that

The interest in the election was at a fever heat all da, and last night the newspaper offices vere fammed. The bulletin boards have are ever in the last decade been watched by so many people and so keenly. * -

early hours of this corning. General Earle is down in Beaufort holding court. He was wired the figures in the course of the

In Minor Races.

Strait for renamination as congressman from the fifth district more than likely beats his oppment, Hinley. He has a lead of nearly 1,500 votes on partial returns. Schumpert will very likely be the solici-enth congressional district today by a tor again in the seventh circuit, and Nel-vote of 21 2-3 to 18 1-3 for E. A. Dean.

son, the incumbent, and Thurmond, his opponent, are having a very close race of it in the fifth district, with the former in

ELECTION DISPUTE AND FIGHT. Constable Fatally Shoots J. P. Welch

in Charleston.

Charleston, S. C., September 8.—A difficulty between J. P. Welch and Constable P. Meigher grew out of a dispute over the election tonight. After some blows had been exchanged by

took effect. other two entered his stomach. He is in a critical condition and will probably die.

Will Meet at Raleigh Today and Ar-

range Fusion. Raleigh, N. C., September 8.—(Special.)—
The republican state committee met here
this afternoon. It was in session only a
few minutes, as Populist State Chairman that position. Populists say tonight that there will be great surprises tomorrow. They also say they believe the republicans would have taken down D. L. Russell as their nominee for governor and indorsed W. A. Guthrie, populist, had not the latter advised against fusion with the republi-

TO TAKE PLACE IN LOUISVILLE. Palmer and Buckner To Be Notified

Next Saturday Night. Louisville, Ky., September 8.—The notifi-cation of Palmer and Buckner will take place at the auditorium at 7:30 o'clock Satnents is now at work on the program On the evening a special train will be run from every city and town within three

WAITE NAMED BY POPULISTS

As Their Candidate for Governor of Celerado. Denver, Col., September 8.-Davis H.

COMER WAS NOMINATED

By Gold Standard Men in the Third Alabama District.

Union Springs, Ala., September 8.-(Special.)—The gold standard convention of the third congressional district convened here today. The convention was called to or der by J. L. Pitts, of Eufaula, who made only a few remarks. Then Dr. Winn, of Clayton, was nominated temporary chair-man. He informed the convention that they were here for the purpose of nominat ing a candidate for congress for the third congressional district; that they, the gold emocrats, represented the true democrac; of Jefferson. He implored the people t stand together, and by so doing they would be able to elect the r nominee. The appointment of a committee on cre-dentials was the next thing in order. Mr.

of Russell county, and Mr. Cody Henry, were nominated temporary sec retaries. A committee on permanent or-ganization and order of business was then appointed. After the delegates from the different beats were seated, the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

the convention was addressed by Mr. S. H. Dent, Jr., of Eufaula; Mr. Perry Thomas, of Clayton, and Hon, George P. Harrison, congressman for the third congres-

The report of the committee on perma organization was adopted as a whole. General G. P. Harrison was named for permanent chairman of the committee. In his address he abused the actions taken by the democratic convent.on at Chicago; said that they were repudiators and unfaithful agents, and that the principles of the gold standard democrats were the principles which he had advocated from chiidhood. He said he could not subscribe to the platform of a convention that refused to indorse a president who carried out his

imously nominated as candidate for col gressman from the third district of Alabama. Mr. Comer's speech of acceptance was in the same strain of General Har rison's-vindictive and caluminous. spoke of Bryan as a demagogue with ulistic principles; of Tillman and Altgele as repudiators and anarchists.

The gold democrats are greatly in the minority in this district, and it is presumed that Mr. Comer will not have a very large

Hon. Henry D. Clayton, of Barbour, the democratic nominee for congress from this, the third district, will carry the district overwhelmingly in November. Mr. Clayton is an able and popular man and a stror and earnest advocate of free coinage.

THEY ARE READY FOR RUSTTESS Alabama Democratic Headquarters

Opened. Birmingham, Al... September 8.—(Special.)—The state democratic campaign headquarters are now open for business The same rooms as the campaign committee for the gubernatorial election occupied in the Morris hotel have been engaged by Chairman Shelley and will be used by the

morning. A table or so and a few chairs were all that told of impending doings. General Shelley was alone with Mr. A. O Harwell, who will be assistant to Mr. Mil ler and chief clerk again. General Shelley was dictating some correspondence intro ductory to the mass of work that is to

the committee, spent the morning getting paper, telegraph blanks and other such materials stacked up in readiness for use the next two and a half months. General Shelley stated that there was nothing to give out yet. The campaign committee held a preliminary conference yesterday, but their discussions necessarily bore no result, because it is too early since the organization of the committee to map out the course of the campaign.

that the electors should also have a joint debate, but the republicans deny this Hughes Naminated for Congress.

SILVER MEN NOTIFY

Nomination.

ACCEPTS PROFFERED TRUST

Chairman Groot Makes an Eloquent Speech of Notification.

Then Followed a Short Speech Notify-

when Mr. Bryan and Mr. Sewall were officially informed that they were the

choice of the Chicago convention. Instead of the spacious Auditorium, with its boxes and galleries, tonight's function and lawn in front of Nebraska's state capitol building. With the exception of of it, all the audience were standing.

The most marked difference between tonight's ceremonies and those in New York was the fact that Mr. Bryan did not read his speech in answer to the information formally given by the committee of the silver party. He made a speech neither long nor short without the aid of notes and

of free silver clubs, the display of fireworks and frequent exercise of lung power brough tin horns and the old-fashioned n his arrival from Chicago this morning and he was escorted to his home by brass were more brass bands and a larger number of marching clubs in a parade that ecompanied Mr. Bryan later in the day o the statehouse, where a good sized political address. Tonight a third parade ccurred and flambeau clubs and organizations of mounted men, bearing transarencies and torches and firing skyrockets and Roman candles, gave vent to their political enthus asm in a way that bor-

dered on delirium. It was 9 o'clock before the first of the daring flambeaus, heading the cand date's escort, were spied by those at the capitol as their bearers turned into Fifteenth street, the thoroughfare leading to the stand. Twenty minutes later Mr. Bryan appeared on the platform and the crowd, that had increased with great rapidity after the procession was under way, cheered him repeatedly as his well-known figure was recognized. The space in front of the stand and for several hundred feet back was black with people.

Norris Humphrey, of Lincoln, called the ssemblage to order, and in a few words presented George A. Groot, of Ohio, chair-

From April 2, 1792, to February 12, 1873. quantity, at the rates established by law. ed every person of the right to have silver coined into units of money, since which time the mints have been open to the free co.nage of gold only at the rate established by law.

That the people at the time that law was passed did not know that they had been deprived of that right no one will dispute. That they have never fully understood the

no doubt. That the motive which actuated those who secured its passage was bad nobody at the present day will deny Those who secured the passage of that hat they are proud of their efforts in that

behalf.

used every effort to defeat every attempt o secure legislation upon the subject. Such declarations were made to catch votes merely, and not to be acted upon by those

n authority. Under various pretences those parties postponed final action upon the matter until 1823, when, under the direction of the mained upon the statute books that authorsilver, and the rank and file of those parthe outrage thus perpetrated upon them. eyond the comprehension of man.

Debts of the Government. The debts contracted by the governmen have been enormously increased thereby, requires vastly more of the reducts of the country to pay the present debts than was required to pay the debts when originally contracted. The action of our government in destroying the paper money that was issued during the war and which saved this republic from destruction. and in taking away from the people the

Language is inadequate to properly charcterize the acts passed by congress under which the money volume has been enormously contracted in this country. The contraction during the past thirty years has wrought more misery and suffering and financial loss to our people than all the wars, famines and pestilences that have af-ficted this country from the beginning. Lincoln said that if the government contracts a debt with a certain amount of money in circulation and then contracts the noney volume before the debt was paid, it

in circulation by legislative enactment.

Money is of the most value to mankind
in general when it is cheap, because the
cheaper it is the more readily people can obtain it.

The scarcer money is, the more easily its volume can be controlled, the dearer it will be; the more plentiful it is, the more difficult it is to control it, the cheap er it will be. Dear money is but another name for hard times, and the dearer it is— the greater its purchasing power—the hard-er the times and the lower prices will

The quantity of money in circulation fixes and determines prices in general, other things remaining the same. If the volume things remaining the same. If the volume increases, prices will rise and if it decreases, prices will fall.

The contest in the business world is over price. Price is the storm center of every business transaction in which money is transaction.

is involved. Over it the battles of commerce and trade re fought. There is but one way known among men

to regulate the value of money, and that is to regulate its volume. He who can regulate the money volume of a nation has within his power the nation itself, as well as every individual thereof, because he can increase or decrease prices in general to suit his pleasure.

He can enrich the few and impoverish the many. He can exalt those who create wealth, or he can ensiave them at his

For thousands of years those who have understood the science and function of money have so manipulated the volume of it by legislation or otherwise as to destroy every civilization that has preceded the present one, and those persons who now control, by law or otherwise, the vol-ume of money in circulation in the world will, if not restrained by healthful and proper laws, ruin the present civilization Such persons have no regard whatev for those who create and distribute wealth who build up nations and who protect them in the hour of need. Their sole purpose is to accumulate as much wealth as possible and thereby exalt themselves at the expense of the producing millions. It is they who secure the legislation it this country relating to money and bonds that has produced the condition of the people at the present time.

It is because people generally have had no accurate conception of the science and function of money that has enabled those who understood the question to secure legislation in this country which enormou y decreased the quantity of money in irculation and produced a corresponding The Destruction of Silver.

It was they who secured the passage of the law of February 12, 1873, which destroyed the use of silver for money in this By that law one of the sources of money supply was cut off and as a result the

value—the purchasing power—of the money that has come from the other source of money supply, the gold mines, has doubled and prices have fallen accordingly. They who secured the passage of that law were they who were large owners of money and of national bonds. By that act the value of their money was doubled and the value of their bonds was greatly increased.

increased.

The acts of congress that have been passed since 1865 relating to money and bonds, with two exceptions, the act of 1878 and the act of 1890, are among the most infamous acts of legislation that have been enacted by any government in modern times.

Since the passage of those laws the shrinkage in the quantity of money in circulation with respect to population has circulation with respect to population has gone on without let or hindrance, and as result there has been a continuous fall n prices in general, which has bankrupted and pauperized untold numbers of our peo-ple and has paralyzed and to a large degree

has destroyed the farming and other industries of the country.

The financial storm caused by those acts has continued with ever increasing fury for the past twenty-three years, and the sea of commerce and trade in this country has been strewn with innumerable financial wrecks of every character and kind. The country during these years has been and is now afflicted with financial pairs, and unless relief is furnished ial paraly-

there is no telling what the consequence may be. The condition of things is the result, and the result only, of the adoption by this country of the "British gold standard." The adoption of that "standard" means European conditions and prices. It means more than European conditions and prices; it means, ultimately, Egyptian

conditions and prices. The republican party proposes to main tain the present "gold standard," and there fore it is in favor of present conditions, and it will not consent to a change until other nations can be induced to assist in

making a change. When other nations consent to help us in that behalf there will be no need of help. cause we will cease to exist as a nation inless we assert our independence, as it is now proposed to do. It is in favor of a constant shrinkage

in the quantity of money in circulation, and therefore it is in favor of lower prices, and it proposes, if it succeeds to power, to further press prices down unless they can be raised by increasing taxes.

It proposes to manufacture no more

money for the people except such as may be made out of gold.

How it is possible for a nation or an individual to become prosperous by continually increasing the amount of taxes that are to be paid, is a matter that is beyond the comprehension of the ordinary mind, and yet this is the very thing that the republican party proposes to do if placed in power again.

placed in power again.
Before taxes can be paid, money must be first manufactured and delivered to the people. Money does not grow; it is manufactured, and the congress alone in this country has the power to make it. It is affirmed by those who are in favor of the "gold standard" that all that is necessary to be done to make the people rosperous is to open the mills and set ile men to work. It may as well be un derstood first and last that the mills of th's country will never be opened more than they are at present until the mill of this country owned by the government in which money is manufactured, are first opened to the free coinage of units of money out of gold and silver at the rate established by the law of 1873, and until the are opened there can be no prosperity, in-dividual or national, in this country. As well attempt to run an engine with-

ut cil as to do business without money. Mints Are Important Mills. The mints wherein money is made are the most important mills to be kept run-ning in this country, and no man need be alarmed lest there be more money made that the people of this country need in the conduct of their business. Those mills charge cannot be too strongly confort the past twenty-three years have been practically closed except to those who own ed and controlled the gold mines of the

The battle of this campaign is for the purpose of securing legislation which will open those mills, and if we do not succeed. the fight will continue until we do succeed It is said that what the people want is employment, and if they had employment there would be no hard times, no financial distress. Give to the people good prices for their products and their services and they will employ themselves to the best advantage: there will be no idle men, no surplus of labor. There never was a financial panie in all

the world when prices in general were Continued on Second Page.

Armstrong, of Arkansas, Puts Democratic Vote at 115,000.

DOUBLES LAST YEAR'S RECORD

That Is, the Plurality Over Opposition Has Increased Twofold.

WHAT CHAIRMAN FAULKNER SAYS OF IT

Chairman Howell Regards the Victory as a Most Significant One and Believes It a Safe Criterion.

The indications are that 165,000 votes were cast at yesterday's election in Arkansas. The combined opposition re ceived about 50,000, leaving a majority of about 65,000 for the democratic state ticket. This more than doubles the maago. The issue in this state was fought out on the monetary question, the de-

CARROLL ARMSTRONG, Chairman Democratic State Central

Committee. How Campaign Workers Report. Washington, September 8.-Chairman aulkner, of the congressional compaign ommittee, speaking of the Arkansas elec-

that the candidates and principles nom nated and promulgated at Chicago meet the full and enthusiastic indorsement of the great masses of the democratic party. This is shown by the large increase ur vote in a state that was as certainly democratic as Vermont was republican. It is demonstrated that the large amount of literature sent into Arkansas by epublican committee has had no effect, or have the former democrats who have bolted given any evidence of strength

"We expect our republican friends to carry Maine next Monday." Mr. Clark Howell, chief of the democratic literary bureau, said: "The result in Arkansas is a gratifying surprise. We had no idea that the mait has reached. We counted on an in-crease over the last democratic majority

The fact that the majority will reach 65,00 emphasizes more than ever the earnestness of the masses of the people in favor of the restoration of silver to its former coinage conditions. Arkansas is a typical agricul-tural state, and the same causes that led to such an overwhelming increase in the a like degree to this year's democratic majorities in nearly every southern and far western state and in the states of the middle west. The same conditions which have impoverished the people of Arkansas prevail everywhere else, and they will be condemned in Indiana, Illinois and Micht-gan just as they have already been con-

demned in Arkansas. Alabama and Ten-Arkansas Election Significant. significant contrast to the meager in-crease which the republicans have ob-tained in Vermont, which was attributed entirely to the fact that the democratic platform in this state did not differ from

that of the republican platform on the oney question "The returns from Arkansas are the most and they point the way to an overwhelm silver landslide in all of the far western states and to tremendously increased demo-cratic majorities in the southern and mid-

STATE THEIR TERMS OF FUSION. Missouri Democrats Make a Proposi-

tion to Populists. St. Louis, Mo., September 8 .- The den cratic state central committee of Missouri met here today and fixed a basis for fusion with the populists on the electoral ticket. The full committee met and after muc iiscussion it was decided to withdraw three district electors and one elector at large, the vacancies to be filled by popuists. A committee of three was appointed entral committee, which meets here orday. It is asserted by Chairman Cook on is effected the 40,000 populist votes in Missouri will go to Bryan and

WHO IS THE MAN NOMINATED? Quarrel To Be Settled in the Seventh

Tennessee District. Nashville, Tenn., September 8.-(Special.) he democratic state executive committee cided tonight to investigate and decide whether N. N. Cox or W. J. Whitthorne the regular nominee in the seventh congressional district. Both candidates have agreed that the state committee shall

the district. The committee will also investigate the eighth district trouble, where B. A. Enloe charges fraud and contests he nomination of T. W. Sims WILL EXAMINE BOTH OF THEM.

Tennessee Legislature Wants To Know the State's Financial Condition. Harris a surplus. The legislature did practically nothing today but direct this committee to investigate and report. ACTEMPT TO BURN SPRINGFIELD Trouble in Kentucky Growing Out of

the Turnpike Question. Springfield, Ky., September 8 .- The demand for free turnpikes in Washington county, in this state, has developed a mob which may have to be quelled by state

Yesterday the sheriff went out in the untry to arrest the men who shot Toll Gate Keeper Wells on Sunday right and riddled his house with bullets. The men, who numbered over fifty, defied the authorities and threatened to burn the town of Springfield if an attempt was made to arrest them. Yesterday the sheriff arrested Joe Settle, a member of the mob, and brought him into fail at midnight. In the meantime, however, the man's

friends got wind of the affair and moved on Springfield, apparently to put the threat o hurn the town into execution The arrest occurred at 6 o'clock and at

o'clock the large tobacco warehouse o P. W. McLaughlin, within a square of the courthouse, was in flames.

In a few moments the streets were alive with men armed to the teeth and determined to give the incendiaries a warm reception if they attempted any further outrage. Today business was practically suspended and every man was armed. The names of some fifty or sixty parcipants in the outrages are known and | Empty Boat Comes Back To Tell the Sheriff Cracrof has organized a posse to capture them.

WHEELER DIED WILLINGLY.

Executed in Nova Scotia for the Mur- . CLOTHES LEFT BEHIND IN THE BATHHOUSE der of a Fifteen-Year-Old Girl. Digby, N. S., September 8.—Peter D. Wheeler was hanged here at 2:30 o'clock this morning for the murder of Annie Kempton, a fifteen-year-old girl. The exeution was originally set to take place be-ween 3 a. m. and 8 a. m., but when Sheriff an Blarcona last night heard wild rumors hat a large body of desperate men were of their way to Digby from Bear River deter-mined to witness the hanging, if they had to tear down the jail in order to do so, he ecided that the sentence of death should

carried out before daylight. Wheeler's 'I killed Annie Kempton and I will pay the penalty. I suppose it's all right, I have taken one life for the devil and will now give my own life for Jesus' sake. Lord,

was jerked upward. His neck was instant The crime for which Wheeler was hanged The crime for which berrible murders ever was one of the most horrible murders ever perpetrated in Nova Scotia. Wheeler confessed that he killed Annie Kempton b tween 11 and 1 o'clock at night, after she had made a desperate attempt to save herself from assault.

SKELETON HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED As That of a Farmer Who Has Been Missing Since April. Chattanooga, Tenn., September 8.chattanooga, tenn., September 8. Aspecial.)—The skeleton which was found several weeks ago in the woods near Langston, Tenn., has been identified as the remains of a farmer named Cantrell, who lived in James county. There is no clew to the cause of death. Mrs. Cantrell fulls identified the remains and many distinct acquaiz-

with the skeleton April and was in perfect health.

TEXAS FACTIONS IN A ROW.

Fort Worth Republican Convention Slow About Assembling. Fort Worth, Tex., September 8.—The re-publican convention, which was to have seen called to order in this city at 10 o'clock hall street after dinner. He took a car this morning, was postponed from hour to hour and it was finally decided that the meeting would not be called to order until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. This condition was brought about from the fact that the Grant and Cuney factions are in a row.
Cuney is a candidate for temporary chairman of the convention. The Grant faction for a row boat. Then he was seen to row far out into the lake dressed in his bathing is determined that he shall be beaten. The conservative members of the party are en-deavoring to keep down a row in the con-vention. Colonel Huston, of Indiana, chairman of the national committee, is here tryman of the harronal confined is not the harronal elements together, but it is not believed that he will be successful and there is no doubt that there to have been forgotten. The guard at the will be a fight in the convention tomorrow. E. H. R. Green, of Terrell, son of Hetty Green, will be made state chairman with-

is a fusion deal on with the populists. AFTER THREE YEARS' FREEDOM

no nominations for state officers, as there

Butler Is Recaptured and Returned to the Penitentiary. Raleigh, N. C., September 8.-(Special)-Avery Butler was brought back to the penitentiary here today, after three years' freedom He made one of the most daring escapes in the history of the prison. He was recaptured by Charles Hall in Ken-

Eight years ago he waylaid his father at Clinton, and killed him with a shotgun in sight of his home. Butler was then only fourteen years old. His youth saved him from hanging. He is sentenced for life supper. About 4 o'clock he entered the establishment of Delbridge & Rice, at 85 Peachtree, and held a short conversation

General Baldissera To Check King Menelek's Advance. Rome, September 8.—General Baldissera, ommanding the Italian forces in Africa, has been ordered to return at once in con-sequence of the activity of King Menelek, who, with a large army of Abyssinians, resuming warlike operations.

Took Charge of The American. Nashville, Tenn., September 8.—(Special.) The bondholders, who purchased The Nash-ville American at the court sale about ten days ago, took charge of the property today. Leland Rankin, the well-known newspaper man, who is at present chief of the bureau of publicity and promotion of the Centennial, becomes general manager of the paper. The policy will not be changed.

Ohio Republican Editors. Canton, O., September 8.—The Republican Editorial Association of Onio met in Elks' hall this morning. The venerable John

Hopley, of Eucyrus, presided.
In the afternoon the meeting was addressed by Charles Emory Smith. At the conclusion of the address the edi-

Bryan's Tennessee Dates.

Nashville, Tenn., September 8.—(Special.) Hon. John W. Childress today received a telegram from Congressman James D. Richardson at Chicago, stating that Hon. W. J. Bryan will speak at Memph's Monday morning, October 5th, and in Nashville that night. Wound Slow To Heal.

Nashville, Tenn., September 8.—(Special.) Surgeons today removed two large pieces of shattered bone from the arm of John R.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

T. J. Delbridge Drowned at Lake. wood Last Night.

ROWED OUT ALONE ON THE LAKE

STILL DRAGGING FOR BODY

Thomas J. Delbridge, one of the most

death are most mysterious. He went down to his watery grave while out bathing. No one was with him at the time, and no one saw him sink.

The last seen of him was when he approached the ticket office at the bathhouse and rented a bathing suit. He secured a row boat at the landing only a short distance down the shore.

about one hundred yards from the bathhouse. He thought it strange that no one should be near the empty boat and investigated.

who had rented the suit. The clothes of the dead man were found in the dressing room he had occupied At 4 o'clock this morning the body of the

the water several other bathers were also present, but they soon went out and left Mr. Delbridge alone. drowned scon after he was seen to leave the boat house by his friends. The

cramp and was overcome in the water. When He Left His Home. Mr. Delbridge left his home on Whitehall street after dinner yesterday about 1:30

o'clock. He told his wife he was going out for a bath and would probably not be back for

Watchman Gives the Alarm. made the startling discovery of the empty boat and the clothes in the bath house he gave the slarm. C. W. Motes, a brotherin-law of the dead man, was notified by telphone. In company with several friends he jumped into a hack and was driven hastily to the park, arriving there about midnight. A search for the body was begun. Drags were secured from the city and all night long the monotonous work of drag-

Up to an early hour this morning the remains had not been found. News at His Home. As the long hours of the night passed vearily Mrs. Delbridge became more and

more uneasy about her husband. She feared he was drowned. After midnight a buggy drove up in front of the door bearing two messengers who broke the awfui news. Mrs. Delbridge was

Mr. Delbridge was thirty years of age He was born in Palmetto, Ga., in 1866 and noved to Atlanta in 1880. He had been rominently known in a business way seventeen years. He was president of the Delbridge Paper Company before the firm's failure and was the owner of the Delbridge hotel, which was operated during the exposition.

He was to have celebrated the sixth aniversary of his marriage tomorrow. He leaves three little children. The suggestion of suicide is not con-

sidered by Mr. Delbridge's friends as worthy of notice. They say that he had no reason for such an act.

t testimonials. G.

tate Bargains

There were man, remained until the

Nashville, Tenn., September 8.—(Special.) A. M. Hughes, Jr., was nominated for congress by the republicans of the sev-

the men. Meigher drew a pistol and fired four shots at his opponent, three of which One ball broke Welch's thigh and the

REPUBLICANS AND POPULISTS

Ayer requested that no action be taken until tomorrow. This is construed to mean that the populists and republicans will tomorrow arrange fusion on the state ticket. A populist state committeeman said tonight that it looks as if the fusion will be offered though these may be a change be effected, though there may be a change. It is certain that the republicans will take down Oliver H. Dockery as lieutenant governor. They may nominate a populist for that position. Populists say tonight that

irday evening. The committee on arrange-

Waite was nominated yesterday for governor by the middle-of-the-road populists.

After dinner speeches were in order, and

General Harrison spoke for three hours. and his entire address was full of invective Mr. G. L. Comer, of Eufaula, was unan

Mr. Nathan L. Miller, the secretary of

Canceled the Agreement. Nashville, Tenn., September 8.—The iemocratic state committee today formali 8.-The notified the republican committee that i had canceled the agreement for Governo Taylor and Mr. Tillman to meet in join debate. Democrats cla'm it was agreed

Bryan Officially Notified of His Second

IMMENSE CROWD GATHERS TO LISTEN

ing Sewall and Bryan Respond-

ed Briefly. Lincoln, Neb., September 8.-The national silver party, through its regularly appointed committee, tonight formally notified William J. Bryan of his 'nomination by its convention at St. Louis. The cerenonies attending the notification were in strong contrast to those at the meeting at Madison Square Garden last month.

took place in the open air on the plaza hose seated in a few score chairs on the speaker's platform and directly in front

was frequently applauded. Lincoln's appreciation of Mr. Bryan's econd visit home since his nomination was shown by the indefatigable parading vell. A big crowd received the candidate ands and campaign organizations. There udience assembled to hear him deliver

man of the committee appointed by the national committee to notify Mr. Bryan. Address of George A. Groot. every person had the right in this country to have gold and silver coined into money free of charge and without limit as to On February 12, 1873, the congress depriv-

Since the passage of that law there has been an ever-increasing demand for its re-peal and the restoration to the people of he right that was taken from them by it. Regarding Free Coinage. The democratic and republican parties have over and over again declared in favor of the free coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, but those who were elected o office by those parties repudiated the platforms on which they were elected and

present administration, they joined their forces and repealed the only law that reged the coinage of units of money out of ties quietly submitted without protest to The great mass of the people have been ruined financially, and the misery and sufering consequent upon such contraction is

is the most belieus crime that a government could commit against the people. The very crime that he strongly characterizes, this

Little Rock, Ark., September 8 .- Chairman Armstrong, of the democratic state central committee, gave the Southern Associated Press correspondent the following

signed statement at noon: jority received by the democracy two years ago and that received four years mocracy advocating free coinage and the republicans the single gold standard. The opposition on the part of the republicans was more active than ever before. No disturbances of any kind occurred anywhere in the state as

far as reported.

tion, said:

jority would even approximate the figure but would have been perfectly satisfie had this year's majority reached 50,000, and would have felt that even that in-crease was indicative of the growing silver sentiment in the trans-Mississippi states.

lemocratic majority there will contribute

The democratic majority in the recent state election in Tennessee was more than 25,000 over that of two years ago. In Arkansas the same increase is shown, and, at the August election in Alabama the increased democratic majority was nearly 15.000. Here, in three states, we have an aggregate increase of about 65,000 over the vote of the same states two years ago-a

dle western states."

Sewall.

A sub-committee will report its finding September 22d, and the man declared the nominee will be elected. Both are for free silver. The bolt threatened the loss of

> Nashville, Tenn., September 8 .- (Special. The joint committee on finance, ways and means, composed of the regular commit-tee of both houses, decided tonight to meet n open session tomorrow morning and examine Treasurer Craig and Comptroller Harris as to the basis of their respective estimates as to the condition of the treasry, Mr. Craig predicting a deficit and Mr.

Beasley, who was shot by Chief Justice Snodgrass, of the supreme court, at Chat-

Last Seen by the Keeper in Water Thirty Feet Deep.

Story of His Tragic Fate.

Informed His Wife That He Would Be Out Rather Late and Absence Was Not Made Known Until Midnight-Searching Parties Organized.

prominent business men of Atlanta, was drowned in the lake at Lakewood last night. The next moment the weight fell and he | The circumstances surrounding the tragic

> About 7 o'clock the night watchman on his regular patrol along the shore of the lake noticed an empty boat in the water

before. Further inquiry at the bathhouse disclosed the fact that it was Deibridge

for the park later in the afternoon. He went straight to the bathhouse bent on He soon sent down to the boat landing suit, but soon returned. When he entered

bathhouse knew he was in the water, but suspected nothing. Just when he went to out a contest. The convention will make | the bottom of the lake is not known. The empty boat was discovered about 7:30 o'clock. Mr. Delbridge must have been in the water fully an hour and was probably supposition is that being overheated by rowing, he was attacked with a severe

ORDERED BACK TO MASSOWAH. About 6 o'clock he trok a car for Lakewood and arrived there thirty minutes later. He was recognized by several parties at When the watchman at the box

ging for the body was prosecuted.

almost prostrated by the shock.

BRYAN IS SAFE HOME

Nominee Is Greeted in Grand Style by the Nebraskans.

IS CHEERED BY THOUSANDS

Makes Two Great Speeches to Equally

Large Audiences.

HIS FRIENDS SHARE IN HIS SUCCESS

Flambeau Processions Parade in Celebration of the Return of the Lincoln Citizen.

Lincoln, Neb., September 8 .- The second home-coming of William Jennings Bryan since his nomination by the Chicago convention was made the occasion of an enthusiastic outburst on the part of his fellow townsmen that differed from his first reception here as a presidential candidate in that it was strictly partisan. It was 10:45 when Mr. Bryan's train reached the Burlington station. Several thousand people were waiting there and cheered the nominee as he stepped to the platform. It was a real western welcome that was accorded Mr. Bryan and he showed his appreciation in the beaming looks he gave the crowds in the station and along the

Governor Holcombe, James C. Dahlman chairman of the Nebraska state democratic central committee; John E. Cresswell, the Omaha capitalist; C. J. Smythe candidate for attorney general on the democratic and populistic fusion ticket, and a number of other prominent Bryan me joined Ur. Bryan at Omaha and at places along the route. At Ashland a large reception committee from Lincoln boarded th train. Among others in the party on its arrival here were George A. Groot, of Ohio, chairman of the notification committee of the national silver party, and A. R. Tal bot, Mr. Bryan's law partner, who is a candidate for the Nebraska senate on the republican ticket. They came through with the democratic nominee from Chicago. Escorted by two brass bands, the Bryan flambeau club, its members in white duck uniforms, white helmets, wearing silvered capes, and the local committee, Mr. Bryan was conveyed to his home on B street, near Seventeenth, through the principal streets. Lincoln had made a holiday of the occasion and the sidewalks were crowded with people who shouted as the nominee went by. A long line of carriages brought up the rear of the parade.

In Mr. Bryan's carriage were Governor Holcombe and Chairman Groot, of the silver notification committee.

A large crowd was assembled about Mr Bryan's residence on D street, but the nominee made his way through it quickly and went inside to greet his wife and children. A few minutes later he reappeared on the porch and said a few words in response to the applause from his audience.

"I believe the committee has arranged for a speech this afternoon," he said, "and a speech this evening, so I will have ample opportunity to talk to you. This :norning permit me to say that I appreclate this very cordial welcome home. You assembled, at least a few of you, when I left here to receive the notification in New York and I know from what you have said that you have followed the journey to New York and return, and I am delighted to have you express in this way your friendship.

Massmeeting in the Afternoon

In the afternoon a mass meeting was held in front of the state capital Luilding. A parade composed of Bryan flambeau clubs and free silver clubs, some in uniform and some in plain dress, and including floats bearing free silver devices and several hundred men on horseback from neighboring localities, formed at City Hall square and escorted Mr. Bryan to the state-

He rode with Mrs. Bryan, Lawrence Humphrey, chairman of the local reception committee, and George A. Groot, chairman of the national silver notification committee, in an open carriage gayly decorated and drawn by four white horses.

As the head of the procession neared the capitol grounds a salute was fired by a volunteer battery. The stand from which Mr Bryan spoke had been erected on the north front of the statehouse and was covered with bunting and the walls of the building

were also decorated. A large photograph of the democratic nominee above the platform was rivaled by many lithographs of McKinley and Hobart which some of the republican state office holders had placed in the windows of their offices. Among those who had seats on the stage were John A. Creighton, of Omaha; John A. Martin, of Missouri, who was sergeant-at-arms of the democratic national committee; Governor Holcomb, of Nebraska: Ignatius Donnelly, Chairman George "A. Groot and a number of the members of the silver party notification

committee. Five thousand people crowded together in the hot sun about the stand and cheered repeatedly as Mr. Bryan appeared. He was introduced by Mr. E. E. Brown, a former republican and president of the Columbia National bank, of Lincoln

Mr. Bryan's Afternoon Speech. Mr. Bryan said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen-I am only going to talk to you a little while. There are others here who are prepared to discuss the issues of the campaign in your presence and I am trying to do as little work as possible. I think I have been doing my share so far as time is concerned (Cries of 'You are right!'); but I want to avoid getting fired by resting before I get tired and therefore I am going to ask you to listen to me but a short time. It is now just about one month since I left Nebraska and turned eastward. It has been an interesting trip. I want to assure you that the sentiment in favor of the free coinage of silver is a growing sentiment. (Applause.) It far surpasses my expectations in the east and I found among those people the producers of wealth, the farmers and the laborers, who are joining with you to free themselves from the domination of those financial influences which have controlled

"You will find in the very shadow of Wall street as bitter hatred of the in-fluences from which you have suffered as you will find among the farmers of Nebraska. (Applause.) And all through the east I found farmers who had been republicans who were openly supporting the free coinage of silver and were asserting that they had as much right to attend to their business as the New York banker had to attend to his business. (Applause.)

Signalized by Earnestness. "Another thing I noticed, and that the intense earnestness that characterizes this campaign. I have not found a lukewarm man anywhere. They have been for us or against us. And they have been earnestly for us or against us. I am glad to see that, because, my friends, politics is a serious business when you confront such issues as confront the American people now. (Cries of "That's right.")

"We have had a financial system which has been injurious to the masses of the people; we have had a financial system which has brought great gain to those who have secured it, and untold loss to those who have suffered under it, and we are now confronted with a proposition that we must keep this system until foreign aid comes to our relief. (Applause and cries of "We will never do it.")

"My friends, we have a right as Ameri-

can citizens to discuss this great, overshadowing issue and determine each for himself what ought to be done. The republican platorm, without defending a gold standard, declares that it must be maintained until the leading nations of Uurope shall join in a substitution of a double standard. That s the platform and the candidate who stands upon it has emphasized that de-claration. As against the maintenance of a gold standard, either for one day or forever, the democratic party has declared for he immediate restoration of the money of the constitution. (Applause.) Not only the emocratic party, but the silver party and he populist party-both of these have joined with the democratic party in making this the paramount issue of the campaign. The republicans are trying to drag in other uestions, but, my friends, there can be no other question until we first determin to have their own policy and until we have lecided upon it. I do not know whether all of you fully realize the intensity of the struggle in which you are emaged. Our nents began the campaign by asserting hat the American people were not able to establish bimetallism, and when they found there was a revolt among the American people against such a policy they com enced a system of coercion and terrorizg, insisting that the masses of the peopl even have not the right to determine what kind of policy they want. (Applause.) This terrorism and coercion is manifested in two ways. In the first place the heads of many great corporations are undertaking to com pel their employes to support the gold standard. (Cries, of "That is so."

"Shame!") My friends, if the heads of those corporations assert the right to control the votes of those who work for them, then we have presented to the American people even a greater question than the si ver question. (Applause.) If a corporation has the right to control the vote of an em-ploye on one question it has the right to ontrol it on every other question. (Cries of "Right you are!") The se corporations were not constituted for any such purpose

row money from abroad unless we have a financial system that is satisfactory to the

people abroad. My friends, you let them

control your financial system and you will

never see a time when you can get out of the clutches of those who are dominating

your financial policy. (Great cheering.)

Talk about arraying one class against another. I want to ask you why it is that every democrat who is interested in a syndi-

cate or a trust or has a salary from a rail-

road corporation is arrayed against the democratic party? (Cheers.) Why is it? It

clared against the issue of bonds in time of

peace and the trafficking with syndicates ("That's right," came from the crowd.) It

s because the democratic party is opposed

to the trusts and the prices which the trusts have instituted. It is because the democratic party believes in the control and

the regulation and the restriction of all corporations, so that they will serve the

purpose for which they were allowed to

ith the trusts are flocking together in the

republican party, may we not appeal to all

the smaller business men who have felt the

iron heel of the trust and who have been driven out of business by its unlawful com-

Business Man Defined.

these great trusts (A cry of "Let them go!")

may we not appeal with confidence to the

support of the people who have been plun-

dered by these trusts and their attorneys,

who have received a part of the plunder

(Cheers and shouts of "Yes!") We are not

responsible for the arraying of one

class against another. The republican

that we ought to have a business adminis

ration, conducted by business men in be

hey call the farmers business men? (Cries

of "No! no!") Oh, no; simply producers of wealth. But if a man goes on the board of trade and MAKES MORE IN AN HOUR

BETTING ON THE PRICES OF WHEAT

YOU RAISE THAN YOU MAKE IN

YEAR, HE BECOMES A BUSINESS MAN.

These people who have attempted to array

a few of the people against the rest of the people and who have insisted that the af-fairs of this government should be put in

the hands of a few when we have com-

plained, what euphonious names they have

Names Applied to Democrats.

"They have been calling us disturbers

of the peace, and they have called us an-

archists, my friends. (Great cheering.) My

contempt which they have for the great

mass of people of this country. (Cries of

"They've been doing it for twenty-five years!") These names they call us simply prove that they are not willing to trust the destinies of this republic in the hands.

of the people who have created its wealth

in times of peace and who have fought its battles in times of war. (Applause.) "Show me these people who now call us anarchists, and I will show you a class of

ople who, if we had a war, would neve

go to the front; but they are the people who slander those who would fight the battles to save their own property." (Ap-

Mr. Bryan said that when he was called a disturber of the public peace, it was grat-

ifying to meet the toilers of his own city

who indorsed him as one they were will

ing to trust. He said he expected a major-

ity of this, Lancaster, county and a major-

ity of not less than 25,000 in Nebraska. He

York called attention to the fact that sen-timent was all on our side in this campaign, and one man said that a man couldn't write

a poem in favor of syndicates running the

"Do you know what rhymes with syndicate? It is 'hate,' and you cannot write

enough.") You know that I would hate

awfully to have the New York papers say

that I had driven an audience away in my own town." (Great cheering.)

Prolonged cheering followed the conclu

lowed by Mr. Grant, and the assemblage

For a Three Days' Session.

Stone Mountain, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—Stone Mountain Baptist Association

met here today. It will be in session for

sion of Mr. Bryan's speech

poem and you cannot sing a song in favor of the syndicates controlling the financial

business of this country. (Applause.)

hought even this majority was not large nough. Continuing, he said: "My friends, gentlemen down in New

lause and cheers.)

friends, these terms simply express the

alf of the business interests of the cou

"If we are to lose all the attorneys of

petition? (Great cheering.)

(Great cheering.) If those connected

is because the democratic party has de

hen they register their will at the ballot They are creatures of law. Has the law givbox in November next. The present condition of the people is the result of laws relating to money and bonds Our Present Government. which have been enacted by the republican Continuing, Mr. Bryan said: "My friends, and democratic parties under the direction and at the instance of the gold barons of do you think you are under a government this country and Europe. They have here-tofore controlled both of those parties. They now cominate and control the repubof the people? I want to ask you what you think will be the result if we get to be :

government by bankers? (Applause.) If can party.
The national silver party proposes to aswe could trust our affairs to a New York sist in destroying the gold trust, and we appeal to all those who are interested in humanity, who are interested in good government, who believe that men are more banker we might endure it for a time, but when you remember that the New York banker is under control of the London Important than property, who believe that the interests of those who create wealth are paramount to those who are merely consumers, to assist in this great strugbanker. I ask you to reflect before you submit the destinies of a free people to a few "We have been told that we cannot bor-

Nomination.

Continued from First Page.

rising, and there can be no general rise

combinations of capital and of labor, trusts

in general fall. Prices in general can only

fall when the quantity of money in circula

Gigantic Trust Formed.

ed the most gigantic trust that has ever

been formed among men to control and

regulate the volume of money in circula-tion in the interest of themselves alone

They have set about deliberately and pre

meditatedly to enslave the American pec ple, prostrate their industries, destroy their

tion and the people thereof. This trust must be broken, its power must be destroyed, and it will be destroyed by an outraged and long-suffering people

tunities and impoverish the na-and the people thereof. This

ion with respect to population decreases

That we shall succeed there can be no That we shall succeed there can be no question, because this is a fight in favor of the many against the few. It is a fight between the producers of wealth and aggregated capital. It is a fight between those who do the work of the world and those who live without work. It is a fight between democracy and plutocracy. In such a fight, in such a struggle, can there be any doubt as to the issue?

such a fight, in such a struggle, can there be any doubt as to the issue?

Men and women only have rights, and it is in defense of those rights that this contest is waged. That he who creates wealth should be the servant and slave to that which he creates is a doctrine that should not be telerated a moment—it should be stamped out. The time has arrived in the history of this country, at least, when the rights of individuals shall be paramount to all things else and they shall be amply and fully protected by law. The republicans insist that they are desir-The republicans insist that they are desir-ous of protecting American industries and ted products. As well attempt to raise ses in general or to stop failing prices thing is absolutely impossible.

Manufacture for the American people plenty of money, American money, not Brit'sh money, and they will protect themseives and their industries. There is no possible way of protecting

them, except by an enormous nerease in the quantity of money in circulation. If the people have no money they are power-less to protect themselves except by brute force.

The more money they have the more easily it will be for them to protect themselves against the aggressions of others. The trouble in this country is that money is too dear. It is so dear that the people are unable to buy it except by making great sacrifices for that purpose. The sacrifices made by the American people for the past twenty-three years for the purpose.

past twenty-three years for the purpose of sustaining the "gold standard" are beyond human comprehension.

Will Stake Off Britain. The people have resolved that they will make no more sacrifices for that purpose. They are about to reverse the conditions that exist in this country. They are going to shake off the human vampires who have fastened themselves upon this country and who for years have enriched themselves at the expense of the American Leople. They are going to cease to be slaves and they have resolved to be not only tree, but independent men.

The question before us in this campaign is not a question of taxation, but a question of money. Money is the regulate controller of prices and the motive power

of commerce and trade.

If there be much money everybody prospers except him who refuses to work. If there be little money everybody is injured except him who lives on that which others

pers except him who refuses to work. If there be little money everybody is injured except him who lives on that which others create.

Frices in general can only be regulated and controlled by regulating the volume of money in circulation, and he who asserts to the contrary either has no knowledge of the science and function of money or he is dishonest, to say the lenst.

The struggle among men in civilized continuities is to secure money in order that they may be able to swap it for things they do not create, and which they are in need of. There is a continuing and pressing demand for it upon all hands. The less there is of it in circulation the less the struggle will be to secure it.

It is asserted by "eminent financiers" that this country cannot adopt bimetallism without the consent of other nations. In other words we, as a people, are incompetent to manage our own financial affairs, and must call on other nations to assist us in that behalf. This we will never do, because to do it would be an admission of our incompetency.

If we, as a nation and a people, are unable to manage and control our finances in our own way and in our own interest without the interference of other nations and without their consent, then indeed, it may be said that we are not free, not independent. If this be so then we had better retire from business on our own account, close the doors of our national editice and rail thereon this notice:

"This nation has retired from business and has gone into liquidation because of the inner within. For further information induire at the office of the board of directors of the Bank of England.

The first national convention that ever declared in unequivocal language in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 was the convention of the people's party held in Omaha on July 4, 1894. From the adoption of the platform by that party to the present time the sentiment in favor of the free coinage of silver without regard to the accipance of the real of the conve

policy of this nation.
"Now, I must stop, or I will make a speech. (Cries of "Go on, we haven't half

1873.
They had lost confidence in the republican and democratic parties and would trust them no longer. Therefore, it was that in January last in the city of Washington a conference of leading citizens of this coun-

try from al' ranks of life was had for the purpose of creating a new party pledged to secure monetary reform. A cell was issued by that conference requesting all those who were in favor of maiting the money question the paramount issue in this campaign to meet in convention in St. Louis on the 22d day of July, 1896.

When the call was made it was televed that the people's party and the silver party would be able to agree upon a platform which would command the conference and respect of the people and would agree upon candidates for the office of president and thereby unite all persons in this country who were in favor of reform in our financial system. Bryan Officially Notified of His Second

in favor of reform in our intaining system.

In the meantime the democratic convention, which recently met in Chicago, adopted, through the efforts of the free silver people of the country and the sturdy and rugged patriots who constituted the majority of that convention, a platform which, so far as the money question is concerned, is acceptable to all persons who are in favor of the free coinage of silver.

The silver party in convention assembled adopted a platform which presents the issues involved in this campaign more clearly and definitely and cogently than any other platform that has been presented to the people. in prices unless the quantity of money in circulation increases. Financial distress, bankruptcles, strikes, and syndicates can only exist when there is a constantly falling market, when prices

on with respect to population decreases, he volume of money in circulation and cices go hand in hand. When the volume trinks, prices fall; when it increases, ices rise. It is the eternal fall of prices at pauperizes men, paralyzes industries de ruins nations, the national silver party was organized to the express number of securing an platform that has been presented to the people.

The platforms of these different parties and the discussions, public and private, that are now going on in this country upon the money question, the only one that is involved in this campaign, clearly indicate that the people are beginning to understand that question and that they propose this year to assert their political independence of all political organizations and political bosses and vote in their own interest and in the interest of good government, and stamp out the "British gold standard" in this country, root and branch. The national silver party was organized for the express purpose of securing an increase in the quantity of money by the free coinage of silver, so as to prevent, at least, any further fall in prices in general; and if through the efforts of that party this can be accomplished, it will have done a greater good to a greater number than any party that was ever organized since this nation was established, and it will have conferred upon mankind a greater blessing than was ever conferred before in the history of the world.

The reason, and the only reasou, why silver was excluded from the mints was to increase the purchasing power of money

To William Jennings Bryan. Hon. William Jennings Bryan-The ra silver was excluded from the mints was to increase the purchasing power of money made out of gold, thereby giving to the money owner and bondholder a greater command over the services of men and the products of the farm, mill and factory. We are now entering upon the greatest struggle for the emancipation of the people from industrial bondage, industrial slavery that was ever engaged in by men. If we succeed, as succeed we must, our country, our institutions and our civilization will be secure. But if we fail, our country will be despolled, our institutions will be despolled, our institutions will be despolled, our institutions will be despolled, for institutions will be despolled, our institutions will be despolled, our institutions will be despolled. tional silver convention, with a unanimity unexampled in the history of national conventions in this country, nominated you as the candidate of the national silver party or the distinguished office of president of the United States. You are now the candidate for the great office of president of three great political parties, of which the silver party is not the least.

The convention selected a committee to ormally notify you of its action and that committee conferred upon me the distin-guished honor of advising you of your omination as the candidate of the national sliver party for office of president of the United States. We are met, therefore, at this time and place for the purpose of performing the pleasant duty imposed tron is by the convention. I, therefore, in che-

forming the pleasant duty imposed upon us by the convention. I, therefore, in obedience to the wishes of the committee and of the convention, hereby formally notify you that you have been nominated by the national silver party as its candidate for president, and request that you accept that nomination in the same spirit in which it has been tendered you.

You are now the chosen commander of a grand army, composed of three grand divisions, which is now mobilizing for the purpose of fighting in behalf of humanity of November 3, 1896, the most important political battle of this or of any other age; a battle which is to determine whether this ration shall be a province of Great Eritain and be governed and coarrolled Eritain end be governed and coarrolled as test mation is, by the money barons of Europe, or whether it shall be, as the fa-thers intended it to be, a free and lade-

reprint whether it shall be, a free and inde-dend and sovereign nation, the people who constitute that grand-ing mople who constitute that grand-ing inspired as they are by the noblest timents of patriotism, under your lead-the, will, there can be no doubt, on the defeated allied hoss of plutce-ty.

Mr. Bryan Makes a Reply. It was 10:20 o'clock before Mr. Groot con

cluded and Mr. Bryan began. Among other things he said:

"Mr. Chairman, Chairman of the Notifiation Committee and Members of the Committee-I beg to reply at this time without the formality of a letter. The platform adopted by the silver convention contains but one plank, and that plank, the plank upon the money question, or upor the silver question, is identical in substance with the silver plank of the Chicago platform. As I have already discussed at length that plank, and it will not be necessary to enter into any extended discussion at this time, I beg to assure the commit-tee that I accept the nomination so gentee that I accept the nomination so gen erously tendered by them on behalf of th silver party in the spirit in which that nomination was tendered. I can appreciat the feeling which animated those who as sembled in that convention. I can appreci ate the hesitation in which those assembled there turned their backs upon the party with which they had been associated

."I know someting of the strength of parties and because I was in a position where I looked forward to a possibility of like action on my part I can appreciate the depths of a conviction that led them to place the interests of their country

"More than a year ago, when we were engaged in the struggle to bring the dem ocratic party to an indorsement of free pinage, the question was put to me whether, in case of failure, I would support the democratic nominee if he were nom nated on a gold standard platform. never believed that such action was prol able in the democratic party, but when those who questioned me were not content with probabilities, but asked again whether in the case of that event I would support the nominee, I said, as you will remember that under no circumstances would my vote be given to the man who would in the executive office use his influence t

can people. (Great cheering.) "My convictions upon this subject are not shallow convictions. I may be in error, my friends. None of us can claim infallibility. But we have experience of history to guide us and our judgment and our consciences, and I stand where the members of that silver convention stood. I would rather have the approval of my conscience than the applause of the entire earth. I may be in error, but I believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy against the human race. (Great cheering.) "I would no sooner join the ranks o

those whose purpose it is to fasten that upon the American people than to enlist in an army that was marching to attack my ome and kill my family. (Renewed cheer ing.) I can say, therefore, that I can appreciate the spirit which animated those who have just tendered me this second nomination, and I can therefore accept it in the spirit in which they present it. And I pledge them that if elected, they shall ever have cause for accusing me of being alse to that trust. (More cheering.)

Quotes Secretary Carlisle. "Place the control of the standard mone

of the world in the hands of a few great them, no matter what may overtake the est of mankind. I believe that John G. Carlisle did not exaggerate the truth when he said: "The consummation of this scheme means

all the wars, pestilences and famines that ever occurred in the history of the world. "Who does not stand appalled before misery like that. Among you who is willing to be party to a conspiracy that has for its object the consummation of that scheme? (A voice, "Nobody!") It is against the consummation of this scheme, eloquently and forcibly described, that the silver the consummation of this scheme, eloquently and forcibly described, that the silver republicans have arisen in protest. I respect the convictions which have led them. I thank you for the support which they have tendered, and all that I can promise is that I shall, to the best of my ability, endeavor to prove worthy of their confidence." (Applause.)

After Mr. Bryan concluded, Mr. Harrington, of the notification committee, notified him of 'Mr. Sewall's nomination, and the presidential candidate made a brief response, accepting in behalf of his running mate.

The Mexican National. Word comes from Mexico that Captain Raoul's read is doing splendidly. Among the new equipment recently added are some elegant Pulman sleepers, observation and dining cars. These are all of the very latest models and are wonders for comfort in traveling. Captair, John J. Grifflin re-ceived blue print diagrams of them res-terday. ceived blue print diagrams. It is only three terday.

By the Mexican National it is only three and a half days to the City of Mexico from New York. The route is the shortest one to the capital of the country. Captain Griffin. who represents the road in Atlanta, only the finest train the Aztec Queen.

THEY ARE TOGETHER

Republicans and Gold Standard Democrats

WILL VOTE THE SAME TICKET

Movement Now on Foot To Bring This

About

Republicans Say There Is No Difference in McKinley and Palmer's Platforms.

Montgomery, Ala., September 8 .- (Spe cial.)-The following editorial leader in The Huntsville Tribune, the only republican daily paper in Alabama, appears to illustrate well the d.rection the bolting democrats in this state are taking:

"There can no longer exist any doubt in the minds of the intelligent and patriotic republican that the wisest thing for the party to do is to withdraw its own elec oral ticket and support the national dem-ocratic electoral ticket in Alabama. The national democratic platform is close kin national democratic platform in one of the to the republican platform in one of the leading issues; indeed it is the same. The Tribune's suggestion is for the state campaign committee of the republican party to take prompt action in the matter. It is hardly respectable nonsense in the repubto take prompt action in the matter. It is hardly respectable nonsense in the republicans pushing their electoral ticket so far as helping McKinley is concerned. There is no chance to elect it. Certainly there is a chance to elect the national democratic ticket. If we can't elect an anti-Bryan ticket with them, we certainly could not elect one without them. We therefore play a game in which we have nothing to lose and all to win. Let the republicans do the voting and let the sound to lose and all to will. Let the reputational do the voting and let the sound money national democrats attend to the counting. The Tribune begs to say that it has interviewed nearly every leading republican in north Alabama and that so far it has never found a single man who dissented from the opinion as to adopting the national democratic electoral ticket. Let the party act. Why does the committee. Let the party act. Why does the commit-tee linger and hesitate until our people rience a horrible sense of restlessnes them do something in the premis do it promptly. There is no occasi

The Tribune also suggests: 'The fatal mistake Alabama republicans was in not nominating General Joe W. Burke for governor on a sound money platform. If this had been done and the oops had gone for Johnston there would have been a fine feeling existing between the republicans and sound money derats. But we our-Heroded Herod, dorsed an extreme silver man on a silver platform. Nothing could have more unnatural, more inconsistent, a ridiculous." Boltocratic Nominees for Congress.

A meeting of the state executive committee of the Palmer party of Alabama was held here today, Hon. Thomas H Clark, chairman, presiding. Reports were received from different sections of the state relative to the progress of the can paign. The selection of two electors at

arge was referred to the campaign com-nittee of five, which Chairman Clark was suthorized to appoint. September 26th was selected by the com-September 28th was selected by the committee as the day for holding the mass meetings in the different county sites to select delegates to the several congressional district conventions. It was left to the members of the state executive committee in each district to select a place and date for holding the district conventions. These regulations do not apply to the counties in the third and eighth districts, as the conventions in these districts of the counties in the third and eighth districts as the conventions in these districts.

the counties in the third and eighth districts, as the conventions in these districts have already been provided for.

The members of the committee from the fifth and seventh districts were present at the meeting here today, and after it adjourned they held their district meeting and selected Dadeville as the place for holding the convention in the fifth and Cuilman for that in the seventh.

or the depravities to which the young pris-oners are subjected are alarming and dis-tressing. A bill is being prepared and will be presented to the next legislature provid-ing for the establishment of such a reform-atory. It is stated that the bill contem-plates using the Mt. Vernon barracks, near Mobile.

New Buildings for the S. A. I. School, The board of control of the Southeast Alabama Industrial school has decided to build a new brick school building on the property recently donated to the school, and Mr. J. B. Ward, chairman of the board, states that as soon as the bids are in, the work will be commenced and pushed forward to completion as rap.dly as is practicable.

PEOPLE'S PARTY SEEKS FUNDS. Wants No Campaign Money from Corporations or Monopolies. Washington, September 8.—The following

address has been issued from headquarters

washington, bepender and readquarters of the national people's party:

"To Every American Patriot—The people's party, as its name implies, is the champion of the masses who labor and produce wealth. It was summoned into existence by an industrial conference that represented the producers of the nation. When it sprung into the political arena it was the only party demanding the enactment of laws for the suppression of monopolies and for the equal protection of all citizens against the encroachments of corporate power. It is now the only party in existence which with undivided membership is demanding equal rights to all and special privileges to none. To the efforts of this party is due the revolt of the masses of the democratic party which resulted in turning down the Cleveland administration and its British financial policy, and the nomination or William J. Bryan, on a and its British financial policy, and the nomination of William J. Bryan, on a platform demanding financial independence for the Unites States. The plutocratic elements that heretofore dominated demo tions are now vigorously resenting the action of the Chicago convention, which they consider an unwarranted interfer-ence on the part of the voters. They have

in Alabama

IN ORDER TO DEFEAT BRYAN AND SEWALL

Alabama Wants a State Reformatory The state press is agitating the questio a reformatory for youthful prisoners e practice now in vogue of putting th child prisoners in the mines, prisons and workyards with the older and more hardened lawbreakers is acknowledged to be almost inhuman. The stories that are told

The Sheriff Muddle in Butler. The Butler county sheriff muddle is in the ourts now. Sheriff-elect Shanks has petitioned Probate Judge Gaston, of Butler, for an order to Sheriff Bargaineer, requiring him to turn over the office. Mr. Bargainee. him to turn over the office. Mr. Bargaineer has sued out a rule of nisi before Judge Winter, of the city court of Montgomery county, directed to Judge Gaston and Mr. Shanks, restraining them from further proceedings against him. The rule is made returnable on the first day of the Butter carcuit court.

cratic conventions and dictated no they consider an unwarranted interference on the part of the voters. They have organized, and are now the open and aggressive allies of the gold republicans, and with their money and votes will do everything in their power to defeat the will of the people by the election of McKinley, the republican candidate, whose nomination was dictated by, and whose administration is mortgaged to, a combination of American and English monopolists and plutocrats. The mission of the people's party is to restore the government to the people. To this end it has nominated Mr. Bryan for president and Mr. Watson for vice president, which is not only the true co-operative ticket for the silver voters of all parties to unite upon, but which is also the best silver ticket in the field. Our friends must not abate one jot or title of their interest and efforts to advance the principles of the people's party simply because another party has been forced to adopt nearly all of our principles. It must be remembered that the control of the national democratic convention was obtained by the silver men of that party only through a bitter contest in each state—a contest, however, which was forced upon the party and its leaders by the existence and rapid growth of the people's party, each one of the old parties would this year have been running a goldbug for president, as they had in each campaign for

the last twenty years. The people's party has made its political revolution possible, and its continued existence and growth are necessary to secure the reforms for which the populists and silver democrats are alike contending in this campaign.

"It must also be remembered that there is now a considerable minority in the democratic party who, though supporting the action of the Chicago convention, do so from policy, and behind their present position is lurking many a doubt and mental reservation. That these doubts and mental reservations may yet re-enforce the bolting plutorats of the Indianapolis convention and render the action of the democratic party uncertain in the future are possibilities to be discounted, and the people's party is the only agency through which the people can do this. Therefore, it is the interest and duty of every good citizen who believes in a government as understood and administered by Jofferson, Jackson and Lincoin, to upbuild and strengthen this new organization which has made reform and relief possible in this campaign. To have a government of the people, the people must have a party that is true to them through which to govern. This they cannot have if the national committee of such party draws its campaign funds from bankers and corporationists. The national committee of a party exercises great influence in the selection of national officers, from president of the United States down to the viliage postmaster. A political party cannot in the nature of things remain true to any other source than the form president of the United States down to the viliage postmaster. A political party cambot in the nature of things remain true to any other source than that from which it receives its support. Whenever a national committee, through some secret and unseen agency, collects large sums of campaign funds, then it is sure that that party is morigaged to those who contribute such funds. In fact, such a party is sure to pass laws giving to the monopolists and trusts who furnish these campaign funds such special privileges as will enable them to levy tribute upon the people. When contributions to câmpaign funds come from such sources they do not come as a gift, but as an investment upon which they expect a return a hundred fold. If this were not so, the trusts and monopolies would not throw away their money in campaigns.

lies would not throw away their money in campaigns.

"Therefore, the people must contribute the necessary funds for some political party during the campaign in order to have that party to guard their interests after election. If the people's party is placed in power, it will serve the pepole; and to be left free to do this, your national committee cannot and will not accept contributions from the monopolists who seek special laws to enable them to prey upon the people, and is of the people, and must receive its support from the people direct in the form of small contributions from the individual voter. Such small contributions from the individual voter. Such small contributions from the individual voters of any political party, would for

the individual voter. Such small contributions from the individual voters of any political party would furnish an abundant campaign fund for all legitimate purposes and enable the party receiving it to successfully compete with the corrupt organization of bankers, corporationists and venal politicians.

zation of bankers, corporationists and vena politicians.

"Therefore, in behalf of the people of the United States who produce wealth and pay taxes, the people's party national commit tee appeals to all who are able and willing taxes, the people's party national committee appeals to all who are able and willing
to do so to contribute the sum of \$1\$ to our
national campaign fund. A prompt response is urgently requested to enable us
to prosecute a vigorous campaign in defense of our homes and liberties that are
menaced by a combined plutocracy—the
Rothschild-Morgan-Hanna-McKinley combination fighting us in front, and the Rothschild-Morgan-Cieveland-Palmer combination fighting us in the rear. Four years
more of gold standard and monoroly rule,
with falling prices and shrinking values,
and thousands of mortgaged homes fill be
lost, and thousands more of our laborers
will be out of employment. Plutocracy is
desperate, and is determined to have a
president and congress of its own that
will increase and use the army to suppress
bread riots while gold grows dear and human life grows cheap.

"Your national committee is doing the
best it can against rich and powerful combinations. For us ty stand any hope of
winning you must uphold us. If we could

best it can against rich and powerful combinations. For us to stand any hope of winning you must uphold us. If we could have but one cent for every \$10 used by the enemy, we could carry on a vigorous campaign that would mean their defeat. "This is your fight. It is our fight. Hold up our hands, and we will do our duty in the terrible struggle. Don't wait for somebody else to move. What is everybody's business is nobody's business. Make this your business. At once see several of our neighbors; try to get each one to contribute at least \$1. If some cannot do this, then get each one to give as much as he tribute at least \$1. It some cannot do this, then get each one to give as much as he can. In short, take up a subscription in your community at once and forward the amount with the names of the contributors to Hon. M. C. Rankin, Terre Haute, Ind.. our national treasurer. Also, at the same time, notify your national chairman at Washington, D. C., of the amount thus forwarded.

Washington, D. C., of the forwarded."

"There is no time to lose. It is now only eight weeks until the battle will be won or lost. Be the first in your community to forward a subscription. We must win this fight. Let each do his duty, and vicfory awaits us.
"J. A. EDGERTON, Secretary.
"MARION BUTLER, Chairman National
People's Party Committee."

BALTIMORE WINS TWO MORE.

Baltimore. 1 0 0 3 1 0 0 5 *-10 27 0 Coulsville. 0 4 0 4 0 0 0 0 1 - 9 14 1 Batteries-McMahon and Robinson; Fra-Batteries—Corbett and Robinson; Hill and and Murphy. Second Game— At New York-and Merritt

BOOKMAKERS LOST MONEY.

Five of the Six Favorites Won at St. Louis. St. Louis, Mo., September 8.-The book-makers went home empty-handed today, as five of the six favorites won. Track fast

as five of the six favorites won. Track fast and attendance large.

First race, seven furlongs—High Test, 104, Rowe, 3 to 2, won; Hush second, Kin Michael third. Time 1:29.

Second race, seven furlongs—Pelleas, 99, T. Murphy, 9 to 5, won; Ferris Hartman second, Joe Hart third. Time 1:29.

Third race, six furlongs—Remember Me, 87, C. Combs, 13 to 1, won; Ben Amela second, Milford third. Time 1:15½.

Fourth race, five furlongs—Sweet Favordale, 26, E. Jones, 13 to 10, won; Amelia May second, Leader Ban third. Time 1:04½.

Fifth race, five furlongs—Fig Leaf, 103, E. Jones, 4 to 5, won; Blitzen's Sister second, Juanita third. Time 1:29¼.

Sixth race, one mile—Kamsin, 106, McHugh, 3 to 5, won; Couronne d'Or second, Mamle G third. Time 1:24½.

Races at Detroit.

Races at Detroit. Detroit, Mich., September 8.-Lady Callahan was the only winning favorite at Windsor today.

decond race, five furlongs—Lady Callahan John Conroy second, Brown Girld d. Time 1:03%. rd race, one mile—Duchess won, Pete third. Time 1:03½.

Tird race, one mile—Duchess won, Pete Kitchen second, Sauteur third. Time 1:45½.

Fourth race, five and a half furlongs—John Sullivan won, Alternara second, John Carr third. Time 1:09½.

Fifth race, five and a half furlongs—Bona Schoenfield won, Bill Ellison second, Rapalatchie third. Time 1:09½.

Five Events at Newport.

Newport, Ky., September 8.—Flexible, in the second races was the good thing today, being backed down from 10 to 1 to 2 to 1. being backed down from 10 to 1 to 2 to 1. She won easily.
First race, seven furlongs—Old Centre, 107. Perkins, 7 to 2, won; Constance, second; Chatterbox, third. Time, 1:28%.
Second race, four and a half furlongs—Flexible, 105, J. Gardner, 2 to 1, won; Quin Wing, second; Oversight, third. Time, 0:56. Wing, second; Oversight, thard. Time, 0:56.
Third race, nine furlongs—Ramona, 106, Britton, 3 to 5. won; Argentina II, second; Joe Clark, third. Time, 1:54½.
Fourth race, six and a half furlongs—Nance, 108, Perkins, 4 to 5. won; The Merchant, second; Prince Henry, third. Time, 1:22.

Fifth race, five furlongs—Connie Lee, 107,

Help

worked and burdened with care, debilitated and run down because of poor, this and impoverished blood. Help is needed by the nervous sufferer, the men and women tortured with rheumatism, neu-ralgia, dyspepsia, scrofula, catarrh. Help

Comes Quickly

When Hood's Sarsaparilla begins to enrich, purify and vitalize the blood, and sends it in a healing, nourishing, invigorating stream to the nerves, muscles and organs of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilis builds up the weak and broken down system, and cures all blood diseases, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Hood's Pills are the only pills to take

La PALOMA CUBANA CIGAR FACTORY

LLORENS. PACETTI & CO., Proprietors

THE ONLY CENUINE CUBAN CIGAR FACTORY IN ATLANTA IMPORTERS OF HAVANA LEAF. We have bought sufficient Havana leaf to

enable us to work for several years. The peo-ple of Atlanta are cordially invited to visit our factory and see for themselves just what we are doing. You can find OUR BRANDS_

In all the leading cigar stands in the city. We solicit a trial. Our cigars are guaranteed to be CUBAN HAND-MADE

→AND OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY

Office and Factory-81/2 W. Alabama Street, aug30-1m "John Ashton" by Judge

Capers Dickinson, a story of the late war. Handsomely printed and bound by The Foote & Davis Co. sep 2 1-m wed fri sun

F. Russell, 10 to 1, won; Cherry Leaf, second; Rheinstrom, third. Time, 1:02. Today's Entries at Gravesend First race, five-eighths of a mile-Satt-anas 1tl, El Delcado 1tl, Purse Proud Itl, Arabian 1tl, Kebo 1tl, Trianion 108, Miss Lillian 108, Red Spider 108, The Stock Broker 108, Chatterfeet 108, Howell 108, Second race, five-eighths of a mile-Lesh

Broker 108, Chatterfeet 108, Howell 108, Second race, five-eighths of a mile-Lock Glyn III, Mr. Waverly III, Rockfeller III, Sir Frederick III, Chum III, Blue Devil III, Teacaddy III, Rosebon 108, Black Velvat 108, Lineage 108.

Third race, one mile-Ben Eder 107, Salvable 106, Volley 106, Brisk 102, Amanda V 29, Dorothy 99.

Fourth race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile-The Manxman 127, Draught 115, Flying Squadron 115, Bannock 110, Swamp Angel 107, Iroquise 107, Euphemia L 107, Zarada 107, Clymena 107, Ben Ronald 107, Altonwood 100, Billall 100.

Fifth race, one mile, handicap-Ferier 124, Keenan 122, Rubicon 111, Lake Shore 124, Keenan 122, Rubicon 111, Lake Shore 109, Damien 106, Halffing 103, Declare 7, Gold Crest 97.

Sixth race, three-quarters of a mile-terry Rocch 114 Macian 114 The Swam 18.

Gold Crest 97.

Sixth race, three-quarters of a mileHarry Reed 114, Macian 114, The Swain 18,
Sun Up 102, Runaway 102, Jack of Spades
102, Lady Diamond 99, Brisk 96, Zanone 8,
Seventh race, one and three-quarter
illes handlean over six hurdles-Red

Doncaster Meeting. London, September 8.—The Doncaster September meeting was opened today with the race for the Fitzwilliams stakes, all ages, selling, three-quarters of a mile. The race was won by Mr. J. Bibby's Chin-Chin, five years old. Captain Machell's Encounter, second, and Mr. L. Brassey's Pardalo, third. Mr. Enoch Wishard's American filly Dam-

second, and Mr. L. Brassey a target second, and Mr. E. Brassey a target part of two-year-olds, five furlongs and 132 yards, Lord Rosebery's bay colt Velasquez best Mr. Lorillard's chestnut colt Eerzak. The betting was 11 to 1 on Velasquez.

The Clumber plate, five furlongs and 131 yards, all ages non-winners above £300, was won by P. Lorillard's brown cold Sandia. Itwo years old. Lord Wolverton's bay colt Ugly, four years old, second, and Mr. E. Wishard's brown gelding Mack Briggs, three years old, third.

The great Yorkshire handicap plate of £1,300, for three-year-olds and upward, old St. Leger course, one mile, six furlongs and 132 yards, was won by Lord Durham's bay filly Dryp, three years old. William G. Singers chestnut colt Telescope was second and Mr. A. F. Calvert's chit Chatthird.

Rome's Bicycle Races.

Rome's Bicycle Races. Rome's Bicycle Maces.

Rome, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—Arrangements have been completed for the big bicycle meet at the exposition grounds tomorrow. Three gold medals worth \$100 each have been offered by the management as prizes, and a list of about twenty other prizes, aggregating over \$100, has ment as prizes, and a list of about twenty other prizes, aggregating over \$100, has been added by the merchants and manufacturers of Rome and the bicycle companies. There are seven entries from Atlanta seven from Chattanooga and a number from Griffin, Dalton, Americus and Cedartown. Preparations have been made for labig crowd and the coming event has caused

Columbus Military Return Home. Columbus, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)

The members of the local military com-The members of the local military companies who went over to Macon yesterday morning and attended the ball game between the Macon Volunteers and the joint team from the Columbus Guards and Brown Fneibles, have returned home. Most of them arrived at a late hour last night, but a few stayed over until teday, when they returned home. The soldier boys and their friends are enthusiastic over the very hospitable manner in which they were entertained by the people of Macod. In the ball game the Columbusites won by a score of 11 to 4, thus avenging the inforious defeat of the Guards by the Volunteers on the Wildwood diamond a few weeks ago.

Assignment at Chattanooga. Chattanooga, Tenn., September 8.—(Sectial.)—J. H. Jones, general grocer, made as assignment today for the benefit of creditors. The liabilities are placed at 35.98. It is believed the assets will pay dollar for dellar.

Ernest Borroughs. Pickens, S. C. September 8.—(Special)— Ernest Borroughs lied this morning of in-flammatory rheumatism, age sixten year. He was a brother of Mrs. Seaborn, who was burled yesterday. This makes six deaths in the family, two occurring each time.

ried yesterday. This make the family, two occurring e Captain James A. Clark. Captain James A. Clark
Elberton, Ga., September 8.—(Special)
Captain James A. Clark died at his homear Elberton Sunday and was buried yetterday. He was about eighty years old and was one of Elbert's most respected citizent. He left an only daughter, Mrs. Mary Barkshale, to mourn his death. 'Squire Clark, as he was familiarly known, was an old landmark and was identified with the early history of Elberton.

Khalifa Abdullah Still Lives. London, September 8.—Advices that have reached here from the Soudan show the report of the death of Khalifa Addilah, the leader of Mahdists, was untrue. NAMED

For Which They take the

BIDS OP For Improve Georgia Co

Savannah, Bids for contin the harbors 1 wick and Fernance of C States corps of of this statio been sent to th est bidder on extended jetty for vessels in seven-foot char Beaufort, was

Company, which jetties in the Sa out dredging, Mr. Rittenho lowest bidder o other bids 1 than \$100,000 ab ford Ross, wh done, is \$75,000. dredging work Brunswick, t largest plum ing Company jettles at sound-its bd Other bids rai this amount nishing of 200, 50,000 tons of second class third class fourth class undoubtedly able Bros. have been that the con

HIS BODY Remains of

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Talbotton. John B. Gorn San Luis Pote The Constitu in Talbotton of the late county. Aite in 1858 he er lege, Virginia entered the ington, D. C. same class w Wilson, Hon. T. Pollard an Returning with the Son Virginia arm

gaged mostly has been ex culture up engaged in which he ac In 1872 he writing an travels. In trip. In 1884 work entitle This chart one of the b than ephem sale. In 1894 him United Mexico, wh represente l government his death Mexico City

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married. Talbotton. Ass Washingt partment in from Dept Nuevo Lar lenberg, at Gorman, tion is give Gorman, has been has prove Recently. American at the risk

> ONE D Breaking

Trenton and Dr. F. R. Denkin should b democrated ly they sell in the co twenty. yesterday strength of that Hon. Dr. Davis

HOLIN

the great Spring is a The crowds

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ened with care, debilin because of poor, thin d blood. Help is needed sufferer, the men and with rheumatism, neu-, scrofula, catarrh. Help

s Quickly rsaparilla begins to envitalize the blood, and ling, nourishing, invigo the nerves, muscles and ody. Hood's Sarsaparilla eak and broken down sys-all blood diseases, because

ods aparilla

Is with Hood's Sarsaparille

BANA CIGAR FACTORY TTI & CO., Proprietors.

Y CENUINE FACTORY IN ATLANTA OF HAVANA LEAF.

ufficient Havana leaf to r several years. The peothemselves just what we find .

BRANDS____ gar stands in the city. We igars are guaranteed to be

ADE TOTAL O OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY St. W. Alabama Street.

iton" by Judge kinson, a story war. Handited and bound te & Davis Co.

won; Cherry Leaf. secies at Gravesend. eighths of a mile—Sath-do III, Purse Proud III, III, Trianion 108, Miss Spider 108, The Stock feet 108, Howell 108, eighths of a mile—Loch terly III, Rockfeller III, Lum III, Blue Devil III, ebon 108, Black Velvet

e-quarters of a mile-cian 114. The Swain 107, av 102, Jack of Spades 90, Erisk 96, Zanene 30. the and three-quarter er six hurdles-Red 11. McKee 146, Winshlp archan 141, St. Jacobs

er Meeting. 8.—The Doncaster Sep-opened today with the stakes, all ages, of a mile. The race bby's Chin-Chin, five Machell's Encounter, rassey's Pardalo, third. s American filly Dam-

Champagne stakes for urlongs and 152 yards, colt Velasquez beat nut colt Berzak. The Velasquez.
five furlongs and 152
five furlongs and 153
mers above £200, was
brown cold Sandia.
Wolverton's bay colt
second, and Mr. E.
lding Mack Briggs.

re handicap plate of olds and upward, old mile, six furlongs and y Lord Durham's bay urs old. William G. Telescope was sec-Calvert's Chit Chat

cycle Races. ther 8.—(Special.)—Aren completed for the exposition grounds de medals worth \$100. red by the manage-list of about twenty a list of about twenty gating over \$100, has erchants and manufac-the bicycle companies, entries from Atlanta, nooga and a number Americus and Cedar-have been made for a ming event has caused

ry Return Home. ber 8 .- (Special.)local military com-to Macon yesterday d the ball game bed the ball game beunteers and the joint
ambus Guards and
ve returned home.
I at a late hour last
yed over until today,
home. The soldier
are enthusiastic over
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the people of Macon.
Columbusites won by
is avenging the inglojuards by the Volunjoint diamond a few

Chattanooga September 8.—(Speteral grocer, made an the benefit of credre placed at \$3,500. It will pay dollar for

rroughs.

ember 8.—(Special.)—
this morning of inn, age sixteen yearsrs. Seaborn, who was
s makes six deaths
rring each time. 4. Clark. mber 8.—(Special.)—
rk died at his home
and was buried yeseighty years old and
st respected citizens.
r, Mrs. Mary Barksh. 'Squire Clark, as
n, was an old landwith the early his-

Still Lives. Advices that he Soudan show the of Khalifa Abders, was untrue.

For Which They Were Willing To Under- Kennedy Found Both Guilty and Not Detention of the Dauntless Is the Subject New Traffic Manager Appointed To Take

BIDS OPENED YESTERDAY HE IS TECHNICALLY INSANE NO SPECIFIC CHARGE IS MADE C. M. WARD IN MORRIS'S PLACE

For Improvement of Harbors on the Georgia Coast-What the Work Includes.

mannah. Ga., September 8.-Special.)-Bids for continuing the improvements in the harbors at Savannah, Darien, Brunsand Fernandina were opened today in office of Captain O. M. Carter, United states corps of engineers, who is in charge of this station, and recommendations hee been sent to the war department. The lowest bidder on the work of constructing an extended jetty to provide a safe anchorage for vessels in Tybee roads and making a seven-foot channel between Savannah and Beaufort, was the Atlantic Contracting Company, which has built all of the present jettles in the Savannah river. Its bid, with-

out dredging, was \$835,000. Mr. Rittenhouse Moore, of Mobile, was the lowest bidder on the dredging at \$65,000. The other bids ranged, some of them, more than \$100,000 above these. The bid of Sanford Ross, who has done all the dredging done, is \$75,000.

Mr. Ross was the lowest bidder on the dredging work in the harbors at Darien and Brunswick, the amount being \$31,300, but the largest plum falls to the Atlantic Contracting Company-the work of constructing the jettles at the entrance of Cumberland sound-its bid, the lowest, being \$2,141,250, Other bids ranged from \$8,000 to \$10,000 above this amount. This work includes the furnishing of 200,000 square yards of mattresses. 50,000 tons of first-class stone, 75,000 tons of second class stone, 100,000 cubic yards of third class stone and 250,000 cubic yards of fourth class stone. Much of the stone will ndoubtedly come from the quarries of Venable Bros., at Stone Mountain, as they have been here making arrangements to that end. Captain Carter will recommend that the contracts be awarded the lowest about three million dollars' worth of work in the harbor here. Mr. Ross, who has the dredges here, will pull up stakes and move.

HIS BODY WILL REST IN GEORGIA Remains of Hon. John B. Gorman Will Be Brought Home.

Talbotton, Ga., September 8.-(Special.)-John B. Gorman, whose death yesterday at San Luis Potosi, Mexico, was announced in The Constitution yesterday, was born in Talbotton, Ga., in 1839. He was a son of the late Dr. John B. Gorman, of this gave up a trunk which he had concealed county. After attending the local schools and which contained a suit of clothes and in 1858 he entered Emory and Henry college, Virginia, taking high stand in his classes. He went from there in 1859 and entered the Columbian university, Washington, D. C., and graduated in 1860 in the same class with Postmaster General W. L. Wilson, Hon. John T. Clampitt, Dr. John from a distance, applied for the pos

Returning home he volunteered in 1861 with the Southern Rifles, Fourth Georgia regiment, and did honorable service in the church here has succeeded in raising over Virginia army. Succeeding the war, he en- 31,600 toward a pipe organ fund to be apgaged mostly in agricultural pursuits and has been extensively identified with agrihas been extensively identified with agriamount was subscribed by members at the culture up to a few years ago. He also engaged in the newspaper business, in which he achieved reputation and success. In 1872 he made his first trip to Europe, writing an interesting series of letters of | Citizen of Gate City, Aia., Accidentally travels. In 1878 he made another European trip. In 1884 he made his trip around the world, recording his observations in a

work entitled "Around the World in 1884." | City last night, which caused the death of J. G. Morgan, a school teacher sixty-five one of the best of its class, possessing more than ephemeral value. It had extensive sale. In 1894 President Cleveland appointed him United States consul to Matamoras, train began backing down the Y near the Mexico, where he has most creditably Gate City depot. In some manner he fell represented the consular interests of the government. About two months prior to his death on leave of absence he visited Mexico City and the country to the west. He was returning to his post when stricken

down at San Luis Potosi.
It may be truly claimed that this man was one of nature's noblemen. He was highly endowed. A rare conversationist, a true friend, genial and warm-hearted gifted with many generous impulses and charming graces of character. He possessed the magnetism of true nobility and won friends because he deserved them. He was a zealous supporter of missions, charitable, trustful and kindly. He thought evil of no one. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and contributed liberally to its interprises. He was never married. His remains will be interred in

Associated Press Report.

Washington, September 8.—The state de-partment received telegrams this morning from Deputy Consul® General Vallas, at Nuevo Laredo, and from Vice Consul Bielenberg, at Matamoras, Mexico, announcing the death of the American consul, John B. Gorman, at the latter place. No information is given as to the cause of death. Mr. Gorman, who was appointed from Georgia, has been at his post for two years and has proved an exceptionally fine officer. Recently he saved the crew of a small American vessel that was overturned by a cyclone outside the harbor of Matamoras at the risk of his own life. The state department telegraphed Vice Consul Bielenberg to prepare the remains for shipment

ONE DEMOCRAT WITHDREW.

Breaking of the Triangular Race in

Dade County.
Trenton, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)— There is a triangular race for the legislature in Dade—Hon. George W. Cureton and Dr. K. D. Davis, democrats, and Dr. S. R. Denkins, populist. Dr. Davis and Mr. Cureton decided that only one democrat ought to run; that the strength of democracy should be concentrated, thereby making democratic experies doubly sure. Accordingdemocratic success doubly sure. Accordingly they selected one man from each district the county, making a committee of enty. The committee met at Trenton and after investigating the yesterday. strength of the two candidates determined that Hon. G. W. Cureton was the stronger. Dr. Davis immediately withdrew from the

HOLINESS PEOPLE IN CAMP.

Female Evangelist Preaches to Them

at Indian Spring.

Flovilla, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—
the great holiness camp meeting at Indian Spring is gradually drawing to a close. The rallying of the forces on Sunday was great. The crowds were simply immense and t The crowds were simply immense and with all the bustle of crowds there was not a single accident and the order was almost perfect. While the immense stand was filled to suffocating, the words of the preachers could be heard at the remotest part of the tent, so perfect was the attention. The evangelist, Mrs. Mary Snell, of Columbia, Miss., is a great worker and is doing good.

Guilty by the Jury.

Must Go to the State Asylum for a Few Days, but Will Be Released Immediately,

Montgomery, Ala., September 8 .- (Special.)-At 10:30 tonight the jury brought in this unique and apparently contradictory verdict:

"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty as charged, but insane at the time he committed the crime."

The effect of the verdict is to absolve Kennedy of the charge of murdering Percy Wood, but to commit him to the state insane asylum for insanity until he has been adjudged insane by a competent board of examiners.

As there is, perhaps, not a man in the state today of sounder mind than Mr. Kennedy, his discharge from the asylum will follow his incarceration there in about an

The explanation given for the peculiar wording of the verdict is that the defense made two answers to the indictment of murder-"not guilty" and "not guilty by

reason of insanity." The first answer, the jury insisted, was not sustained by the evidence; the second

in their opinion was. Mr. Kennedy will be taken to Tuskaloosa to the asylum tomorrow. Some of his attorneys will accompany him and will probably procure his final release before by Spain to warrant the Dauntless's de-The case went to the jury at 8 o'clock

tonight. General Pettus consumed most of the morning hours in an exceedingly able and exhaustive discussion of the case for the defense. Solicitor Lomax closed for the state. Judge Winter charged the jury at considerable length as to their duty and as to the law in the case.

BURGLARY NEAR EUFAULA. Store Entered and Money Drawer

Robber-Other News Items. Eufaula, Ala., September 8.-(Special.)-Thieves broke into the store of Mr. G. W. Worthy, at Hatcher's station, ten miles distant in Georgia, last night and rifled the cash drawer of its contents-about \$25. Mr. Worthy's brother was in the city this mornnig and had a negro arrested on suspicion who afterwards proved to be the right man. Four dollars and a half was found on his person, when he confessed and some other goods purchased with the stolen

tion. Five or six men, some of whom were and the candidates all had to undergo a rigid examination, but Mr. Alex McKay; of this city, won easily on the first ballot.

The Baptist denomination of the First

morning services Sunday FELL FROM A DUMMY TRAIN.

Killed. Birmingham, Ala., September 8 .- (Special.) A distressing accident occurred at Gate years of age. Mr. Morgan had been in the city and was on the Gate City dummy train en route home. He was standing on the rear end of the rear coach when the off and before the train could be stopped the wheels had crushed him. His right leg crushed. Death ensued thirty minutes later. Morgan had been in Gate City for some time and had a very good little paying

ALABAMA IRON FURNACES Getting Ready To Do a Large Business This Fall.

Birmingham, Ala., September 8.—(Special.)—The furnaces in the Birmingham district show a good state of work, consider-ing trade conditions, and this is especially the case when comparison is made with the northern furnaces in the same respect. It is stated that the Sloss Iron and Steel Company are considering the early reoption of work at their No. 2 furnace at North Birmingham, which has been idle for several months. The furnace has undergone some repairs and is now in a

fix to do good work. The Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company is preparing to blow out Alice furnace in this city for repairs, but will at the same time blow in another furnace at Bessemer, so that the number of furnaces in blast in the district will not be

decreased.

The Woodward Iron Company have blown out one of their furnaces at Woodward, Ala., but the other is still in blast, it was stated yesterday.

The prospects for the immediate future,

therefore, are certainly the same num-ber, if not more, furnaces in blast. The demand for iron is stiffening and the market is getting stronger. The furnaces will in all probability have a good market for their output in a short while.

ALABAMA WANTS AN EXHIBIT At the Tennessee Centennial-Call of President McKee.

Birmingham, Ala., September 8.—(Special.)
Alabama will most likely be represented at Tennessee's Centennial, which will take place next year at Nashville. The following cell has been seen as the content of the conten ing call has been issued by H. L. McKee, president of the State Commercial Associa-

tion:
 "To the Commercial Bodies of Alabama: Responding to the request from a number of the commercial associations of the state for a meeting of the state association to consider the matter of representation at the Nashville Centennial, I hereby call a meeting to be held in the city of Birmingham on the 7th of October next, under the auspices of the Birmingham Club. Not only are those who have heretofore been associated with the state association in any way, but all commercial and industrial associations, are requested to send a representa-

GATHERING AT GADSDEN. Delegates of the Seventh Alabama Dis-

trict Reporting.

Gadsden, Ala., September 8.—(Special.)— Delegates to the seventh district conven-tion have been coming in all day and street corner and hotel lobby caucuses are com-

mon sights.
J. G. Winston and W. H. Denson are the favorites, but there are several dark horses and no man can tell what a day will bring forth. Colonel Denson has been in town several days looking over the field.

of Much Comment.

Uncle Sam-Some Speedy Action May Be Taken.

Brunswick, Ga., September 8.-(Special.) Another day has passed without the Dauntless being released and the impatience of the public and her representatives for more information regarding the action to be taken by the government is growing.

It has been stated from a direct source that public opinion regarding the Daunt less's detention is correct. This opinion as expressed by a prominent attorney is that the Dauntless is being detained until the Spanish government can get witnesses here. These witnesses are supposed to be now in a foreign country and the federal government, in its desire to preserve the onditions embodied in the neutrality laws. is holding the vessel at Spain's request. It is also stated that it is believed the court of inquiry held on the Dauntless developed no facts sufficient to warrant the Dauntless's detention.

Sympathizers with Cuba and citizens generally take the stand that to hold the Dauntless at Spain's dictation is wrong; that it is depriving American citizens of the right to use their property, at a large financial loss to themselves. It is claimed that specific charges should be preferred tention, or else she should be released.

It is said that Spain is satisfied with the Dauntless's detention, under the present circumstances, and will not prefer charges as long as she feels not compelled to. Tonight it is reported that Judge Whitfield, of counsel for Spain, is in Savannah for the purpose of issuing an attachment for the Dauntless.

It is argued that if this is not done, or some other specific action taken by Spain, the United States government will not hold the Dauntless for her much longer. The Dauntless's representatives express themrights of her owners and look to this gov-ernment for relief by its compelling Spain er year. There is some talk of trying to to preter charges and let matters come to elect six aldermen in December who a head. As it is now, they claim they are deprived of the rights and liberties acsale of liquor, and if need be, increase the license. Until this year the annual whisky corded American citizens at the dictation of a foreign government. It is very probable that suit for damages

will be instituted against Collector Lamb
for the detention of the Dauntless, her
représentatives having filed a protest,
basing their action on the allegation that
no law has been violated by the Dauntless. no law has been violated by the Dauntless or her crew; no charges have been preferred against them and no warrants issued for their arrest.

To these statements Collector Lamb replies that he feels no uneasiness, as he is acting under direct instructions from Washington. If such proceedings are filed against him he will doubtless show his authority and the case will then have to be against the government, which will take sich action in regard to it as is deemed

HOWARD IN PUTNAM COUNTY. Addressed a Large Crowd at Eatonton

Yesterday. Eatonton, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)-Hon. William M. Howard arrived in the city yesterday afternoon. At 11 o'clock this morning the courthouse was well filled with a representative audience.

Mr. Howard was introduced by Mr. W F. Jenkins, Jr. He referred to him as man and a gentleman, a distinguished lawyer and solicitor and as our future con-When Mr. Howard stepped forward he was greeted with a hearty applause. He

expressed his pleasure at meeting the citiens of Putnam, this being his first visit here, and paid a beautiful tribute to the reputation which Putnam bears and always has borne. He discussed in a logical and masterly manner the financial issues and for two hours held a crowded audience spellbound. His arguments were able and convincing and he handled the paramount democratic issues with marked ability. This was Mr. Howard's first visit to Eatonton and he made a most decided impression, which was in evidence from the very beginning of his speech. His views as expressed this morning will do much consolidate democrats in the county nd cause Putnam to send up her usual majority in the coming election. Mr. Howard leaves here tomorrow to fill

an engagement at Madison, Ga. PRANTLEY SPEAKS AT DUBLIN Discussed State and National Issues to

a Large Audience. Dublin, Ga., September 8.-(Special.)-The irthouse was packed yesterday morning by both democrats and populists who had come to hear Hon. W. G. Brantley speak on the issues of the day. A number of

ladies were also present.

Colonel P. L. Wade, chairman of the democratic executive committee, intro duced the speaker. Mr. Brantley began by saying he was joined by strong ties to th ounty of Laurens; loved its people and yould forever cherish memories of the birthplace of his father.

He then discussed the political situation

entering freely into state and national affairs. He showed that the democrati platform on both issues was in the interes of the people and that under no other cor dition could there be peace and prosperity His reference to state politics was direct He paid a glowing tribute to Governor At n's fearless administration, saying that as a public servant the governor had filled every requirement pertaining to his official business without stain or blemish. His speech was powerful in argument and

eloquent in delivery.

Captain Ben Milliken, the populist nom nee for congress in the same district, who was in the audience, was asked to divide the time with Mr. Brantley, but positively

GRAND RALLY AT CEDARTOWN Addresses Made by Governor Atkinson

and Judge Maddox. Cedartown, Ga., September 8.—(Special.) The democracy of Polk county today held magnificent rally at the courthouse to hear Governor Alkinson speak. The court-room was overrun and men stood up in the nisles and sat in the windows. Many ladies were present and much enthusiasm pre-

The governor made a splendid speech that won votes for himself and helped the local democrats. The colored vote of Polk county will go largely for Governor Atkinson and his ticket. Congressman John W. Maddox also spoke

in the morning to a large crowd and made a splendid impression. This afternoon both distinguished democrats spoke to a large gathering in Rockmart, in this county, with good results. This county is getting in good shape for a democratic victory this fall.

NAMED THE AMOUNTS WOOD CASE VERDICT TUG OWNERS OBJECT CHANGES IN POSTAL

Charge at Macon.

Spain Is Holding a Stout Hand with | Friends of the Missing Man Think He Will Return and Straghten His Accounts.

> Macon, Ga., September 8 .- (Special.)-Mr. Macon, Ga., September 8.—(special, Mr. C. M. Ward, formerly traffic chief of the Postal Telegraph Company, at Birmingham, has been appointed manager of the Postal's office at Macon, vice Mr. Henry Morris. Superintendent Fowler made the nent today to take effect at once Mr. Ward is one of the most popular and efficient men in the Postal service, and will be an excellent manager. Mr. E. B. Fa chief operator at Macon, has been trans ferred to Birmingham to succeed Mr. Ward as traffic manager, and left tonight with Superintendent Fowler for Birmingham. Mr. E. P. Simpson, one of the most ex-pert telegraphers in the state, has been made chief operator of the Postal at Ma-Manager Morris is still absent, but his

Price & Co. How the Papers Are. There are two newspapers in Macon pub-lished by negroes, to-wit: The Appeal and The Guide. The former has declared for Atkinson for governor, and it is said The Guide will support Wright. It is thought The Guide will take editorial position for

After the Clerkship.

straighten out his affairs with Hubbard,

friends think he will soon app

Wright this week.

Mr. Walter G. Smith has been clerk of the board of county commissioners nearly years. His term expires on December 31st, next. Mr. Smith has decided not to be a candidate for re-election, but will return to the practice of law. His present salary is \$2,000. Inasmuch as the present salary is \$2,000. Inasmuch as county treasurer now relieves the clerk of some of the duties formerly belonging to the clerkship, the commissioners may reduce the salary of the clerk to \$1,500 of \$1,200. Already a number of persons have filed application for the clerkship, though the election will not occur until about the first of next January.

High License. If the Bush bill does not become a law at the next session of the legislature high li-cense may be an issue in the aldermanic race in Macon next December. The terms of six aldermen will expire then, and six favor the present high license for the retail license in Macon was \$100, but this year it has been placed at \$500. At \$100 there were

Mrs. Battle Ill. Mrs. T. S. Lowry was summoned this morning to Rome on account of the critical illness of her mother, Mrs. A. J. Battle, wife of President Battle, of Shorter college and ex-president of Mercer university. The many friends of Mrs. Battle throughout the state will be pained to hear of her sickness, and will hope for her speedy re-

sickness, and will hope for her speedy re covery. Cotton sold in Macon today at 8 cents with a good demand.

Inez, the lovely fourteen-months-old laughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Morris, was ouried this afternoon.

Mr. Ben Stripling, who was killed by Mr.

J. R. Wall, was buried this morning. Recor Reese, of Christ Episcopal church, officiated

A number of Maconites are attending the A number of Maconites are attending the opening of the corn and cotton exposition at Fitzgerald.

The regular September term of the city court is now under full fleadway.

Hon, R. A. Nisbet, clerk of Bibb superior court, will leave in the morning for Asheville, for the benefit of his health.

RAISED FROM ONE TO TWENTY. Griffin Man Nineteen Dollars Short by Making Change.

Griffin, Ga., September 8.-(Special.)-Saturday night J. T. Manly gave Joe Killingsworth, who lives about three miles from Griffin, change for a twenty dollar bill. The bill proved to be a counterfeit and had been raised from a one dollar silver certificate. Mr. Manley placed the matter in the hands of the authorities and vesterday afternoon Deputy Marshal F. D. Dismuke, Jr., and a posse went out o bring Killingsworth in, but he barri-ader the house and refused to come without a warrant.

The officers, not being certain as to their power to make the arrest without a war-rant, returned to the city and telegraphed for a special officer and a warrant. These came last night and they proceeded to the Killingsworth place this morning only to ind that Joe had escaped under cover of darkness. However, they arrested a man by the name of Wilson, who was with Killingsworth Saturday night when he passed the counterfeit bill, and is said to the party who raised its demonination. This is the second time this has occurred here within the past two weeks. The first time the bill was raised from one dollar to ten dollars, and the last time from one twenty dollars. Both bills were silver certificates. The work was very poorly done and easily detected.

PUNISHING THE BLIND TIGERS. Detective Causes Waycross Men To

Appear Before the Mayor. Waycross, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)— McCullis, a young detective, a few days ago began working for the police force as nformer on blind tigers. The liquor license in Waycross is \$1,000 a year and violators of the liquor ordinance are frequently fined by the mayor. McCullis succeeded in getting several white men up before the mayor to day on the charge of selling whisky with-out license. Mayor Knight imposed the following fines on violators of the liquor ordinance: C. D. Smith, \$50; M. Smith, \$50; T. M. Sweat, \$75; A. R. Bennett, \$50; J. E. ith was acquitted, C. D. Smith and M. C. Smith appealed to the city council.

MACHINERY HAS ARRIVED

For the New Cotton Mill at Selma Soon To Begin Operations. Selma, Ala., September 8.—(Special.)—The first car load of machinery for the new, cotton mill reached Selma today and is rapidly being put in position. The others will follow in a few days and the mill will begin operation in a few weeks.

Gambrell's Speech at Reidsville. Reidsville, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)— Dr. J. B. Gambrell spoke here today to about forty populists and about twenty democrats. He said every one who voted the democratic ticket would vote for the upholding of saloons.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The far-rimite Chart, Fletchers Trappes.

ESTABLISHED 1870 LENS GRINDING & OCULISTS PERSCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY

GLASSES HAWKES OPTICIAN.

SPECIAL STYLES OF SPECTACLES

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‡ FORCE'S ROACHELENE **‡** COCKROACHES AND WATERBUGS.
25c NOT A POISON. Box.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS. A. W. FARLINGER.

Wholesale Southern Agent, 325, 327 and 329 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

TO FIGHT HIS TITLE POPULIST CARTOONS

Heirs of Mrs. Ailsie Gann Will Try and Georgia Is Being Flooded with Third Dispossess Flescher.

Deeded by Their Relative-Charge That the Negro Failed To Carry Out His Part of Contract.

Athens, Ga., Beptember 8 .- (Special.)-Recently Miss Ailsa Gann, who lived near Princeton factory, in this county, died at During the latter years of her life she was quite eccentric and insisted on living almost in total seclusion.

She had nearly two hundred acres of

good land in this county and from time to time disposed of parts of it.

A few years prior to her death she deeded over one hundred acres of the land to a negro man named Peter Flischer. The named in the deed was not a imposed upon the negro that he was to look after her affairs, as she had grown and that she received proper attention in

sickness.
Since this old lady's death there has been considerable talk of the heirs of the ecmade to Flischer.

Four of the heirs of Miss Gann, themselves ladies of advanced age, have deter

mined to fight the claim of Flischer to the land, and Mr. P. J. Voss, of this city, will be appointed administrator on Miss Gann's grounds: First, that Miss Gann on account of advanced age and infirmity was plied with the conditions imposed upon him by the deed, even if the deed should

Rousing Atkinson Speeches. The colored people of Athens and Clarke county held two interesting meetings here yesterday. They put out Mr. W. P. Henry, ex-postmaster of Elberton, for congress, against Hon. W. M. Howard, the democrat-

Last night the courthouse was filled with While all the speakers made speeches in favor of McKinley, they were likewise all in favor of Atkinson and the democratic state ticker

state ticket. Madison Davis, ex-postmaster of Athens, made the first speech and said he supported Atkinson for his manhood, his honesty and his courage. E. J. Bell, of Elbert county, made a rattling talk in favor of Atkinson and the

democratic state ticket.

Monroe B. Morton, of Athens, who was a member of the McKinley notification committee, advocated Atkinson warmly

Austin's Fine Rec and declared that every negro in Georgia should vote for him. W. A. Pledger concluded the speaking and paid Governor Atkinson high le set the crowd in a roar of applause for the democratic state ticket. When the crowd was asked if any one had a charge to bring against the administration of Governor Atkinson, only one hand went up, and its owner never had anything to say the meeting, took occasion to say that if negro didn't pay his taxes and vote i

lowed to cast his vote as he saw fit and after it went in the box it was counted. Clarke's Registration. The registration lists of Clarke county o date show a registration of 1,203 and 419 negroes. This is a heavy whit egistration and a light colored registration Indications now point to a democratic majority in this county of six hundred. In 189

his certain knowledge every qualified vote

in Clarke county, white or black, was all

Governor Atkinson's majority over Hines n Clarke county was only one hundred and eighteen. Apropos of politics, the citizens of Ath ens remember General John M. Palmer, the nominee of the gold bolters, as the yankee general who was in command the troops that squatted over Athens just after the surrender. The acts and depredations of those troops within the cognizance of the commanding officer do commend him very highly even to th

State Normal School. The state normal school attendance ha sed one hundred and fifty. Presiden Bradwell says the additions to the teachers now amount to an average of six per day. He is in a quandary how to arrange for accommodation, but is going forward and providing for them in some

way.

Ed Williams, a colored employe of the Georgia railroad, while unloading a car at Crawford yesterday had the misfortune to break one of his legs just above the ankle. It is quite a serious injury.

Broke His Leg.

JUDGE SWEAT A GOOD DEMOCRAT Although He Believes in Gold Standard, He Supports Bryan.

cuit, this evening said:

"The national democratic 'sound money'
platform adopted at Indianapolis is in complete and entire accord with my conviction of what is right, and yet I feel it to be
tion of what is right, and yet I feel it to be my duty, as a loyal organized democrat, to support the regular nominees of the party for the presidency, governor and statehouse officers, congress, the legislature and coun-

Will Enforce the Game Law. Will Enforce the Game Law.

Columbus Ga., September S.—(Special.)—
The sportsmen of Columbus and Muscogee county are determined that the game law in this county shall be observed this fail, and with that end in view, will report all persons violating the law against whom they have evidence to convict. Mr. Dan Joseph is the game warden of Muscogee county, and £5 will use every exertion to see that the law is respected. Under yelaw, as now amended, game cannot be hunted until after the first day of Neyember; the old limit was October 1st. Party Illustrated Dodgers.

WHO NOW HOLDS PROPERTY SITUATION IN BUTTS COUNTY

Independent Candidate for the House Charged with Opposing Appropriations for Negro Schools.

Several of Chairman Cunningham's illus trated dodgers have been brought into dem-ceratic headquarters from the interior counties. Senator A. O. Bacon brought one in yesterday from Jackson county. He had picked it up in the road. The populists are distributing them over the state in that was leaving them at houses, scattering them along the roads and posting them up on trees. They are supposed to represe the murder of the old negro in Wilkes county by Hinton.

As the circumstances are very well un-

derstood over the state by this time, the circular is considered to be harmless. The art work is said to be Chairman Cunning-ham's and the printed statement is from Tom Watson's pen. Senator Bacon spoke in Jackson on

day. He has placed himself in the hands of Chairman Clay to be sent wherever he is needed. Tomorrow night the senator's centric old centenarian contesting the deed | home constituents will have a big rally Governor Atkinson and Congressman Bart Hon. Fleming duBignon spent some time at headquarters yesterday. He met many old friends there and they gave him a

> Ilx Secretary Smith was one of the call-Mayor Harry Dunwody, of Brunswick, left for home last night. He had been in Atlanta for a week and his friends say that his visit here was very satisfactory

ordial welcome. It was the first time be

had been in Atlanta for nearly two months

dent of the senate goes. A delegation from Douglas county cam in and reported things in very good shape. The work will be kept up there to the

results so far as his candidacy for pres

Mr. Frank Curry, of Butts, came up and stated that his county will throw a good majority into the scale for Atkinson. Mr. Wright, the independent candidate for good majority into the scale for Atkinson. Mr. Wright, the independent candidate for representative in Butts, is charged with having once held that the taxes should be divided for school purposes in proportion to the majority and the school purposes. to the amounts paid by the whites blacks. That would leave the blacks who pay the most of the taxes, would get nearly all the share which goes to the This is being brought up against the in-

dependent. It is stated that on one Sunday attention was called to it in seven negro churches from the pulpits. This removes

Austin's Fine Record. Private W. G. Austin, of the crack Sa-cannah team, which won such signal dis-tinction at Sea Girt last week, came very near winning the championship. He was beaten out on a narrow margin by Private Private Austin is a nephew of Mr. P. Austin, of Atlanta, and is a well-

For Larceny After Trust.

A young negro by the name of Alex Paul was arrested and locked in the station house last night on the charge of larceny after trust. He is employed at the hospital. One of the patients gave him \$7 several days

ago for safe keeping, and it seems that Paul has appropriated the money to his own use. She Stole His \$10. Lilly Johnson, a young negro woman, was esterday afternoon by Officers Harris and Landford on the charge of larceny. Lilly cheated an old negro man out of \$10, and

she will be prosecuted in one of the justice courts today. Not Expected To Recover. Griffin, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—Mrs. L. W. Goddard is very ill with peritonitis,

and is not expected to live. Transfers to Birmingham. Selma, Ala., September 8.—(Special.)— Master Mechanic Stone, of the Southern railway shops, today received notice that he had been transferred to Birmingham and that Mr. T. M. Feeley would fill the vacancy

created by his removal. Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness, nausea, constipation, pain in the side, guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Liver Pills. One a dose. Small price. Small dose. Small pill.

Is Your Wife Fussy?

If, so, she must have indigestion. Typer's Dyspepsia Remedy will cure her in a short time. For sale everywhere. It Will Work Wonders With

This Generation of Men.

Thousands of dollars would be Waycross, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—

Judge J. L. Sweat, of the Brunswick cir- | saved if all could have the laundry work. Linen will wear save you money. Avail yourself by sending to the popular

> TrioSteam Laundry 79-81 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.

Liberal Commission to Agents in

SURE CURE FOR PILES Itening and Bind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles yield of once to DR. BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY. Stops itching, absorbs tumars. A positive cure. Circulars sent fres. Prise to. Druggiots or mai. DE. BOSANKO. Philas, Pa

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Shirt Waists



Cut Prices

From April to September we made money selling Shirt Waists-selling the best and nobbiest Shirt Waists at fair prices. We must now be rid of the unsold balance-and can afford to lose money in the operation. Had rather lose much money than carry 'em over. No use taking two bites at a cherry. On the same principle we cut prices today and cut deep-deep enough to compel

buying. Recent purchases of Autumn Wraps will soon arrive, and the only way we can secure sufficient space for their reception and proper display is to distribute the Waists that lin-

Here's how we do it: Our well known "Royal" Waists, including all the popular materials and designs. Made up with the latest touches of style and warranted perfect in every detail.

Were and now 48C \$1.25

The better grades of "Royal" Shirt Waists-lawns, dimities, batistes, jaconats, madras, percalines, organdies and linen grass cloth in stripes, checks, plaids, figures, Persian and Dresden designs. Big sleeves, attached and detachable collars, double yokes, all beautifully

\$1.50 Were \$1.75 now 75C

laundered.

Fisk, Clark and Fagg's chic Waists - patterned after the leading London models-the identical goods that the swell New York retail stores have been selling so success.ully all

season. \$3.00 Were and now\$ **I.48**

For your convenience the foregoing Waists are ranged on special counters in main aisle near Whitehall street entrance. Every one is a monumental bargain. The actual conditions justify the following statement: These goods are absolutely fresh; their newness is not marred by even a pin prick. Most of them never saw sunlight until today, as they've been held in original packages as reserve stock. There's fine economy in buying now for next



Woolen Waists

For the Boys every mother of a boy should be interested

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

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Do not pay the carriers. We have regular collectors in the city-Messrs. Charles Donnelly, R. L. Cannon and G. W. Tasker.

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ATLANTA, GA., September 9, 1896.

November's Verdict.

European bimetallists, almost to a man, are opposed to independent action by the United States, has proved to be only falsehood has had quite a long run. No man can remember the date of its birth, but the testimony of the most prominent European bimetallists has put it to death without a moment's grace.

We have seen that all the leading English, German and French bimetallists are of the opinion not only that the free coinage of silver by the United States will compel an international agreement, but that such independent action is the only true solution. Cernuschi, the great leader, so expressed himself before his death, and the French minister of finance is of the same opin-In England, Gibbs, Lidderdale, Grenfel and Frewen have spoken; in Germany, Arendt and Wilhelm von Kardorff, the two leading authorities on monetary science, have given their tes timony to the same effect.

Von Kardorff, in the course of a brief article contributed to The New York Journal, shows why the various international conferences that have been held have produced no practical results. "Because," he declares, "the capitalists of the whole world are allied against us as one man, and money still reigns supreme." He then quotes the words of Sir William Harcourt, leader of the British liberal party, who said in parliament: "We should be great fools if we Englishmen, the creditors of the whole world, standard." Commenting on this, Vol Kardorff remarks:

capitalistic fraternity, who are united in France, England, Germany, America and other lands in defense of the gold standard. The tentacles of this mighty octopus have captured the most influ ential and most powerful neswpapers of the civilized world, have tastened their grip on the cabinets, ministers and high officials of ruling lands, who are made to

These conditions will not change, despite the theoretic agitations of science, of parliaments and congresses, until in some country an intrepid and energetic political leader will be applied. some country an intrepid and energetic political leader will be enabled to tear asunder the web of lies which the ster gold spider has spun around the

Even this strong language does not ade quately represent the intense interest which European bimetallists feel in the outcome of the present campaign in the United States. They have before them | tion, even though such a thing as a always a condition which is not apt to graded income tax should forever remain attract the attention of the average an impossibility. Whether congress sees American voter, namely-that the defeat of independent free coinage by the election of McKinley, who is the avowed candidate of the gold party, will be recognized by the money power the world over as a final and complete vice tory for the single gold standard. More than that, it will put an end to the hopes of European bimetallists and be the signal for the disbanding of their forces.

Why? The reason is very simple. The United States is the greatest silver-producing country on the globe. The polof the government is decided by the votes of the people. In this campaign, which the people are to decide at the ballot box, the issue is clearly made for the first time since 1873. That issue is to the free coinage of both gold and silver at the old ratio, or whether the demonetization of silver shall be indorsed by the people; whether our money supply shall be based on the one metal for have understood and never will underwhich all the European nations are struggling, or whether the people shall endeavor to secure the relief and prosperity to be found in the enhanced supply to be furnished by the free coinage

of both gold and silver. This is the situation that has aroused the keen interest of European bimetallists who understand, even better than our own people do, the importance to Illinois at the time of the Chicago fire. our free institutions of the result of the | That calamity seemed to deprive the pending elections. Suppose that the people of the United States, free and inde- energy. The criminal classes came to pendent, and living in a land where the front in great numbers, and ran riot Providence has placed the largest known supply of silver, shall say at the polls appealing to the governor for aid to put ley, that this metal shall no longer be idan and begged him to take charge of coined into redemption money? What will be the result? Why, the verdict will be a world-wide one, and it will be department, responded to the mayor's accepted by all the world as a final ver-

And, regard it how we may, the re-

sult will be fatal to this government. Why? Simply because, for the first time in their history, the people will have voted themselves out of power. They will have the form of a republican gov ernment, but not the substance. Instead of a government of the people, for people and by the people, we shall have a government the money lenders, for the money lenders and by the money lenders. We may cheer ourselves with the assumption that if free coinage fails now, it will not fail four years hence. But it is a false assumption. The people will be far more powerless four years hence than they are now. The laboring men will be more completely the slaves of their rich employers than they now are Debtors will be more completely in the power of their creditors. All the ordi

money dealers will tighten their grip on the great newspapers. Already we hear it whispered around that J. Pierpont Morgan, the head of the gold syndicate, has given his check to Hanna for a hundred thousand dollars, and he is willing to give another hundred thousand if necessary. What does this mean? It simply means that the money power in this country is willing to spend millions of dollars to secure an indorsement of the gold stand-The traveling representatives of The Con- | and by the election of William McKin-

nary avenues of discussion will be con

trolled by the money power, and the

The City's Tax Rate.

The city council of Atlanta could have lone nothing which would have been more heartily approved by citizens generally than its act of reducing the tax

Atlanta has had a reputation of being one of the best governed cities of America, and the action of the present council shows that the city's business affairs are in excellent hands today, as they have been in the past.

There is no better advertisement for a city than the fact of its having a low The statement of the gold organs that I tax rate. It is an advertisement which invites attention, for it means economy in the handling of the city's money. The fact that by this reduction of rate the one of their many inventions. The city's revenue will be reduced means simply that less money will be spent by the city government. It is a pretty well recognized fact in all govern ments that no matter how large a sum may be raised by taxation, it will be spent; surpluses are not allowed to exist

for any great length of time. The present rate is considerably low that of most of the cities of Amer ica, and the knowledge of this fact will be not only welcome to the people who pay the taxes but will doubtless prove attractive to people considering the question of change of location or of invest-

Our Next Census.

Though still some distance off, the next official census of the United States has already become a topic of discussion

in newspaper circles. In the opinion of statisticians who obtaining a correct census and the length of time which such a mammoth undertaking requires, there should be some definite legislation enacted during the next session of congress.

In this connection, The Brooklyn Citzen, a paper which has warmly advo cated the income tax since the begin ning and which still entertains a lingering hope of its ultimate adoption, despite the present hostile attitude of the court, rises to suggest that when the arrangements for the next cenus are made some plan should be devised for ascertaining the approximate ncomes of private individuals.

The Brooklyn Citizen believes that sat sfactory results can be obtained from a simple extension of the plan which is now employed by census takers. In other words, still quoting the logic of this able metropolitan newspaper, it would be sufficient for all to include among the questions put to each indiridual one so framed as to elicit the deired information.

Though such a question would necessarily carry with it some degree of offense to the person addressed, it would really be no more inquisitive than many thers which are asked by the census takers in going their usual rounds. The information thus derived would be of great value to the lawmaking power of the nation in molding future legislafit to act upon the suggestion of The Brooklyn Citizen or not, the idea is nevertheless a good one and accords with

the spirit of the democratic platform.

Among the planks in the democratic platform which aroused the antagonism of the Hannacrats who assembled at Indianapolis is the one which reaffirms the ancient doctrine of the party in the matter of federal interference in state affairs, as in the case of the strike riots at Chicago. This plank was denounced by the Hannacrats as "an attack on the authority of the president to enforce federal laws."

To uphold the reserved rights of the states and to resist federal aggression whether our mints shall be reopened has ever been regarded to the supreme test and touchstone of democracy, and those who indorse the action of President Cleveland in sending troops to Chicago, and still claim to be democrats, never stand the essence of democracy.

Fate, with its usual display of irony, stalked forth among the Hannacrats and compelled them to nominate Palmer, who, as ex-governor of Illinois, went farther than Governor Altgeld has ever gone in protesting against the employment of federal troops in an unconstitutional way. Palmer was governor of municipal officers of that city of all their over the city. The mayor, instead of November, by the election of McKin- down the trouble, went to General Sherthe police arm of the city. Sheridan, after consulting with Grant and the war

> appeal, moved his troops into the city and took charge of matters. Palmer, the presidential candidate of

the Hannacrats, was then governor. He took the mayor roundly to task, informing him that he had acted beyond his owers and had abdicated his duties. Palmer also wrote a protest to Grant, who was then president, and that protest was so like the one made by Governor Altgeld that it is worth quoting from:

It seems to me to be very well settled as a principle of American public law, that the duty of protecting person and property, and the preservation of public rder and peace against the efforts of disorderly persons, or from local internal disturbance, is the peculiar and exclu sive duty of the states, with which the government of the United States has no concern and in which it cannot interfere, except upon the application of the legislature or the executive of the states, as ontemplated by the constitution; and that any attempt by the officers of the United States army to employ any part of the military forces as proposed must be improper, because violative of the constitution and the laws.

As a matter of course, Palmer was denounced as an anarchist, just as Governor Altgeld has been, and with just as much reason. There is no smoother road toward the destruction of our free institutions than a complacent submission to federal affairs in matters over which the states have exclusive control. This fact was so apparent to the framers of our organic law that they did not leave the matter to the patriotism of the people, but writ it large in the constitution, where it stands today, although it has been ignored by both Grant and Cleveland.

That the curious may see how com pletely eastern sentiment, dominated by money, has been twisted out of joint, we present the following from The Springfield Republican, the ablest and nost conservative newspaper in New England:

We have always believed, and still do believe, that President Cleveland was amply justified by the constitution and the laws in moving federal troops to Chicago in July, 1894, without the call of the state and even against the protest of the state executive. The peril appeared to be executive. The peril appeared to executive to the country at large, and the grave to the country at large, and the Indoubtedly, however, President Cleve land would not have moved except on the call of the state had not there been in his own mind, as well as in that of most everybody, a suspicion that the governor of Illinois could not be depended on in the emergency, because of his supposed socialistic leanings.

Note the phrases by which this organ of the best New England sentiment jusifies a grave violation of the fundanental law of the land. The peril "appeared" to be grave. But President Cleveland would not have moved except n the call of the state had there not een "in his own mind" a "suspicion" hat the governor of Illinois could not be depended on in the emergency because

of his "supposed" socialistic leanings. The upshot of the matter is that it is owing to what a president may have in "his own mind" whether he is justifiable in violating a constitutional provision. As to Governor Altgeld, we presume it is perfectly well known that he had no opportunity to demonstrate his ability to preserve the peace in Chicago. He preserved it along the lines of rail way outside of Chicago. But the mayor ecognize the difficulties in the way of of that city never called on him, but in oked federal interference. Some of the big men of Chicago-republicans-men with money-have declared their belief that Governor Altgeld would have restored order in an hour if he had been called on.

Senator Palmer's Record.

Not many years have passed since Senator John M. Palmer, the nominee of the Indianapolis goldbug convention. was as zealous in his championship of silver as he now appears to be in up holding the single gold standard.

During the free coinage agitation prooked by the Bland-Allison bill in 1878, Senator Palmer was one of the most ardent champions of the white metal. Indeed his enthusiasm for the cause even outran that of many who are still loyal to the views which they held at, that time and whose allegiance to silver has never wavered during all the years which have followed. Discussing the Bland-Allison bill, Senator Palmer said

in January, 1878: It is all very well to abuse the friends the silver dollar as inflationists. thieves, repudiators, and all that sort of thing, but really the friends of the gold dollar ought to pay the same attention to the members of the convention who framed the United States constitution and who made the silver dollar the unit and stadnard of value in this country. Nothing could be more explicit than the

above language. Senator Palmer makes the explicit declaration that if the friends of silver are repudiators and inflationists, the same epithets can be applied with equal justice to the men who framed the constitution and who placed silver on a parity with gold Only a few days after this speech was

delivered Senator Palmer again paid his respects to the silver question in the following cordial terms: If there is any dollar more honest than

the silver dollar of 3714 grains (of pure silver) it has not been discovered in the century or more that the nation has existed. If there can be any such thing as a dishonest dollar, that miserable sham, trick and travesty of a coin, a gold dollar, exactly fills that designation Senator Palmer in 1878, at which time

the foregoing speeches were delivered, was in the full maturity of his intellectual powers. He had been in public life for more than forty years and presumably had made a thorough study of the money question. Granting that he is perfectly sincere in the new faith which he now professes, the question naturally arises in every thoughtful mind: at what period of his life was the Illinois senator better qualified to give advice on the money question or any other political issue-in the vigorous noonday of his mental prime or in the dim and shadowy twilight of old age? There is no intellectual person who would hesitate for a single moment in framing an answer to this question. That Senator Palmer at sixty-one was better qualified to pronounce judgment on the money question than Senator Palmer at seventy-nine, is a fact too

entirely obvious to require proof. Going back to the statement made by Senator Palmer, in regard to the framers of the constitution, what opinion does he entertain of those august patriots at this time? Does he consider the charges which are made against the advocates of free coinage as also applicable to them? If so, the champions of the white metal can receive the enemy's fire without returning it, for it places them on a patriotic equality with those wise men who framed the constitution and who have ever since been revered for the wisdom reflected in that grand instrument.

The Washington Post doesn't want to see old man Breckinridge take any rides in a closed carriage during the cam-

The gold organs say that Tillman is hurting the cause of silver in Pennsylvania. That being so, the organs ought o praise him a little instead of abusing

By the by, didn't Vermont go republican in 1884 and 1892? We seem to have a vague recollection of something of that kind. And yet the democrats won in 1884, and in 1892 the people came mighty near ruining the democratic party by electing its candidate.

The comic weeklies of New York are giving it to the farmers of the United States tough and strong. The democrats ought to use some of their cartoons as campaign material—as showing the contempt which the gold men have for republican as well as democratic farmers.

Well, Arkansas seems to hold its own about as cleverly as Vermont did.

It is thought that Senafor Hill will come out strong as a democrat after the Buffalo convention. Mr. Bryan will do some campaigning

n the east at the proper time. It is now supposed that Maine is a 'barometer." Why, so are Tennessee,

Alabama and Arkansas. Madeline Pollard's attorneys might be able to get something on the judgment against Breckinridge by garnisheeing Mark Hanna.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

Stephen Fiske presents a most interesting en picture of Dickens in a recent issue of

The Ladies' Home Journal: "During my visit Dickens was not at ork upon a novel, but he shut himself in Fechter's chalet from 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. almost every day This was another part of his methodical system. If he felt in the mood he would write an 'Uncommercia Traveler' article; if not, he would answer letters, read All the Year Round proofs, ot down ideas, fill up the time with some of literary labor. This, he told me, was his self-discipline. The one room in he chalet was sparsely furnished, and had vindows on all sides commanding quiet, leasant views of fields and plantations. He eldom talked of his books, but one rainy day he showed me the bound manuscript of one of them, and told me his method of clanning a story. Having selected a subject would write down the name of the hero and surround it with querries: 'Shall he be rich? Parents or guardians? Defrauded or property? An early love?' and so on with the other characters as they red to him. He always used blue ink, and did Yates and Halliday, and the other riters of what was then 'the Dickens writers of what was then school.' They all called him 'Chief,' and he

In clear weather the sunlight penetrates the sea to a distance of 1580 feet. ng experiments have recently been madabout eighteen miles from Corsica, in the literranean sea, the results having been obtained by means of photographic plates. The depth to which daylight penetrates depends, of course, on the transparency of the water. The Mediterranean being famed for the clearness of its water, admits where the water is less transparent. Usually the light of the sun one hundred and fifty feet below the surface of the ocean is no more than that of the moon, while at the depth of three hundred feet it is scarcely six hundred feet in many parts of the ocean there is perpetual darkness. Near Mindora, in the Indian ocean, the spotted corais are plainly visible under one hundred and fifty feet of water. The Caribbean sea is of crystalline clearness, objects being dis-cernible on the bottom at a very great

During the convention of the Indianapolis Hannacrats Mr. Bynum had the portraits of several distinguished democrats hung around the walls . Among them was one of the late Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana. When Mrs. Hendricks heard of it she wrote a letter demanding that her usband's portrait be taken out of the hall. In the letter of protest she said: "My husband was, all his life, a stanch democrat and never in life countenanced a bolters' convention, and it is an insult to his memory for you to desecrate it in this way." The picture was removed

POLITICAL PARAGRAPHS.

St. Louis Republic: The sole argument of the republican press is now limited to the use of a few epithets, such as "repudiators" "anarchists." It won't stand the season's wear.

Evansville Courier: How flat Harrison's speech has fallen! It has dropped out of consideration and discussion already. There was really nothing in it.

Chattaneoga News: It will be observed that the gold organs now predicting Bryan's defeat so persistently are the same prophets who were confident that "the silver men would not get a smell in the Chicago convention."

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: Herr Mos may be in favor of free and unlimited beer, but he wants it distinctly understood that he is a goldbug of the most furious dye. Denver Times: The flop of Jesse R. Grant to the silver party will probably severely sting those who have so long and so ar-dently maintained that General Grant was aware of the crime perpetrated in congress

Indianapolis Sentinel: Next to the efforts of the goldite bolters to make themselves believe that they considered themselves democrats, the most strained effort in view is that of the republican brethren to make themselves believe that the "silver eraze" is dying out. The more it dies the more there is of it.

Duluth, Minn., Herald: After having as-British as the property of the control of the contr

Bangor, Me., Commercial: That \$20,000,-000 raised by Mark Hanna on Wall street to defeat the election of Mr. Bryan is far too small. Five times that amount will not accomplish it. All the money on Wall street couldn't prevent his nomination, nor can it prevent his election.

Evansville. Ind.. Courier: The democratic meetings were never so long and enthusiastic. The demand for speakers and literature at headquarters in Indianapolis is so far beyond what the state committee can furnish. as to be very embarrassing. People must be patient. The committee is doing everything in its power. New York Journal: No unprejudiced person can have observed the course of events in this state during Mr. Bryan's stay in it without complete conviction that victory here is entirely within the grasp of the democratis.

Indianapolis Sentinel: The democratic party is not fighting McKinley. He is a mere bagatelle in the conflict. It is the money power at his back that makes McKinley formidable.

St. Joseph Gazette: The New York World promised to unmask some of the sophistries of Mr. Bryan's notification speech. But it has not yet undertaken the job. The World thinks the less said about the speech the better.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

A Political Wizard. He's surely a wonderful fellow And goes at a wonderful gait; And powerful strong As he journeys along

For they say "he will carry the state." He's surely a wonderful fellow-The secret, they cannot unlock it, But his clothes must be large

If it's true-as they charge-That he "carries the state in his pocket." Billville Literary Note.

"Will there be a meeting of the literar;

"I hardly think so. The janitor stole th

'possum, and they're out yonder lynching Here's the song in Georgia now: "Cotton goin' to the gin-Money in the pocket;

Baby in the cradle-Pretty wife to rock it!"

club tonight?"

The testimony of a Dougherty county farmer this year is that his hay crop brought him more money than his cotton crop. This statement is encouraging, but will cause some of them to plant more cotton next year in order to give cotton a chance to redeem itself.

Li Hung Chang saw New York and the went to Philadelphia to sleep off its effects Coming In!

Cotton's comin' into town-Farmers lookin' slick; Bran' new caliker fer Sue, Pair o' jeans fer Dick.

Cotton's comin' into town-Hives air full o' honey; Paid the mortgage off the mule-Goodby, Mister Money!

They have magnified Bryan's rabbit's oot into a whole menagerie, and he is drawing bigger crowds than ever. That rabbit's foot came from Georgia, and it was greased with rattlesnake oil. It's sure winner.

A Port in a Storm. "I lack ten votes of being elected," said

the despairing candidate. "That's all right," replied his manager "I've got five men left, an' I'll just double up on 'em!"

A western correspondent writes to if 'possums run wild in Georgia?" Well, if they didn't we'd all go out of usiness until the supply was exhausted.

Plenty, Thank You. Folks down here in Georgia still Leadin' happy lives;

Cane juice drippin' from the mill-Honey in the hives. We are not hearing anything at all about

Colonel Hobart these days, and yet they do say money talks.

AS GEORGIA VIEWS IT. Covington Star: Senator Palmer, of Illinois, for the presidency, and General Si Bolivar Buckner, of Kentucky, for the Two more distinctly

and effete politicians cannot be found it all this broad land of ours, and their al leged candidacy for the presidency and vice presidency of the United States is the mos idiculous farce that has ever been enac Rome Tribune: Of all the men who have been named for high positions of trust and honor during this eventful year of political strife, the south, probably, has less cause to love Senator Palmer, the union general who did not realize that the war was ended when Lee surrendered his sword at Appomatox. His is the most vulnerable record of them all. The man who could endeavor to enforce such oppressive and despotic rulings on a conquered people is a sorry figure to lead even a forlorn hope. ed in this country.

LaGrange Graphic: The gold bolters have nominated Palmer and Buckner as their candidates. This is the last that will be heard for some time of these temporarily resurrected political corpses. They haven't got sense enough to know when they are dead.

Americus Times-Recorder: Palmer's war ecord in Kentucky so embittered the peo-ole of the state against him that he will leutralize any personal strength which suckner may give the boltocratic ticket in the borders of the "dark and bloody

WITH GEORGIA EDITORS.

Says The Augusta Chronicle:

"In the same paper that reports the McKinley letter is the announcement of the failure of the largest dry goods house in New York, the famous store of the late A. "T. Stewart. The McKinley letter declares 'good money never made hard times,' and the failing dry goods merchants, Hilton, Hughes & Co., say their assignment is due to the 'stringency in the money market.' The people will learn before all the stores and factories are closed up that the single gold standard does not give the people 'good money.'" Says The Augusta Chronicle:

Says the editor of The Monroe News: "We are getting very anxious to hear something more about that new railroad, and still more anxious for it to get here. When it comes we hope the officials will be kind enough to give us free transportation, so that we will be saved the trouble of walking, as we have to do now."

The Murray News, published at Spring Place, is one of the latest candidates for

The Augusta Herald has made arrange nents to get out early in October one of the largest, most interesting and attractive trade editions that have ever been sent out from Augusta. Special attention will be paid in this edition to Augusta's commerce.

The LaGrange Graphic observes that "this campaign of the republicans will be both marked by defeat and defeated by Mark."

Editor Hanlon's fine hand is appearing in the columns of The Tifton Gazette, which grows brighter with the days.

STATE POLITICAL NOTES.

The last issue of The LaGrange Trumpet, the organ of the colored people of western Georgia, came out squarely for Governor Atkinson's re-election. The Trumpet is a well-edited paper, and exercises a great influence among the negroes. The La-Grange Graphic says that the stand which it has taken is very significant and means that the negroes are going to support Governor Atkinson. The Trumpet has a large double-column cut of Governor At-kinson, and gives him the following editorial indorsement:

ial indorsement:

"We present with pleasure the cut of W. Y. Atkinson, who stands for re-election in October. He has won a warm place in the hearts of the colored men of Georgia by the high stand he has taken in measuring justice to all citizens alike, be they white or black. He is a friend to the Afro-American, and has righted many wrongs that heretofore were untouched by his predecessors. He is the negro's friend, and a large number will use the ballot to replace him in the position he so satisfactorily fills."

Says The Columbus Enquirer-Sun:
"Some of the papers place Georgia in
the doubtful column on the presidential
question. All doubt will be cleared away
when the election comes off. It would be
mighty poor political judgment to predict
anything but Bryan."

Says The Augusta Chronicle: "The closing down of the Sibley mills is a serious blow to many families who were dependent upon their earnings in this big factory for their daily support. These are serious object lessons for those who think the single gold standard is the road to prosperity. When the people shall have registered their verdict for Bryan and silver coinage in November there will be a new era of hope and prosperity. It is to be hoped that the Sibley mills will not long be idle."

Says The Columbus Ledger: Says The Columbus Ledger:

"The Ledger cannot, it will not, join in any effort of a political party to place itself in power by false professions of attachment for a cause as sacred as that of prohibition. This is what the populist leaders in Georgia are doing. The Ledger believes this to be the case, and the bulk of the voters of Georgia will on the day of election show that they, too, while in sympathy with any cause that will promote good government, are averse to pandering to the ambitious will of hungry politicians."

The colored people of Georgia, recogniz-ing that they have nothing to expect from either the republican or the populist party are putting themselves in line with the real friends, the democrats, with whom they will vote at the approaching election. The Savannah News says:

The Savannah News says:

"That this is true is shown in the fact that The Macon Appeal, a well-known organ of the colored people, heretofore republican in politics, has declared for Atkinson for governor and Bartlett for congress. At Marietta a large meeting of negroes the other day indorsed the candidacy of Governor Atkinson. Some of the best speeches in support of the democratic candidates made lately were by Professor Floyd Snelson, a colored educator of south Floyd Snelson, a colored educator of south Georgia. In all parts of the state the black men are lining up with their white friends on the side of good government."

Speaking of the speech of Professor Floyd ored, at the Douglas rally, The Waycross Herald says:

Waycross Herald says:

"Snelson, though a republican, is out and out for Brantley and Atkinson. He states frankly, however, if his party had candidates in the field he would be on the republican side, but as it is he is for the best men in the race. Snelson takes little stock in the populist party and advises his people to stick to the democrats where they have no ticket of their own. Snelson is a good man, a good citizen and a fine teacher."

The Covington Enterprise has this local

"Thomas Wallace, of Oak Hill district says that all populists who desire to tall politics to him will be required to bring along a pint of corn licker and a plus of manufac tobacco. He says it makes him dry all over for a populist to come in 100 yards of his settlement."

The Rome Tribune says that the old dem ocrtic enthusiasm is being aroused and the populo-prohibition cause is on the wane. Ex-Speaker Crisp threw hot shot into the camp of the allies, Massey, McGarity, Rankin & Co., recently.

The Albany Herald remarks: "The populists want the democratic county chairmen to swear now. After the election they will feel like doing all the swearing themselves."

Hon. Harry Dunwody is after the presi dency of the state senate. A Darien zette says that if he fails to seiure honor it will not be besause his friends have been idle.

"Mr. Bryan should be brought to Geor-gia by all means. He has visited Atlanta several, times, but the people down this way have never seen him. A speech in Augusta would reach Georgia and Caro-lina both."

The Augusta Chronicle says:

The Rome Tribune says Judge Maddox is holding up his end of the campaign is holding up his end of the campaign with admirable courage and fidelity, and will well deserve the success that awaits Judge Griggs is now closing up his

campaign. At its close Sibley's scalp will dangle from his girdle, says The Tifton The democrats of Talbot county will elect prohibitionist to the legislature this fall. Talbot county, however, is all right and will not vote with the populists in Oc-

STATE PRESS GOSSIP

U. S. Grant is the name of the colored lineman of the Western Union Telegraph Company, in Savannah. He is a fearless and intelligent man and on his last trip up the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad he was repairing the wire near Scotia. passing from pole to pole he saw a rattlesnake stretched his full length on the ground. Grant knew the habits of the raters. He grabbed some sand and it at the snake. The reptile at once colled and sounded his rattle. Grant hadn't so much as a stick in his hand. He knew the snake would remain in coil so he went back for his hatchet. When he returned the snake was still in coil, so he sat down and waited for the monster to get over his wrath. Pretty soon, under the influence of the sun, the rattler lay at full length again. Grant quietly went up and chopped off his head. The snake was six feet ten inches and had fourteen rattles. The rattles are a present to The Savannah Press and ornament a desk in the sanctum. They are beauties and tinkle like tiny brittle shells. Grant says he could go near the snake and even step over it without annoying it. It only coiled when struck or alarmed. While at full length the reptile could be stroked down the back like a cat and would go to sleep.

The moment it is stroked the wrong way it will coil and strike. The Gainesville Cracker tells of a general blowing up, as follows:

The edges o' the north wind was blowin' up a fros'.

The devil in the print shop was blowin' up the moss,

The whirlwin' in the meadow was blowin' up the leaves,

The belle was in her dressin' room a-blowin' up ther sleeves.

The powder in the cellar was blowin' up the house. the house,
The preacher in the cellar was blowin'
up "the douce,"
The ol' man in the parlor was blowin'
up the fire,
The new gal on the roadside was blowin'

The following unique letter was received The following unique letter was received recently by Sheriff Mundy, of Hall county: "August the 3 1896 Jinkinses Mil "Mr Shearf of Gainesville Ga Dear Sir with pleasure I will Right you A few lines to Enquire as to whi dock Davis Left you Tea sed that he Runaway from gorgia Mr Shearf please Right to Mee the perticklers and Ef you Need Him I can gete Him up for you please Right to Mee the perticklers eny How "Yours P G Jones Jinkinses Mil S C "Mr Shearf pleas Right to Mee at once"

Mr. Smyser, of Summerville, Ga., in his inety-seventh year, has put seven bullets into a two-inch bull's eye at a range of

The Savannah Press has this news item The Savannan Frees with comment:

"A recent shipment of 300 tons of pig from from Atlanta to Genoa is an important item of itself, but its chief significance lies in the fact that it is but the prelude to a great increase of exports from the south to Europe."

The Police Reporter's Lament. rom The Chicago Dispatch.

Oh, what has become of the other news since Bryan hit the town—the fights, the frolics, the fun galore, and society's new silk gown? Where is the man that "raised row" in Micky Finn's saloon, and the lady" that "lifted" a bolt of lace about the hour of noon; and the "burly" black with a razor keen, that went out after gore, and the rowdy boy of just thirteen, who robbed a candy store? We've lost Babe Anse with his old glass arm, and "Sheepy," where is he? Ah, what has become of the maiden fair that eloped to Milwauke? The "long" man and the "short" man both have seen their fame grow dim, while Clarence White since Thursday night is entirely out of the swim. Oh, where are "vague rumors" and "Probable Cause," and where is that same old "clew"? And where are "consensus" and dear old "dull thud," "an official" and the rest of the crew? They seem to have fied to "parts unknown" since Bryan is hereabout, and between you and me, if they don't come back, I can't get my laundry out.

while in line for McKinley, is more or impressed with the justice of the silver campy sade. The influence of the silver campy in southeastern Kentucky and of the version of these leading republicans is ing felt, especially in the mining distraction of the self-the silver campy and the rest of the crew? They seem to have fill the problems of the silver campy in southeastern Kentucky and of the version of these leading republicans in grant and the problems of the silver campy and the rest of the crew? They seem to have fill the problems of the silver campy and the rest of the crew? They seem to have fill the problems of the silver campy and the rest of the crew? They seem to have fill the problems of the silver campy and the rest of the crew? They seem to have fill the problems of the silver campy and the rest of the crew? They seem to have fill the problems of the silver campy and the rest of the silver campy and the problems of the silver campy and the silver campy and the problems of the silver campy and the silver campy and the problems of the silver campy and the silver ca since Thursday night is entirely out of the

GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

Never before has such enthusiasm prevailed among the Indiana democrats as that which exists at this time. Instead of making any converts in that state, the recent goldbug convention has only served to augment the free coinage movement and to nspire confidence in the success of the democratic ticket.

Speaking of the situation in the Hoosier
State, Hon J. G. McNutt, who is a candi-

date for attorney general, says: "The free coinage sentiment is by no means sporadic, It is general and has spread over the state from end to end like a prairie fire. The farmers, laborers, mechanics, workingmen, in fact, all classes, have been studying the monetary question and as fast as they come monetary question and as fast as they come to appreciate the real truths involved and the real ir portance the proper settlement of the financial issue is to them they anvocate the democratic cause and come to us. This is not sentiment upon their part; it is not the result of temporary excitement. It is the result of careful study and full knowedge of the situation. When convic ion comes in this way it is not effervescing; it is quiet and firm; it is not a craze and it will be enduring. No brass band tactics or free use of money can change it. And I find this silver sentiment all over the state In the country we have the farmers, in the towns and cities we have the workmen, mechanics and laborers-the people. meetings have been very large Democrats are turning out as I never saw them turn out before. The greatest interest is being shown. Republicans have joined our party by hundreds and thousands and the state is reliably democratic."

Mr. Arthur McEwin, formerly managing editor of The San Frncisco Examiner, ar rived in New York last Monday to assume a position on The New York Journal during the pending political campaign. Mr. Mc. Ewin is disposed to be jubilant over the situation in the west and propheses a sweeping majority for the democratic ticket in California.

California.
"The fusion between the democrats and populists,"said he, "is a genuine fusion and neans certain defeat to the gold forces. The silver men can count with almost ab solute certainty on nine electors. Before the national conventions of last summer the papers were in favor of silver and kept educating the people on the subject. They were all led to believe that free convereducating the people on the subject were all led to believe that free were all led to believe that free coinage was the proper thing and when November comes around they will speak in no uncertain voice on the subject. The people on the coast believe in free silver as a government policy and the course that will be best for the country at large. Viewed in this light, the sentiment of California is that the country needs an increase in the circulating medium and an increase can best be secured by the free coinage of one of the metals. As I viewed the situation, the chances of Bryan's election appear to be excellent."

Mr. J. O. A. Carter, of Denver, Col., has recently returned home after quite an ex-tended tour of the east. Speaking of his political observations, especially states of New oYrk, Massachusetts, Mair Illinois and Kentucky, Mr. Carter said to a reporter of The Denver Times:

"My business was mostly with bankers and other moneyed men, but among them I found a very strong and growing sentiment favor of free coinage. Several bankers that I met were studying the question and were disposed to treat the matter on its merits rather than from the single point of self-interest. In Maine the people were showing considerable interest and there were a number of republicans who will vote for Bryan and Sewall, though I am inclined to think the state will vote for McKinley. In New York city there is a general impression that the farmers will vote for Bryan, and it is causing a great deal of uneasiness to the managers of the McKinley campaign. I spent some time in Virginia and Kentucky and am satisfied that the south will go for Bryan solid. In Kentucky there is such an intense feeling in favor of Bryan that if a man gets into a discussion he must that I met were studying the question and f a man gets into a discussion he must either bet or fight."

General Bragg feels quite sore over his recent failure to capture the goldbug nomination and has made no effort to dis-guise his inflamed feelings. Though bitter toward the entire convention, the special object of his enmity is Senator John M.

"My name was only presented," said he, in repeated over and over again, that General Palmer would not be a candidate, and these assurances were given me before the convention assembled. I was not brought to be made a spectacle of, nor to be slaugh-General Palmer would not permit the use

of his name.

"I was not in favor of Watterson for the presidency, not because I had anything against him, but because his nomination would have been putting the gray before the blue, and I thought it ought not to be that way. I thought the blue ought to be first, and if I had had any idea that General Palmer would accept the nomination I would have been for him, and our state would have been for him also, from the first. of his name.

first.

"It is a little unkind to a man at my time of life to be treated this way, and it certainly was unkind in General Palmer to come in at the last moment, or permit his friends to bring him into the race. I confess that I do not like such treatment, but this was a part that has been played by others. by others.
"They started stories about me of which there was

"They started stories about me of which I knew nothing, and for which there was no foundation, and circulated them so adroitly that they did not reach the ears of my friends till their poison had done its work among the delegates. There was not one word of truth in them, but they have accomplished their purpose just as well as if they were founded on facts."

The failure of General Bragg to capture, the Indianapolis nomination means that his friends will resent what they consider a flagrant act of injustice to the favorite son of Wisconsin. It furthermore places that state securely in the democratic column.

"What will Alabama do in Nevember," asked a Washington correspondent of Hon. John H. Bankhead, who was stopping one day last week at the Metropolitan.

"Give Bryan and Sewall a tremendous majority and send a solid Democratic delegation to congress. We gave Captain Joe Johnston a comfortable majority, but it will be nothing to compare with the Bryan "What do you think of the ticket named at Indianapolis?"
"Well, it isn't going to set the people wild
with enthusiasm. So far as my state is
concerned it will cut very little figure. The

with enthusiasm. So far as my state is concerned it will cut very little figure. The ticket will do well to get 5,00 votes in Alabama; there are several counties in my district where it will not get a vote. In the country at large it will do Mr. Bryan no damage worth considering; its advocates would never have supported him, and their pretense of being the only genuine democrats is amusing as an exhibition of nerve. Mr. Bankhead has just been renominated for congress for the sixth consecutive time, and his election is in the nature of a cartainty. His name has been favorably meationed in the press of his state for United States senator, and he will have a strong following for the seat now held by Mr. Pugh. The latter is a candidate to succeed himself, and he will be opposed by Mr. Bankhead, Governor Oates, General Pettus, Hon, H. C. Tompkins and possibly by General Charles M. Shelley, one of the most popular men in the state, with an unexceptionable record both as a civillan and military man.

"One of the latest republican co Bryan and free silver," says The St. Louis Republic, "is Hon. W. A. Morrow, of Som-Bryan and free sirel, says from Somerset county, Kentucky, who has in past campaigns been among the leading local speakers for the republican candidates. He is one of the best known, of the younger set of republican politicians in the eleventh congressional district. The feature of his case, which makes his conversion doubly prominent, is the fact that he is the oldest son of Hon. T. Z. Morrow, at present circuit judge. Judge Morrow has been his party's candidate for governor, and only last winter was among those whose names were connected with the senatorial race. It is whispered, too, that the judge himself, while in line for McKinley, is more or less limpressed with the justice of the silver crumpaign. MACK OF

Young Woodside (

QUEER CASE

The Urchin Ha Offices PATHETIC SCENE

His Mother The How the

The state took cl yesterday. Mack Woodsid human enigma, queer career and tified police office ists, has been re-tion for the deaf When the 2:05 afternoon Mack his side w the purpose of t the boy and hi yourg Woodside the police station to await the arrival His last adven an electric elev stories. Since charge of the pe Mack realized

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Nutt, who is a candi-eral, says: "The free by no means sporadic, spread over the state a prairie fire. The chanics, workingmen, we been studying the as fast as they come truths involved and proper settlement of o them they anvocate nd come to us. This their part; it is not rary excitement. It reful study and full ation. When convic-it is not effervescing: is not a craze and it brass band tactics or n change it. And I at all over the state, the farmers, in the have the workmen, rs—the people. Our ry large everywhere, c out as I never saw The greatest intere ublicans have joined s and thousands and emocratic."

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MACK OFF TO SCHOOL

Young Woodside Carried to the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb.

The Urchin Has Puzzled the Police Offices for a Year.

QUEER CASE FOR SPECIALISTS

PATHETIC SCENE WITNESSED AT PARTING

His Mother There and Says Goodby. How the Case Will Be Treated.

The state took charge of a strange subject yesterday. Mack Woodside, the boy wonder, the human enigma, the puzzling urchin, whose queer career and characteristics have mys-tified police officers and interested specialists, has been removed to the state institution for the deaf and dumb at Cave Spring.
When the 2:05 train pulled out yesterday
afternoon Mack Woodside was aboard and his side was Superintendent Connor, who had made a special trip to Atlanta for the purpose of taking the boy in charge. It the boy and his mother. For two days yourg Woodside had been confined in the police station, where he was account. to await the arrival of the superlatendent.

an electric elevator and shoot it up five stories. Since then he had been under charge of the police officers. Mack realized that something was on foot early in the day. Just before noon a sadfaced, listless-eyed, frail-figured woman appeared at the station house. She carried bundle under one arm which was deposited upon the desk of the station keeper. "May I see him?" she asked in a faint

His last adventure was to jerk the lever of

voice. The officer had recognized her as the mother of Mack. He gave quick consent and the woman was ushered into the in-terior of the station, where the boy was

"You see they are going to take him away from me," she said. "I don't want him to go, but it may be good for him. I've got him some shirt waists here, and I want him to put on a clean one. Do you think they will keep him long? I hope he will be a good boy and won't give them no trouble. Can I go up to the train with him?" Mack in His Cell.

The boy was in his cell when his mother arrived. He was merely the scrap of a boy with large, wistful, dark eyes that snapped nervously and darted quick glances in all directions, apparently suspicious of some unexpected happening. The muscles of his face were distorted with the vain eff speak, and he gave a gutteral cry of de-

light when his mother came.

The pale face of the woman brightened somewhat. She clasped the fragile form in her arms, and began to weep silently. Then stepped to one side of the corridor For five minutes she stood motionless gaz ing vacantly at the walls. An officer reminded her that she had come to dress Mack for his departure. This awakened her. She placed a clean waist on the boy and sat with him, his head buried in her lap, until the time for parting came. Mack and his mother, with Officer Crus seil, were placed in the patrol wagon and escorted to the depot.

Connor Studies the Case.

Here they were met by the superintendent, who had made all preparations for the trip. Superintendent Connor has given careful study to the case of Mack Woodside. He realizes that he has a subject of unusual nature to deal with. As a psychological phonomenon the boy would interest the most advanced specialist. The sense of speech and the sense of hearing are both missing. but he has a Keenness of vision rarely equaled. He is full of dynamic nervousthe primal sense of right and wrong. The boy is totally devoid of the idea of ownership, and although he has been impressed with the result of theft by frequent incar-carcerations, yet it is the mere physical suffering resultant from some unusual act

that appeals to him, nothing more.

A loose bicycle was his delight. He has been known frequently to break away from the grasp of his mother, jump astride a wheel and go spinning off, laughing at the police officers. His record for driving off with somebody else's buggy is long. With him the sense of proprietorship is altogether wanting. There is no remorse or shock conscience for misdeeds, for he thinks

Some are of the opinion that the boy is not normal; that he is naturally mentally depraved, and will be incapable of receiving instruction given at the deaf and dumb institute. Others have analyzed the case as on ewhich is the result of the want of early training. Could the boy, it is claimed, have received from his mother and father the idea of what was right and what was wrong he would have been a different being. Superintendent Connor will make a careful ttempt to instill into his crude mind the first principles of right and wrong. The case will be one of special interest, and should the superintendent succeed a curious

problem will have been solved. Mack Leaves His Mother. Mack evinced great joy when he was placed aboard the train. He showed no re-This strange woman stood to one side weeping continually. She watched the train pull out, wandered about the car shed and finaltook her stand at the corner of Pryor

and Marietta streets.

The case of Mrs. Woodside is almost as pitiable as that of the boy. Whether the constant worry over him and the maternal solicitude have brought about a mental weakness is a question. There is a peculiar mark of refinement in her features, but the mental weakness which accounts for her recent queer con-

The case of Mrs. Woodside is one for some charitable organization to take up. Late fast night she stood on the Kimball house corner looking out into the darkness, seeing nothing, speaking to no one. Heretofore Mack has been her constant

MAKERS OF "MOUNTAIN DEW.

A Number of Alleged Moonshiners Brought to Atlanta Yesterday. Yesterday was a harvest time with the deputy internal revenue collectors. They flocked to the United States building in

considerable numbers to report their capmade the largest haul of "mountain dew. He brought in twelve full barrels of peach and apple brandy captured at one haul in Meriwether county. He was assisted in this seizure by Deputy Marshal Nathan Upshaw. None of the makers of this brandy were captured, but the revenue brandy were captured, but the revenue officials have them spotted and expect to land them behind the bars in a few days Deputy Collector Kellogg with Deputy Marshals Scott and Drake captured two alleged moonshiners six miles northwest

alleged moenshiners six miles northwest of Tallapoosa, in Harralson county, and brought them to Atlanta yesterday. The names of the prisoners are Doc and Bill Adams.

Deputy Marshal Whatley picked up a man in Griffin who is suspected of counterfeiting. He will bring him before United States Commissioner Broyles for trial to-day.

GEORGIA'S POLL TAX INCREASES. It Runs Up Eleven Thousand Above Last Year.

Comptroller General Wright has received the tax returns from all the counties in the Freight Rates Are Cut by Associated state. The returns are a great deal better than those of last year and better than was expected for this year.

The returns for land property for the entire state for this year is \$369,991,098. Those of 1895 were \$370,739,521, showing a decrease of \$748,423. This is better than the returns of last year compared to what those of last year were to the year before. Up to three years ago the returns have fallen off not less than \$12,000,000. This year's returns shows quite an increase over this, and the gain is surprising. The tax returns on railroad property has

not yet been received, but will be something like \$3,000,000 greater than that of last year. The poll tax for this year by the digest is \$316,398, which is \$11,617 more than the poll tax for last year. The returns are somewhat better than were expected, which is a pleasing fact.

A GREAT GEORGIAN'S WORK.

is a pleasing fact.

What Dr. Young J. Allen Has Accomplished in China. Dr. W. A. Candler, president of Emory college, was in the city yesterday to meet | gressive and decided to put in another cut.

to a few points. They are handicapped in their work and throw up their hands in despair. On Saturday there will be other changes the associated lines having taken the ag

Lines from the East.

Atlanta 65 Cents.

SITUATION IS VERY BADLY DEMORALIZED

Old Traffic Men Say They Never Saw

It So Bad-Macon Only 10 Cents

Higher Than Atlanta,

The railroad rate situation gets more

complicated every day. Soliciting agents

do not know what rates to quote except



MACK WOODSIDES, THE HUMAN ENIGMA.

The Strange Urchin was Taken to the State Institution for the Deaf and Dumb Yesterday. For Years He Has Puzzled Police Officers and Mystified Specialists by His Strange Conduct. He Has no Sense of Ownership and the Idea of Right and Wrong Is Altogether Wanting.

the building committee having charge of These will be as follows to Atlanta for the erection of the new library building at the college. He showed the committee a most interesting contribution just received 81 and 41; from Providence, 81 and 41; from but he has a keenness of yiston rarely equaled. He is full of dynamic nervousness, alert with unbounded energy, after with restive eagerness. The moral side of his nature, has been neglected. He has not the primal sense of right and wrong. The Chang's country. It is a history of the primal sense of right and wrong. The war between China and Japan in ten vol-

> graduate of Emory college. He has seen from Georgia papers accounts of the new library for the college and writes Dr. Candler: "As an aluminus you may count tribution of some of my own books as a sort of filial recognition of my alma mater. And as a beginning I send today my latest work, viz. 'History of the War Between China and Japan,' and along with it I send also a letter just received from the imperial princes and the Chinese foreign office, together with the cards of the two secretaries in acknowledgment of the copies presented to them."

Accompanying Dr. Allen's letter are the original imperial letters and cards. They are utterly unlike anything occidental, being oblong in shape, of crimson color and fully twelve inches long.

The imperial secretary who transmits them says he is ordered by the princes and ministers to say that Dr. Allen's "book is very full and faithful; that its tone is generously kind, and its feeling is honest and sincere, and as to the narrative of what happened from beginning to end the effect is to lead the reader to much closer inquiry and reflection. The book shows insight thorough and far-reaching and close attention to the politics of the time. The ministers add that they will not fail carefully to read the book and they wish the

secretary to return their special thanks for the copy sent."

Dr. Allen is greatly honored in the east. Years ago for distinguished services he was made a mandarin. He has been in China since his graduation in 1858, and it is a beautiful act when this distinguished scholar, now grown old and gray, sends the most recent trophies of his great career that they may hang on the walls of the institution at which he was educated.

The museum at Emory college is rich in oriental treasures, but nothing will interest those who visit it more than these curi ously elaborated testimonials of the great men of the east to the worth and wisdom

of Emory's famous son. GAVE OFFICERS A GOOD RACE. A Negro Thief Proved To Be a Lively

An exciting chase was given to Mr. J. C. Huff and Patrolman Thompson by a negro, Huff and Patrolman Thompson by a legio,
William Fredericks, yesterday morning.
The negro went into the store of the Georgia Buggy Company and stole about \$25
worth of chamols skins. As he was coming out with his booty under his arm he was seen by Mr Huff, who suspected something wrong and started toward the negro, who seen by Mr Hun, who suspected something wrong and started toward the negro, who immediately began to run. He ran down Broad street, through a saloon, and jumped over a fence and into the street again, and the street again, and the street again, and the street again. scattering the chamois skins as he ran.

Mr. Huff was right behind him all this time, and as the negro jumped over the fence he saw that he was being hotly pursued, and turned, drawing a knife, and made a lunge at Mr. Huff. Patrolman Thompson came up about this time, and after some trouble succeeded in arresting the man. He was taken before Justice Orr yesterday, where he was bound over to the city criminal court on a \$150 bond, in default of which he was sent to jail. scattering the chamois skins as he ran

little less on the Philadelphia rates and 29 per cent on the Boston and Providence Dr. Allen is a native Georgian and a rates. This cut applies to competitive points on the Seaboard, but to no other places. The steamer lines from the east have agreed to participate in the cuts. About September 15th new rates will go on me to do what I can. It may be little in the way of money, but if the library will in effect for Macon and Columbus. The accept them I may be able to make a con- rate to these points will be made by adding 10 cents to the Atlanta rate, and it will be 75 cents on first class from New York 91 from Boston and Providence and 73 from Philadelphia.

The Florida Central and Peninsular and the Georgia and Alabama roads objected to reducing their rates, and points on the Florida Central and Peninsular will probably not get reductions. The plant system, it is understood, co-operates and so does the Atlantic Coast Line. The Georgia and the South Carolina and Georgia are not in the association, and they will have to take care of themselves. It is understood that they have been watching the reductions Int not meeting them so

Montgomery is not to be disturbed and the first-class rate from eastern points will remain 84 cents a hundred as heretofore. Reductions are also to be made from Vir ginia and other south Atlantic coast ports. Macon's Rate Ahead of Atlanta's.

Macon has heretofore had a rate from

New York 5 cents lower than the rate to Atlanta. Now Macon gets a small advance, 10 cents a hundred above Atlanta. The Macon and Columbus rates will not be published for some days, and it is presumed that the representatives of the associated lines desired to see what the Georgia railroad commission and the boards of north and South Carolina would do with locals. The notice sent out by the North Carolina commission to the roads to reduce their locals to correspond with the through rates, makes the situation all the more embarrassing to the associated lines. While the Seaboard has 1,000 miles of road, the Southern has 5,000 and the Central has 2,000 or more. Hence they would suffer much mor than the Seaboard. Here in Georgia the Seaboard has only 100 miles of line, while the Central and Southern have several hundred miles each.

The Georgia commission will meet on Thursday to take up the question of locals. The South Carolina board will investigate it on Friday and the North Carolina board has invited the railroad men to appear before it on Saturday. Yesterday's meeting of traffic men at the association headquarters adjourned until Thursday, when some of them will come back. Among the officials in the meeting were General Freight Agents Pope, of the Geor-gia and Alabama; Winburn, of the Central; Traffic Managers J. M. Brown, of the Western and Atlantic, and Lutz, of the Atlanta and West Point; Messrs. Menges, Craig and Emerson

Seaboard's Course Unknown The Seaboard's representatives would not say what they were going to do. They said they wanted to see the association rate sheets before talking. Slashing appears to be in their line, although they have announced that they did not propose to said they wanted to see the association

RATE WAR SPREADS carry freight at a loss. The roads south of Atlanta are holding up their rates, and are trying to keep the war on the north side of this city.

But the lines from the west are begin-

ning to reduce rates into the south to meet the cuts from the east and the de-moralization seems to be just beginning to pread. It is like throwing good money away for some of the roads to cut rates because they get no increased traffic. Up to the present, the Seaboard has had in-creased revenue, and while it had the ex-STEAMER LINES PARTICIPATE pense of hauling a greater quantity of traffic, it gained 84 per cent in net earn-ings. Now that other lines are cutting, First-Class Rate from New York to

too, they will get some of their old pa-

too, they will get some of their old patrons back.

It is an easy matter for the Seaboard to reduce its rates from Portsmouth to Atlanta because its line is a straight shoot, while the Southern and the Central radiate all over the territory, and it is a difficult matter to adjust rates to the competitive points.

Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville and junction points on the Southern have not been given reduced rates, probably for the reason that the company desires to avoid subjecting its local rates to corresponding reductions.

There is no indication that the war will end speedily. Old traffic men say that they never saw the situation so bad before in the south, and they talk as if it would grow far worse before it improves.

Officers Re-Elected.

Officers Re-Elected. The stockholders of the Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company held their annual meeting in the Equitable yesterday. President Smith presented his report, a sum mary of which has been published in The Constitution. It showed the earnings have been the largest in the compan history, but the operating expenses, new nistory, but the operating expenses, new equipment and fixed charges with dividends consumed practically all the earnings. President Smith has made great improvements in the property and has added to its equipment. While the cotton traffic fell off some last year, the Atlanta and West Point made increased earnings.

ings.
The annual report is a very complet statement of the affairs of the compan and of its traffic especially. It also contains a list of the stock owners, from which it is seen that the stock is widely distributed, many of the stockholders having only one or two shares.

The old board of directors and officers were re-elected.

They are as follows:

Officers—George C. Smith, president and
general manager; Joseph Herrin, superintendent; H. M. Abbett, secretary and treasprer; R. E. Lutz, freight traffic manager;
Thomas J. Hunter, auditor; John A. Gee, general passenger agent.
Directors—George C. Smith, John S. Big-by, H. M. Comer, M. H. Smith, T. L. Lang-ston, W. B. Berry, H. C. Fisher.

WANT TWO CENTS A MILE.

Traveling Men Ask the Railroads T Sell Cheaper Mileage Books. The commercial men have gone to the railroads and asked them to sell 2,000-mile hooks for \$40. An application was filed yesterday with Commissioner Richardson, f the Southern States Passenger Associa tion, requesting that the rate be granted.

The commercial traveling men are behind the movement. They have a petition before the state railroad commission now, and it is to come up on September 29th. The traveling men will bring strong in-The traveling men will bring strong in-fluence to hear to get the rate from the

The traveling men will bring strong influence to bear to get the rate from the roads.

They have one powerful lever, and that is the routing of freight. The Scaboard Air-Line has on sale 2,000-mile books at \$40, and that company is being befriended in every way by the traveling men. The petition filed yesterday reads as follows:

Atlanta, September 8, 1896.—Hon. Joseph Richardson, President Southern States Passenger Association, Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga: Dear Sir—In behalf of the various divisions of the Travelers' Protective Association of America, in states in or through which the lines represented in your association run—these various state divisions numbering not less than 4,000 men constantly traveling over your lines; also in behalf of the houses which these men represent, and finally, in behalf of the other traveling men, and business houses whose views are in harmony with our own, and in behalf of the people of the southern states generally who must ultimately pay the tax freight and passenger traffic which you levy upon the parties herein petitioning, I am instructed to ask that your association will authorize each railroad composing it to issue 1,000-mile books at the flat rate of 2 cents per mile.

"We believe that this will benefit the railroads, the trade and the general development of the southern states. We feel that the railroads ought not to force upon us the necessity of taking further determined and active efforts in the protection and promotion of those interests whose welfare it is certainly to the advan-

tection and promotion of those interests whose welfare it is certainly to the advantage of the railroads themselves to promote. The rate of 2 cents per mile on mileage books has already been established in your territory by the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham line, the Georgia and Alabama railroad and the Seaboard Air-Line. We need not go into any elaborate argument on this questions, as we feel that your sense of justice and of the rightfulness of our request will impel you to take the action asked for. Yours very respectfully. "Chairman National Railroad Committee." The rate committee of the passenger association was in session yesterday, but neither the mileage book nor the cut rate either the mileage book nor the cut rat

neither the mileage book nor the cut rate question came up. Both may be discussed today. Yesterday was largely consumed in discussing the certificate plan of special rates a subject which comes up every few months.

Among the general passenger men here are General Passenger Agents Turk, of the Southern; Atmore, of the Louisville and Nashville: Haile, of the Central; Taylor, of the Atlantic and Danville, and MacDonell, of the Florida Central and Peninsular.

COLUMBUS IS COMING

A Committee of Prominent Business

Men Will Be Here. Columbus, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—At a meeting this afternoon of merchants of this city, called for the consideration of freight rates into Columbus, Chairman F. B. Gordon was authorized to appoint at his leisure a committee of three to represent Columbus at the meeting of the Georgia railway commission Thursday, at Atlanta

gia railway commission Thursday, at Atlanta.

This action on the part of the meeting was pursuant to the receipt on the part of the board of trade of an invitation to be present at the commission meeting.

Columbus merchants are naturally aroused over the fact that if the cut rates announced by the associated lines apply only to Atlanta, the discrimination would be very unjust. The matter of just what raise Columbus and other Georgia cities are to enjoy is in the hands of a committee which is now in session at Atlanta. It is understood that the railroads, through this committee, may on tomorrow prepare a schedule of local rates by which the Columbus freight rate on first-class goods would be enly 18 cents higher than that of Atlanta, and on sixth class only 6 cents higher than the one of that city.

COMMISSIONERS TO CONFER. The Chairmen from the Carolinas Will

Attend Tomorrow. Chairman Wilson, of the North Carolina railroad commission, and Chairman Evans, of the South Carolina commission, will be here tomorrow to listen to the investigation to be conducted by the Georgia commissioners into the matter of reducing the locals to correspond with the through rates.

These gentlemen come on the invitation of Chairman Trammell, of the Georgia board. They are deeply interested in the question and feel in regard to it as the Georgia commissioners feel. Some of the most prominent railway men of the south will be here, for this matter is of greatest concern to them. The commissioners of the several states which have railroad boards have it in their power to make this war the last one in the south for many a year, if not for all time. They can make it a short war, too, for with their revenues cut down a third or a half the roads will soon he in receiverships.

The loss to investors is not the only one nere tomorrow to listen to the investigation ceiverships.

The loss to investors is not the only one suffered. Some railroad employes who were talking over the situation yesterday predicted cuts in salaries before long. They argued that the managements which are now losing money will soon begin to retrench, and the first thing will be to reduce salaries.

APPROVED BY MAYOR

He Signs the Resolution Declaring for a Reduction of Taxes.

PURPOSE OF HIS OFFICIAL TERM

Action of the Council Monday Generally Approved by People.

JUDGE GEORGE HILLYER IS WELL PLEASED

and That Certain City Salaries Should Be Reduced.

to have met with general approval. The desire of citizens for a lower rate has long been made known and now that the cour cil has put itself on record in the matter the movement is strongly commended. Mayor King's administration has been directed with the view of lowering the tax rate and no one in the city was better pleased at the action of the council than the mayor. He was delighted, and in attaching has approval to the resolutions adopted at the instance of Councilman Culberson Monday the mayor takes occasion to say that it has been one of the chief purposes of his administration to s conduct the affairs of government that a substantial reduction might be made in

the tax rate. Mayor King announced in his inaugural address that the tax rate should be lowered and he reviews the causes which have attention to the fact that extra expenses on account of the exposition, an expenditure for a new water main, etc., increased the expenses of the city, making t impossible to lower the tax rate this or last year. In noting his approval of the Culberson resolution Mayor King says:

"I heartily concur in the sentiment act-uating the general council which caused the adoption of the attached resolution in-troduced by Councilman Culberson, pro-viding for legislation to reduce the tax rate of the city from one and one-half to one and one-fourth per cent, without in-creasing the assessments of property, the the play went smoothly. Mr. Bryton was well supported. Miss Pauline Baxter is the leading lady. Other members of the

tial reduction in taxation would become possible, as set forth in my inaugural address. Only the existence of debts brought over from preceding administrations, and the necessity of providing for them, to-gether with extra expenses on account of the exposition, and the absolute necessity for a large duplicate water main prevented this reduction from being carried into effect by the present administration during 1896. We need, however, only continue intil January 1, 1897, the policy we have peretofore pursued of paying up the in lebtedness inherited from our predeces sors, and confining our disbursements to the municipal income, in order to leave no indebtedness, and thus so to shape the finances of the city as that the tax rate can, and should be reduced without detriment to the progress of the municipality. Of course, it will require continued economy, but the same is proper, and the pro uring of the amendment sought guaran-

ees the reduction desired.
"I am much gratified that the general ouncil has thus expressly approved my declared purpose of spending no more than our income, and of enforcing the charter provisions relating to this matter, and I onfidently rely upon the aldermen and councilmen to aid me in the further main-tenance of this policly during the remain-

der of our term of office.

Comparison of Rates Elsewhere. Atlanta's tax rate of 1.50 of several years' tanding has been regarded as too high for ome time and the people have urged the different councils to so conduct the city in the rate. But in the rapid growth of the city and the necessary improvements in consequence the expenses have been 'arge and it was not considered practicable to make a reduction until this time, when it looks as if the rate can be lowered withut crippling the interests of the city gov-

When Atlanta's rate is lowered to 11/4 under the Culberson resolutions this city will then have as low a tax rate as any city of its size and population, with few exceptions, in the country. The rate in many northern cities is much higher, but it is claimed that in some western cities the present tax rate in Savannah is 11/2, the same as Atlanta's. In Macon the rate is 1½. Columbus has a rate of 1 per cent, which appears to be lower than most

southern cities. In Rome the present rate Cleveland, O., taxes her property owners at the rate of \$13.45 per thousand, or \$1.34 per hundred. In Louisville the rate is still higher, being as much as \$1.88.

In Chattanooga the question was settled some time ago by a reduction of taxes to a rate of 1%. Judge George Hillyer called attention to the Chattanooga case several days ago and has advices from that city which show that the city has not only

been benefited by the reduction of taxes, but that its revenues have not been materially decreased. The city adopted a policy of retrenchment which resulted lowering the tax rate considerably. Judge Hillyer Is Pleased. Judge Hillyer is one of the most ardent low tax advocates in the city and he was

greatly pleased upon hearing of the adop-tion of Mr. Culberson's resolution. He re-called his recent letter on the subject, which was widely read in The Constituti favoring a reduction of taxes. In speaking of the subject yesterday he said: This question of reducing is a fad o nine. I am delighted with the action o the council in adopting Mr. Culberson's resolution calling for a reduction. In Chattanooga the rate was lowered and Mayor Ochs informs me that it was brought about by "no single reduction but by abolishing useless offices and putting salaries of others on the basis existing n commercial circles."

"I do not know the rates now in forc in other cities except that I think Mem-phis has a much lower rate than ours. I think that by the abolishment of useless offices and the reduction of salaries in d partments of the city government the city can easily afford to reduce the tax rate. The salaries should be based on ommercial rates for work of equal r sponsibility and labor. I shall be mor than glad to co-operate in any reasonabl movement for reductions of salaries which will leave adequate compensation, tak ing as a basis the compensation paid for similar service in business circles. In the water department the clerks now receive \$60 per month. There is no reason why clerks and employes in other departments who now get from \$1,200 to \$1,800 per year should not have their salaries realjusted in proportion. But I do not wish to in-stitute comparisons, simply desking as a citizen and official to benefit the city. "But we should not go too far and crip-

He Says a Lower Tax Rate Is Needed

The action of the city council last Mon day in cutting down the tax rate appears

prevented the reduction so far. He calls

Mayor King's Approval.

same to go into effect in 1897.

It has been one of the chief objects and purposes of this administration to so conduct the city's affairs that a substan-

instruments that you have heard played "PORTER KING. Mayor." less, has made many of the musical turns a little the worse for the wear. Originality a mickly recognized on the stage. Messrs. a little the worse for the wear. Originality is quickly recognized on the stage. Messrs. Bogart and O'Brien, two very bright inventive musical geniuses, have put an act together that has gained the approbation of the public and great praise from the critics. As an eccentric comedian, Neal O'Brien has no superior. His every action is ridiculous. Bogart and O'Brien are in the second year of their engagement with the Al G. Field minstrels and are one of the big hits of the show.

"In Gay New York." "In Gay New York."

"In Gay New York," that famous operatc extravaganza which crowded the Casine for so many months, opened its road en-gagement last night at Pittsburg. Messrs. Klaw & Erlanger are to be congratulated Klaw & Erlanger are to be congratulated on the acquisition of this valuable piece of property, as it is sure to do an immense business everywhere.
"In Gay New York" will be presented at the Grand in the near future and a royal treat is in store for our theater-TWO HOUSES BURNED.

> Residences of Mr. Magruder and Mrs. Walker Destroyed. Shortly after 9 o'clock yesterday morning fire was discovered in the residence of Mr. W. T. Magruder, at the corner of Ponce de Leon avenue and Boulevard. The fire was caused by a defective flue and started in the kitchen. The flames spread rapidly and when the fire department arrived on the scene the roof was beninning to fall in and the house next to it, the property of Mrs. Walker, was on fire.

After a few minutes' hard work the fire department succeeded in saving most of Mrs. Walker's house. The other residence was badly damaged and most of the furniure destroyed. The total loss to both ses will amount to about \$5,000, partially covered by insurance.

WILL SHOOT FOR THE TROPAY. Another Contest To Be Made for Ken

drick's Prize. The medal offered by Major W. J. Kendrick to be shot for in the Second battalion will be contested for again in a few days It is now held by Private Bankston, of Barnesville, he being the winner at the last contest. The medal is a beautiful one, and is to be further decorated in a decidedly

whique way.
When Mr. Bankston won it a bar was added on which was inscribed his name and the date on which he won it, and hereafter when a man wins it a new bar will be added. The next contest takes place on the 17th of this month, and is already creating a stir among the members of the Second battalion. Every man is expecting to wir outcome will be looked for with interest.

NO WATER PRESSURE TONIGHT. Pressure Will Ee Cut Off by Stoppage of the Waterworks Engines.

The city waterworks engines will be stopped at about 11 o'clock tonight and there will be no pressure in the mains for an hour or more. The stopping of the en-gines is necessary in order that a new valve may be put in near the reservoir.

The water department notifies consumers of the stoppage of the engines as follows:

"The engines at the engines as tonows:

"The engines at the reservoir will be
stopped about 11 o'clock Wednesday night
to put in a water valve. To do this will
require about one hour. Steam users and
others are thus notified so that they can
fill their tanks to avoid any inconvenience
that might be occasioned by the stoppage."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

are certain works, such as the construction of sewers and laying of warer mains end building of bridges, that should go on, especially the laying of water mains, which are not really an expense, but which bring in revenue that will amount to from 10 to

"I am very much wedded to the idea as ontained in my letter published in The

constitution a short time ago of placing

these reforms and reducions in the city charter. The people are to be congratulat-ed on having a delegation in the legislature

who can be trusted to look after the city'

interests. By amending the charter in respect to these proposed relations the city will lock the door and throw away the key,

council with a complete answer whenever

they will have to do will be to make

the simply reply: "The law forbids it."

THE LYCEUM'S OPENING

With Mr. Bryton's Company in "For

given" as the Attraction.

With two of Atlanta's theaters in full

last, the theatrical season of 1896-97 may

be said to be fairly on us. It was the

Lyceum's turn last night, and Manager

reenwall sent us the opening attraction,

star new to this part of the country, but

established favorite in other sections-

Mr. Frederic Bryton.
"Handsome Fred," he is to his many

admirers, and right well does he deserve

the appellation. But he does not depend on his looks. He is a good actor. "Forgiven" is the play presented. It is

one closely identified with Mr. Bryton's

career. For a good many years it has been the feature of his repertoire, for it gives him, in the reformed gambler, a man-

ly role which suits him excellently. The

play is a strong drama, and the audience gave every evidence of appreciation of the

play and the star. There was a good crowd

out, and the audience seemed very much pleased with the entertainment given. Despite the late arrival of the company—it

did not reach the city until after 8 o'clock-

cast are Messrs. Loring, Shaw, Fosberg,

Reymore, Darrell, Williams; Misses Bar-

night.
The Lyceum theater orchestra, with Mr Frank Lilly at the head this season, is a

Frank Lilly at the head this season, is a last improvement over anything that has wer been in the house. Manager Sharpe has also made other splendid improve-

"Jim the Penman" To Come.

The coming of that sensational drama, "Jim the Penman," will follow close upon the departure of Mr. Bryton.
This company comes on Friday for two nights and a matinee. Frank Bangs, the veteran actor, is at the head of the company, which is under the immediate direction of Mr. A. M. Palmer.

veteran actor, is at the head of the com-pany, which is under the immediate direc-tion of Mr. A. M. Palmer. "Jim the Penman" will be followed by that funniest of all comedians, Joseph Hart, in "A Gay Old Boy."

"Twelve Temptations."

Al Field Coming.

Musical acts as seen in vaudeville and

Matinee today. Closing performance to-

on and Aderhold and Baby Beatrice

thus providing the mayor and

extending the area of fire protection.

ABSOLUTELY PURE AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

20 per cent on the cost by increasing the number of consumers and at the same time by Congress.

WILL APPEAL TO LON

PRESENT LAW IS DEFICIENT

No Case Can Be Made Against Clerk

Woodward's Assailant. MUST BE CARRIED TO THE STATE COURTS

Federal Officers Active in Their Effort To Stop Assaults on the Postal Clerks.

The federal authorities in Atlanta think there is something radically deficient in the laws of the United States when it is possible for a man to enter a postal car and assault the postal clerk, there being no clause in the federal laws which makes such

an offense punishable in any way. The fight between Postal Clerk J. W. Woodruff and R. D. Smith, of Knoxville, Ga., has stirred up the railway mail service men in the federal building to such an extent that they have gone systematically to work to see if they cannot get Uncle Sam to insert a law in the code making any assault upon a postal clerk or any interference with him in his work a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and im-

prisonment. Congressman Livingston will be requested to introduce an act in the winter session of congress making such interference with

postal clerks a misdemeanor. An account of Smith's entrance into Woodruff's car and the assault was published in The Constitution last Sunday. Woodruff, so he claims, asked Smith to get out, telling him it was against the regulations of the government. Smith, it is said, positively refused to get out, and Woodruff tried to force him from the car, when Smith knocked him down and choked

bruised. He reported the affair to Superintendent L. M. Terrell, who has charge of the railway mail service of this district. Superintendent Terrell reported the matter to United States Attorney Joe James, who replied to him that the offense was not punishable under the laws of the United States, and that a state case of assault would have to be made out before Mr. Smith could be punished.

Woodruff came out of the melee badly

There have been two similar instances to the above in the last six months, and the federal authorities were unable to do any-thing, because the offense was merely a violation of a regulation and no violation

Mr. George Murray, manager of the "Twelve Temptations," is here with the company. George is one of the best known and most popular men connected with theatricals and has a number of friends in Atlanta. The "Temptations" played to good matinee and second night houses. of any United States law. Postal Clerk Joseph E. Webb was assaulted a few months ago near Augusta, on the Augusta and Sandersville railroad. He was unable to get any satisfaction out of the United States co

minstrel shows usually have a great deal of sameness about them; about the same Atlantic railroad several months ago, but nothing has been done with the case.

Postal Clerk J. W. Carden was assaul by Deputy Marshal Charles E. Taylor the Roanoke line between Roanoke, Ala., and Columbus, Ga. The case is now on trial in the state court of Alabama, but

trial in the state court of Alabama, but it was impossible for the clerk to obtain redress through the United States courts, though he was doing service for the government at the time he was assaulted. The United States officials in the federal building expressed the belief yesterday that Congressman Livingston could, without difficulty, get remedial legislation passed at Washington during the winter session of congress. An effort will certainly be made to have it done.

The official instructions issued to every postal clerk in the railway mail service are as follows:

"Postoffice Department—Notice:

"Employes of the railway mail service will allow no person to remain in their offices unless duly authorized. In all cases the conductor must be notified of their presence. No excuse will be received for a violation of this order.

"James E. White, general superintendent railway mail service."

"Approved: W. L. Wilson, postmaster general."

If in endeavoring to carry out this reg-

If in endeavoring to carry out this reg-ulation the postal clerk is injured, he has no way to get redress from his assailant



BEST" BELT AND SKIRT HOLDER. Sterling Silver-50c Each. MAIER & BERKELE, JEWELERS,

If You Are Not Ready To Buy a

PIANO Perhaps you would like to

RENT one. We have a fine assortment of renting stock.

Good tone SQUARE Pianos at \$2 to \$3 per month. UPRIGHTS from \$3 to \$5

per month. Schools are now opening and the demand is active.

PHILLIPS & CREW CO.

Call early on

DECIDEDLY

Liverpool Sent a Good Advance and Spots Were Rising.

SPINNERS BOUGHT FREELY Government Report on Cotton Bullish. Stocks Closed Strong and 1-2 to 1 3-4 Per Cent Higher.

The following were the quotations of Atlanta-Firn; middling 713-16c. Liverpool—Firm; middling 713-16c.
Liverpool—Firm; middling 427-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 834c.
New Orleans—Firm; middling 834c.
Galveston—Holiday.

Norfolk-Firm: middling 81sc. Savannah-Steady; middling 75sc. Mobile-Firm; middling 8c. Momphis—Firm; middling 8e.

Memphis—Firm; middling 7 15-16c.

Augusta—Firm; middling 84.

Charleston—Firm; middling 75cc.

Houston—Holiday. lacon-Quiet; middling Sc.

ne following is the statement of the receipts, ship-ments and stock in Atlanta: RECEIPTS SHIPM TS STOCKS.

2343 ... 1255

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Cotton Letter. Atlanta, September 8.—The developments in cotton speculation today were in the main of a bullish nature and prices advanced. Liverpool was decidedly higher, spots there and in this country were more active at rising prices, Liverpool, the south and west bought and shorts and longs about spots there and in this country were more active at rising prices. Liverpool, the south and west bought and shorts and longs also supported the market. Unfavorable crop news continues to be received, and the weekly government report today was bullish. The result was a sharp advance in prices, At one time they were 23 to 47 points higher, but toward the close part of the improvement was lost on realizing, and the last prices were 23 to 32 points up for the day, the close being steady with sales of 240,000 bales. The weekly report sales of 240,000 bales, The weekly report sale that in Texas the yield is very light, and there is very little top crop which can mature outside of southwest Texas. Liverpool advanced 5-32d on spot as compared with Saturday's prices; sales 10,000 bales. Futures there advanced 10 to 13 points, closing barely steady. New Orleans advanced 13 to 16 points. Spots in New York advanced 14c; sales 759 for export, 395 for spinning and 800 on contract; middling 834c. New Orleans sold 4,000. Port receipts 26,819, against 1,182 last week and 9,191 last year. Exports 15,000. Memphis received 1,100, against 1,182 last week and 4,815 last year. Houston expects tomorrow 6,000 to 6,500, against 2,875 last week and 4,815 last year. New Orleans expects 1,000 to 8,500, against 5,100 last week and 1,434 last year.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS

RECEIPTS EXPORTS STOCKS 1896 | 1895 | 1896 | 1895 | 1896 | 1895

18003 6468 5509 450 268283 253885 26036 7109 3640 258825 291097 26919 9191 14409 849 283427 299582

Closed steady; sales 58,200 bales. Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, September 8.—The increased business in Manchester was considered significant to the trade here this morning, and the sharp advance in Liverpool from the close on Saturday opened prices here at an advance of about 30 points. The Galveston News reported a condition as comparing with last year of 6 per cent below, and traders were fearful of another sharp advance in prices. This, however, did not prevent a decline during the forenoon, which was, however, quickly regained. The bureau report regarding the weather is expected to be poor this afternoon and the market is waiting the returns with a nervous feeling prevailing, but with prices. After the publication of the weekly government report, the tenor of which could hardly have been worse, the market eased, showing that the trade was prepared for a bad outlook, but later rallied, closing steady on the belief that the bureau report on the 10th instant would cause further improvement in prices. The better tone in financial and commercial circles is also helping the market.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York. September 8.—Cotton closed steady at a net advance of 23 to 32 points, Cotton Causieri: The sharp rise in Liverpool was reflected in an active and advancing market here today, but aside developments in the speculation which contents to strengthen the tone. Spot markets here and in Liverpool were active and higher; unfavorable crop advices content report was bullish; there was no local shorts and longs bought. An estimate of the Texas crop of 1.750,000 bales and the 10th will show a decided drop in the condition of the growing crop also favorarapidly. Toward the close there was some and part of the improvement was limited to the speciation that the speciation that the bureau report on condition of the growing crop also favorarapidly. Toward the close there was some and part of the improvement was lost, improvement for the day.

Riordan & Co's Cotton Value.

Riordan & Co's Cotton Lester. Riordan & Co's Cotton Letter.

New York, September 8.—Special.)—Cotton had a material advance today. Liverpool led the way with a rise of about 12-64d, citement at 8.70, but there was a great first hour, and January reacted to 8.57. Then a quick recovery. January advancing to the buying started afresh, and there was a ratic first hour, and January reacted to 8.57. Then a quick recovery. January advancing to 8.74. The close was steady, with January at 8.8548.69. The weekly weather report of the government was very bullish, but it seemed to have been discounted before-reactions are to be expected, and we are take profits on good rallies; but we are satisfied that the general trend of the market is still upward, and upon soft spots we would rather buy.

The Dry Goods Market.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, September 8.—The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, in its weekly review of the dry goods market, says: The cotton goods division of the graph o

ers were willing to meet them on anything like the current basis of price for spot goods. Buyers have been letting the future take care of itself; now sellers are disposed to take chances on future developments and are extremely reserved. In various directions there has been a sensible diminution in stocks of merchandise at first hands, and as few manufacturers will risk an increase of production wherever curtailment has been in force until cotton and cotton goods are nearer a parity in price, prospective scarcity an around is well within the range of near probabilities. There has been no change of moment in the market for woolen goods, both men's wear fabrics and dress goods continuing dull. Collections are still irregular and the cause of considerable complaint.

Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, September S-12:15 p m-Cotton spot demand fair with prices firm; middling uplands 427-32; sales 10,000 bales; American 7.800; specilistic sales 10,000 bales; American 7.800; specilistic sales 10,000 bales; American 7.800; specilistic sales flow middling clause Saptember delivery 4 34-64; September and October delivery 4 37-64; 4 36-64; September and October and November delivery 4 38-64; 38-64; 38-64; October and November and Seculary and Saptember and Seculary 4 36-64; 4 38-64; December delivery 4 38-64; 4 38-64; December delivery 4 38-64; 4 38-64; December delivery 4 38-64; 4 38-64; April and May delivery — May and June delivery 4 38-64; February and March delivery 4 38-64; April and May delivery — May and June delivery 4 36-64; September and October delivery 4 46-64; 4 37-64; September and October delivery 4 38-64; April and November and December delivery 4 36-64, 4 37-64; November and December delivery 4 36-64, 4 37-64; November and December delivery 4 36-64, 4 37-64; December and June delivery 4 36-64, 4 37-64; November and June delivery 4 36-64, 4 38-64; November and June delivery 4 36-64, 4 37-64; Duners; March and April delivery 4 36-64, 4 37-64; Duners; March and April delivery 4 36-64, 4 37-64; Duners; May and June delivery 4 37-64, 4 38-64; Duners; May and June delivery 4 37-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 37-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 37-64, 4 38-64; Duners; May and June delivery 5 37-64, 4 38-64; Duners; May and June delivery 5 37-64, 4 38-64; Duners; May and June delivery 5 37-64, 4 38-64; Duners; May and June delivery 5 37-64, 4 38-64; Duners; May and June delivery 5 37-64, 4 38-64; Duners; May and June 48-64; March 30-64; Duners; May 30-64; Duners; March 30-64; Duners; May 30-64; Duners; March 30-64; Duners; May 30-64; Duners; March 30-64; Duners; Marc Galveston, september 8—Cotton, bolday; middling intersecipts 3,751 bales;gross 1,751; sales 42; stock 73,191; exports to Great Britain 4,980.

Norfolk, September 8—Cotton firm; middling 8%; net receipts 2,707 hales; gross 2,707; sales 145; stock 8altimore Sections 1,215.

Baltimore Sections 1,215.

Wilmington September 8 - Cotton firm; middling 7%; net receipts 2,326 bales; gross 2,326 sales none; stock 12,374; exports coastwise 706. Philadelphia, September 8—Cotton quiet; middling 9; net receipts 180 bales; gross 180; salesnone; stock 4,855.

recepts 160 bates; gross 160; sales 200; stock 8,292.

Memphis, September 8.— Cotton firm; middling 7 15-16; ne receipts 1,100 bales; shipments none; sales 700; stock 25,486.

Augusta, September 8.—Cotton firm; middling 84; ne receipts 2,437 bales; shipments 1,222; sales 1,656; stoc. 11,551. Charleston, September 8 — Cotton firm; middling 7½; net receipts 3,305 bales; gross 3,305; sales none; Houston September 661. net receipts 13,331 bales; shipments 8,036; sales none; took 35,540.

THE STOCK MARKET.

Until the Last Hour Stocks Were Weak, the Close Being Strong. New York, September 8.-Speculati

he stock exchange during the early trading was weak in tone. The traders were Il working for lower prices on the theory that a reaction was overdue, and they met with a fair degree of success in cerin parts of the list, notably Manhattan. Weak cables from London proved of some assistance to the traders, and in the first half hour or so of business prices declined anywhere from 14 to 2% per cent. hattan was freely sold and sustained the heaviest loss, falling to 80½, against 83% at the close on Saturday. The street was flooded with rumors that the directors at the meeting to be held later in the day would reduce the dividend because of the would reduce the dividend because of the poor earnings for the quarter. Manhattan's weakness affected the entire list, but the losses were generally confined to the fractions. Around mid-day, the official acement was made that the directors f the Manhattan had declined the regular dividend of 1½ per cent, payable October 1st. No official statement was given out. it was intimated that the had a big surplus, and that the manage-ment fully expected the road to earn its dividend for the year on account nomics recently introduced. The Western Union executive committee has also ommended the payment of the regular

quarterly dividend. Another favorable development was the statement of the St. Paul road for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896. This report showed a surplus of \$2,618,202, against a deficit of \$402,735 in 1895. The directors are to meet late in the week and act on the dividend, and the officials of the American Sugar Refining Company will also convene for the same purpose within a day or two. The developments referred to started up business in a lively fashion in the last hour of business, and prices bounded up rapidly. A sharp de prices bounded up rapidly. A sharp demand to cover short contracts prevailed at this time, and commission houses were also more active. The advance which followed ranged from ½ to 3½ per cent. Manhattan rose 3½ to 84. Sugar 3% to 1664. Burlington and Quiney 234 to 67%. Chicago Gas 2% to 59%, St. Paul 1½ to 70%. Rock Island 2% to 60%, General Electric 1% to 28%. Louisville and Nashville 1% to 41%. Tennessee Coal 2 to 22% and Western Union Tennessee Coal 2 to 224 and Western Union 24 to 814. Speculation closed strong, with prices at or near the top figures of the day. Net changes show advances of 1/2

to 134 per cent on the day.

Total sales were 191,025, including 36,100

St. Paul, 34,900 Sugar and 120,400 Manhattan. Bonds were dull and strong. Sales footed up \$926,000. Treasury balances: Coin, \$115,934,116; currency, \$74,465,170.

Money on call quiet at 507 per cent; last loan at 6, closing offered at 6; prime mer-

Bar silver 6614c. Sterling exchange quiet, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.82\cdot (4.82\cdot (4.82\cdot

posted rates \$4.83@\$4.85; commercial bilis \$4.81½@\$4.82. Government bonds steady. State bonds dull. Railroads bonds higher.

Silver at the board was quiet. Solver at the board was quiet. London, September 8.—Bar silver 20%d. Consols 112 9-16 for money and 112 11-16 for account. Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes 103 francs 121/2 centimes for account.

Illinois Central.
Lake Erie & West.
do pret.
Lake Shore Memphis & Char.... Michigan Contar....

BONDS.

Alabama, Class A. 100
do. Class B. 100
do. Class B. 100
Coulsians stamped 501
N. C. 48.
N. C. 68.
Tenn, new set m t 23.
Virginia is deferred. 5
do Trust deferred. 5
do Trust rec'ts S. 432
Ex.dividend. BUNDS. fAsked. IEx-interest

Closing Stock Review. New York, September 8.—New York News Bureau: According to general expectation the stock market suffered an early reaction today extending from ½ to 1 per cent. It was started by a London decline and talk of the democratic gains in Arkansas. There was no selling pressure, however, and attempts to cover in the afternoon resulted in general improve-ment in values.

ment in values.

The declaration of the regular dividend on Manhattan and the recommendation of the regular dividend by the Western Union executive committee were incidents which the constant of the regular dividend by the western union executive committee were incidents which the constant of the regular dividend the constant of the regular dividend to the r gave the cue for the recovery. The excel-lent showing of St. Paul for the fiscal year The market more than recovered its ear-

In market more than recovered its early losses in most instances, aggressive leadership being taken by Sugar, American Tobacco, Chicago Gas and the Grangers.

The market closed strong and active.

Atchison... Am'n Sugar Refining. C. C. C. and St. Louis. Bur. and Quincy. Chicago Gas. Canada Southern D. L. and W. 1134 12 1114 1134 115% 112% 65% 67% 65 58 59% 57% 44% 45% 44% Edison Gen. Elec American Tobacco Jersey Central. Lake Shore. National Lead. Louisville and Nash... Missouri Pacific... Baltimore and Ohio.... Tenn. Coal and Iron... Northwestern Sorthwestern Southern Rallway.... Omaha. Pacific Mail... Reading
Rock Island.
St. Paul.
Union Pacific
American Cotton Oil.
Western Union
American Statistics

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are bid and asked quotations

RAILROAD BONDS.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Prices in Favor of Bears-Corn a Fraction Lower.

a Fraction Lower.

Chicago, Ill., September 8.—The final outcome in the wheat market today possessed no material advantage over that of Saturday, for either shorts or longs, but the general average of prices during the day was decidedly in favor of the bears. December wheat opened from 57½ to 57%c, sold between 57½657¼ and 58c, closing at the outside—a shade over Saturday. Cash wheat was ½c lower closing firmer.

Corn offered no resistance to the weakness conveyed by sympathy with wheat. Scarcely any interest attached to the pit operations, which were, for the most part, local and scalping, with no large dealings taking place. May corn opened at 24c, declined to 234c, closing at 23%c—¼c under Saturday. Cash corn was easy at ½c lower.

Oats drifted in the same channel as whether Oats dritted in the same channel as with

Oats drifted in the same channel as with wheat and corn, trading at times, however, being fairly active in a local way. Prior to the close some independent firmness was noted, which availed to cause a more pronounced recovery than in either of the leading grains. May oats closed 18014c higher than Saturday. Cash oats were weak, prices ranging from 12 to 34c lower than on Saturday.

Provisions—The provision market was yet

than on Saturday. The provision market was not enlivened by any remarkable incident, and it might be said the trade was unusually dull. The tone of the market was fairly steady, that being the feeling existing in the hog market. A firmer tone in sympathy with the rally in wheat appeared later in the session. January pork closed shade higher and January ribs a shade lower. The leading futures range as follows in Chic

•	Sentamber	C. Deatt.	High.	Y	
4	September	451	561	Low.	Clos
	1 recember.	581	58	5514	54
	44.41 V	62	99	575	58
			623	625	
	September				62
	October	195	15:37	10	
- 1	Decombe		20	19%	19
- 1	December	207	21	193	20
- 1	DIMY	21	20	20%	21
- 1				233	23
- 1	September	1414			~0,
- 1		142	15	14%	
- 1	May		15%	143	15
-1	PORK-	18%	1850	101	154
1	Sentember			185	185
1	September	6.5	5 65		
1			5 6734	5 65	5 65
1		5.5	6 621	5 5256	5 65
			0 6"	6 52%	6 50
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			8 1754	8 17%	2 1736
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			3 60	3 55	E 25
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			3 3216	8 2716	3 27 5
			-		C 21 79
	Paine-Munn				

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Grain Letter.

Paine-Murphy Co.'s Grain Letter.

Atlanta, Ga., September 8.—Early morning news was quite bearish on wheat, and at one time it was difficult to make sales at 1/2c ffom Saturday's closing. Professional scalpers were generally bearish, and took the short side, but evidently sold too much, as offerings were well absorbed, which made rather a firm market the latter part of the session and forced some short covering. The large world's wheat shipments to Europe, 7.53.000 bushels, or about 500,000 more than a week ago, an increase on ocean passage of 2,400,000 bushels, an increase in the English visible of 650,000 bushels, and heavy northwestern receipts (2,512 cars for three days) were the factors that caused the early weakness. After the selling on this news had become exhausted the market advanced on the firm closing in Liverpool, which was unchanged to 1/4d higher, large seaboard clearances 539,000 bushels, and some export business. The strength in Liverpool is a puzzle to the trade. It was naturally thought that market would be lower on the weakness we have shown, but instead Friday. While the question of receipts still dominates the mind of traders, exports are also watched closely and if the latter day it will probably offset the former and cause a better feeling. The visible increased 221,000 bushels—sightly less than weather. The out Inspection and still end. expected.

Corn was weak and lower on the fine weather. The out inspection and shipments were liberal, as they have been for a number of days, but are apparently being lost sight of by traders who can see only a large surplus of oid corn and an Provisions have been firm but uninteresting. Pork seemed to be in fair demand, while trading in lard and ribs was rather neglected.

PROVICIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA. Ga., September 8, 189 Flour, Grain and Meal. Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlants September 8 – Flour, first patent \$4.65; second patent, \$4.16; straight, \$4.50; fancy, \$3.40; extra shifts, \$3.00. Com. white, 39c; mixed, 39c. Oats, white, 35c; mixed, 31c. Ryc, Georgia, 70c. Barley, Georgia raised, 80c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, Georgia raised, 80c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 75c. Meal, plain, 42c; botted, 39c. Wheat bran, 15c. Meal, plain, 42c; botted, 39c. Wheat bran, Stock meal, \$1.00. Cotton seed meal, \$5.00. Storts, 80c. Ball, builts, \$6.00 \$100. Peas, 50c. \$2.50. Bushel. Grib. New York, Sentember 8—Southern flour dull but steady; good to choles \$2.50.2.90; common to fairexteady; good to choles \$2.60.2.90; common to fairexteady; good to wheat, spot dull but firm; options to seak and declined \$60.20 foreign houses bought on the decline and prices act foreign houses bought on the decline and prices act some covering, closing unchanged to \$\sigma 0.20 foreign bought of the decline and prices act some covering, closing unchanged to \$\sigma 0.20 foreign bought of the decline and the south of the so Live Stock.

Chicago, September 8—Cattle steady; receipts 5,000; common to extra steers \$3.20 \(\pi \)5.20; stockers and feed-\$1.50 \(\pi \)4.30 \(\pi \)5.20 \(\pi \)5.20; stockers and feed-\$1.50 \(\pi \)4.50 \(\pi \)4.50 \(\pi \)5.50 \(\pi \)4.50 \(\pi \)5.50 \(\pi \)5.

Country Produce. Atlanta, September 8.—Eags 12½@13. Butter western creamery, 18@18c; tancy Tennessee, 12½@15c; choice, 10c; Georgia, 10@12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys, none; hens 22½c; spring chickens, 12½d 22½c; dicks, 16@18. Irish potatoes—Burkeys, 17.75 Sweet potatoes, new 50@60 # bush, 17.65 Sweet potatoes, new 50@60 # bush, 17.65 g; bu; #bbl., \$2.00@2.50. Cabbage, 1½g22.

Fruits and Confectioneries. Atlent. September 8.—Appies, \$2.50 a2.75. Lemons, Messins, \$4.25 a4.50. Oranges, Jamaica \$4.50. Bananas, straights, 80.604.100; culls, 90.460e Figa. 11@11\$; Raisins, new California, \$1.10a1.25; \$4.50. toxes, 50.600. Currants, 65.67c. Leghorn citron, 13c. Nuts, almonds, 13c; pecans, 74.680c. Brazil, 86.10c. Peanus, Virginia electric light, 5ac; fancy hand-picked, 35.65c; North Carolina, 564; Georgia, 3635c.

A Clock Recently Invented by a Chicago Jeweler.

From The New York Sun.
There are clocks that go eight days, some that go a month, and others that go not at all, but there is only one clock that will keep sood time forty years without winding, and that has just been built in Chicago.

Purdy Campbul

No Tickee No Washee Unless you unless you unless you

Smoke

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SMOKING TOBACCO

Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

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FOR RENT-Rooms.

TWO NICE connecting rooms, suitable for couple; also one room for gentleman. Apply 187 Ivy street.

ROOMS-WANTED-ROOMS.

year-old and twelve-year-old girl chil ; on north side, in Williams or Calhour t school district; person or Calhour

t school district; permanent if satis-ry; private family preferred; best city ences. Address H. H., Constitution.

PERSONAL.

years. He spent his odd minutes at the task and

relemovement is geared so that the barrel wheel containing the mainspring revolves once in two and a hat, years. When this wheel has made sixteen revolutions somebody will have to give the key seventeen turns. The clock will then be wound for another fortyock will then be wound at the rate of one turn a year. The first wheel from the barrel wheel crowds around at the rate of one turn a year. The dial plate is six inches in diameter. Every part of this clock, this near approach to perpetual motion, was made by Mr. Campbell, and the work took most of his leisure for twenty-four mouths. The movement is full jeweled.

The clock will be put in a hermetically scaled case, and it will work in a vacuum, thus lessening friction and preventing the old from drying. It will be impossible for dust to get into the works.

FINANCIAL.

FOR RENT—One block from Peachtree, a 7-room cottage in good condition; possession September 15. Apply, 36 West Baker, sep 9 3t wed fri sun FOR RENT—An elegant 7-room house, on corner lot, on north side, at a hard-time price. Cail 401 Kiser building. sep 8 6t The "Permanent Stock"

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mber 153 : December 19 bid. On 2 September 15³4; May 19 bid.

Cincinnat, September 8 – Flour steady: winter patents \$3.35\(\alpha\), 50\(\alpha\), 3\(\alpha\), 50\(\alpha\), 3\(\alpha\), 6 face \$3.10\(\alpha\), 30\(\alpha\), 30\(\alpha\), 30\(\alpha\), 50\(\alpha\), 3\(\alpha\), 4 Wheat dull and \$0.2\(\alpha\), 50\(\alpha\), 2 white 24. Oats quiet and easy; No. 2 mixed 15\(\alpha\), and 24.

Chicago, September 8 – Flour dull, No. 2 spring wheat 5\(\alpha\), 4\(\alpha\), 3\(\alpha\), 59\(\alpha\), No. 2 corn 19\(\alpha\), 20. No. 2 oats 14\(\alpha\).

Groceries.

Atlanta, September S.—Rousted coffee. 18.10 ? 1000 lb cases. Green coffee choice 18%; fair 16½; prime 15½, 4½; Gugar, standard granulated, 5.04c; New Orleans white, 4½; 45c; do, yellow, 4½; Ayup—New Orleans open kettls 25.64 40c; mixe-3 ? 25.6420c; sugar-house 20.6450c. Teas Black 30.6456; green 20.650c. Rice, head, 6c; choice 5½; Salt, dairy, saks, 8.1.35; do, bbls \$2.26; ceream 90c; common 65c. Cheese, 101 cream, 10.6211c. Soda, 50c; 200s \$1.30.43.175; do, \$2.75; do, rifle (4.00; shot, \$1.35.

New York, September 8.—Coffee, options closed qui and unchanged to 10 points down; September 3.00, 9.25; October — December 8.05 8.70; Spot Rio du and weak; No. 7.105. Sugar, raw, fairly active at teady; fair refining 2.13: 45; effined moderately active distance of the crushed 5.5; powdered; Mandard A.45; cut lo and crushed 5.5; powdered; Mandard A.45; cut lo and crushed 5.5; powdered; granulated 4.5; cut lo 4.4. Molasses, foreign nominal; New Orleans fire open kettle, good to choice 27@37. Rice firm and fair demand; domestic, fair to extra, 3.2@53; Japa 4.94.

Atlanta, September 8—Clear ribsides boxed, 44%; clear sides, 44%; lee-cured bellies, 7c. Sugar-cured hams, 11an 125c; California, 75; Breakfust Lacon, 9acToc, Lard, best quality, 45c; second quality, 45c; compound, 4c. pound, sest quanty, 4 %c; second quality, 4 %c; compound, 4. September 8.— Pork standard mess \$6,25, Lard prime steam 3.10. Dry salt meats, shoulders 3.62%; long clear 3.50; clear rins 3.62%; short clear 3.62%; long clear 3.50; clear rins 4.12%; short clear 4.00; clear state 4.12%; short clear 4.00; clear state 4.12%; short clear 4.25. New York, Sentember 8.— Pork steady; new mess quiet and steady; western steam 3.60; city steam 3.50; Chicago, September 8.— Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork 8.56566.570. Lard \$3.17%; 3.25. Chicago, September 8.— Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork 8.56566.570. Dry saltshoulders boxed, 3.7564.00; short clear sides, boxed, 3.5063.62%. Chicago, September 8.— Pork steady; family \$7.50. Lard quiet; prime steam 3.37%; kettle 3.62%; 3.87%. Bacon steady; shoulders 4.00; short ribs 4.12%; short clear sides 4.25.

Naval Stores.

Naval Stores.

Savannab. September 8.—Turpentine firm at 22½ for regulars; sales 1,500 cases; receipts 2,259. Rosin firm; sales 6,000 bbls; receipts 9,506; A. (B. C. 9,81,356; A. 147,56; G. 81,456; A. 147,56; G. 1,45; A. 147,56; G. 1,45; A. 147,56; G. 1,45; A. 147,56; A. 1,45; A. 1,50; K. 1,55; Waterwhite \$2,00,62,10. Charleston, September 8.—Turpentine flat 21½; G. 1,36; A. 1,36; A. 1,36; A. 1,46; A. 1,4 wh te \$1.90.
Wilmington, Sentember 8 — Rosin firm; strained \$1.35; good strained \$1.40; spirits turpentine firm; machine 21; trregulars 21; ter quiet at \$1.05; crude turpentine quiet; hard 20; soft \$1.55; virgin\$1.65.

TO RUN FORTY YEARS.

Chicago.

Purdy Campbell, a Chicago jeweler, made up his mind that he had forty years of his lite before him. He figured on this basis that he would, during the rest of his life, spend about sixty days of his valuable time winding the clock, to say nothing of time and temper lost through forgetting it. Then he decided to make a clock that would have to be wound but once in forty years.

He spent his odd minutes at the task and has succeeded in producing a wonderful piece of mechanism—the only one of its kind in the world. This forty-year time piece has been placed in Campbell & Co.'s window, No. 9211 Commercial avenue, Chicago, It is fiften inches in diameter, and weighs seventy-five pounds.

The movement is geared so that the barrel wheel containing the mainspring revolves once in two and a han years. When this wheel has been a containing the mainspring rethis wheel has been and a han years.

price. Cail 401 Kiser building. sep 8 6t
FOR RENT—The most desirable house in
Atlanta, the Normandie hotel. Situated
at the junction of Feachtree and West
Peachtree streets; house heated with steam
and open fireplaces; large dining room and
two beautiful parlors; every room fronts
on Feachtree or West Peachtree street;
will lease to desirable tenant. Apply to
Willis E. Ragan, corner Pryor and Wall
streets.

Sept 8 3-t
FOR RENT—Rare chance; an 8-room resi-Of the Atlanta Loan and Investment Company pays 8 per cent interest, free of all taxes; costs \$100 a share. Interest guaranteed and amply provided for now. A limited amount on the market at this rate of interest, Apply to Atlanta Loan and Investment Company, \$11 Equitable building, Atlanta, Ga. streets.

Sept 8 3-t
FOR RENT-Rare chance; an 8-room residence, north side, in a block of two car
lines; electric belis, cabinet mantels, tilt
hearths; splendid neighborhood; corner lot
all for \$25\$ if taken by the 1st. No. 491 Kiser
building.

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5½ % MORTGAGES 7 %

WANTED—Four nice rooms for house-keeping, second floor, near in; must have gas and water; locality must be good and rooms in good condition. Address, with ONE OR MORE rooms, south side; state price, K., care Constitution. J. C. KNOX, Manager ROOMS WANTED-Two well furnished

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WANTED—9 to 12-room house, well cated, within four blocks of Aragon, dress G. W., care Constitution, sep TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES. WE HAVE very fine second-hand type-writers for sale in perfect order cheap, W. T. Crenshaw, No. 13 E. Alabama street,

WE REPAIR typewriters of all makes at very lowest possible prices, and guarantee the work. W. T. Crenshaw, 13 East Ala-bama street. auxi6-im WE DO the finest typewriter repairing done in America; satisfaction guaranteed, W. T. Crenshaw, No. 13 E. Alabama street.

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FIRE INSURANCE, E. S. McCandless, No. 9 E. Alabama St.

WANTED-Miscellaneous.

WANT TO BUY for cash gent's bicycle in good condition but cheap. Hoffman, Columbia or Victor preferred, '96 model. Address 292 E. Cain street. WANTED-A second-hand lathe, suitable to turn chair post, Address W. D. Young, Tallulah Falls, Ga. 100 SCHOOL DESKS for sale cheap. Orr.
WANTED-You to know that we do printing of every description: try us. The Foote & Davies Co. sept2 Im wed fri sun ELECTROTYPING-Finest work done in the south. The Foote & Davies Co.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous. FOR SALE CHEAP—Two store trucks, one letter press, one dray cover at 13 South Broad street.

PENS, pencils, ink, etc., cheaper than anybody. The Foote & Davies Co. sun

FOR SALE-Ledgers, journals, cash books,
daybooks, copy books, etc., cheap. The
Foote & Dayles Co., 14 E. Mitchell st.
sept2 1m wed fri sun PRINTING, binding, electrotyping, stere otyping; we do it. The Foote & Davie

BUSINESS CHANCES. INVEST WITH US-A genuine money earning power with 30 per cent guaranteed. Books open for inspection. Correspondence solicited. Agents wanted in each town. Can earn \$1,000 yearly. Metropolitan Investment Co., 1285 Broadway, N. Y. MPORTANT to speculators: Before investing ascertain financial standing of your broker free. Write investors' Protective Bureau, New York.

Bagging and Ties.



The Lovell Excell..... 75 Wheel We do not want to ship them back to the manufacturer, so we offer them to the public for a few days at Forty-two Dollars,

Thirty-six Dollars, and Twenty-seven Dollars. Everybody knows what these Wheels are. They are known all over the country as High Grade Wheels. Here is your last chance.

These prices are less than they brought at auction. Fulton Auction and Commission Co.

64 Peachtree.

If you will call a Messenger from the Southern Messenger Service he will take your advertisement to the Constitution office free of charge. Phone 1814.

WANTED-Salesmen.

GOOD SCHOOL DESK and supply sales-man. V. E. Orr. 2t man, V. E. Orr.

SHGE SALESMAN WANTED—On commission, one who has had road experience will find an unexcelled line of medium priced men's, boys' and youth's up-to-date shoes, which would sell quickly and largely in connection with any goods not conflicting. Address, with reference, Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Company, Boston, Mass sept6-2t sun wed SUCCESSEUL SALESMEN and 222 Equit SUCCESSFUL SALESMEN call 226 Equi-

A THOROUGHLY competent fertilzer salesas as a side line or exclusively; big money to hustlers. Address Austin & McGee, Cleveland, O.

HELP WANTED-Male. TEACHERS unemployed call V. E. Orr.

BIDS FOR CONTRACT—For six-story, modern office building, Jacksonville, Fla., will be received by Henry Ivis Cobb, Chicago, on or before October 1st, 1896. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of J. W. Archibald, Jacksonville, Fla. sep 9 12 13 16 19 20 A FEW good canvassers. V. E. Orr. WANTED-For United States army, able bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 30, citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For in-formation apply, preferably by letter, to recruiting officer, Fort McPherson, Ga.

AN EXPERIENCED manager of canvassers. V. E. Orr.

WANTED-Man with push to introduce a new article among merchants and stablemen in Atlanta and every city and town in Georgia and surrounding states. Pays per day; sells on sight; no competition. Address, with stamp, American Manufacturing Company, 434 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa. WANTED—Good men to place Equitable
Building and Loan Association stock in
Georgia: loans promptly made: salary and
commission; reference. George A. Smith,
seneral manager. Exchange Bank building, Macon, Ga.

Septi5—148

WANTED Young man can get good posi-tion; nice business; must have \$250 to in-vest. Address with references. "Mdse," WANTED-An idea, Who can think WANTED—An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write John Wedderburn & Co., dept. A 12. patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,800 prize effer and list of inventions wanted.

HELP WANTED-Female.

CATHOLIC LADY or man, good seller WANTED Settled colored woman as maid and nurse for old lady; recommendations required. 213 Spring street. COTTON MILL HELP WANTED—15 or 20 good weavers wanted; families preferred; none but good, steady weavers need apply. Address The Dallas Mfg. Co., Huntsville, Ala

SITUATIONS WANTED-Male.

THOROUGHLY competent fertilize alesman, with long experience, in all con a states as salesman and collector, is open engagement in fertilizer business of her line. Address "Fertilizers," Constitution office. AN TVE, reliable young man wants position at anything he can get. Last position as bookkeeper and cashier at Catawba goid mine; can furnisñ Al references. Address C. W. Anderson, care Wanten position. WANTED POSITION—By young, practical civil and mechanical engineer; references given. Address A. L. Wayne, car Constitution.

Constitution.

Sep 9

POSITION WANTED—With some rei
wholesale house in Atlanta; have h
great deal of experence on the road;
lived in Georgia ten years and can
Al reference from different firms in
gia; shoe business preferred. Will a
position in house or on road at small
ary. For further information, addres
908 Main street, Lynchburg, Va.

WANTED-Agents.

WANTED—Agents.

WANTED—Live agents for the Equitable
Benefit Fraternity. Pays sick, accident
and death benefits, making cash distributions at stated periods. Liberal contract
with state and local agents. Call or address No. 330 Equitable building. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

\$85 AVERAGE weekly net income with \$200 prcofs free. F. Daly, 1293 Broadway, New BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED BOARDERS—Pleasant room and board at 258 Peachtree street. NEW HOME, rooms 20x15, dressing rooms, baths, fine table, near Calhoun street school, 64 Forrest ave. school. 64 Forrest ave.

WANTED BOARDERS—Chercest place, 10vely location, situation convenient, fare excellent, new house, newly and elegantly furnished, 187 South Pryor.

Sep 9 3t wed fri sun
BOARDERS WANTED—Couples or gentlemen desiring best board and home comforts can be suited at 93 Auburn ave.

WANTED—Two couples at private boarding house; terms reasonable. Also table boarders at \$2.50 per week; everything first-class. Mrs. R. Weingart, 143 South Forsyth street. syth street. sep 9 2t . ROOM AND BOARD, \$20 per month. Stu-THE NEW PARK HOTEL, first-class \$2 house, Macon, Ga. Free bus. aug13

MISCELLANEOUS.

DID YOU know fine stationery was the best advertisement you could get; let us prove it to you. The Foote & Davies Co. sept2 1m wed fri sun WE USE typesetting machines and perfecting presses and can handle large orders quickly and economically. Let us figure with you. The Foote & Davies Co.

YOUR EYES

Are worth more than a fortune to you, and should have the best of care. If your glasses don't suit your eves, we want you to see us at once. If you've never worn glasses, but can't see well, we will Julius R. Watts & Co.

Opticians and Jewelers, 57 Whitehall Cash Paid for Old Gold & Silver

MONEY TO LOAN.

GECRGE S. MAY, private banker 78 Te nple Court. Loans on collateral and Adanta real estate; principals only; apply direct to me; lowest rates; best terms. WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 and 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building.

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can berrow that money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office, fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, cashler. BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building. Atlanta. SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 637 Equitable building, Degotiates real estate mortgage loans on property in or near Atlanta. derrower can pay back any way he pleases.

MONEY TO LOAN straight at 5, 5½ 6 and 7 per cent for five years on real estate in Fulton and DeKalb counties; also monthly payment plan; purchase money note wanted. W. A. Foster, No. 2 North Broad street. SHORT and long loans on easy larger notes bought; money on hand; no dear, Sam C. Dean, attorney-at-law, rooms 2-14.

STRAIGHT LOANS at lowest rates on inproved Atlanta real estate, without com-missions; money in bank; no delay, Apply d ect to E. S. McCandless, No. 9 East W. T. CRENSHAW, No. 13 East Alabama street, does fire insurance, accident he Fidelity bonds 'nsurance and supplies. And supplies.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS to lend in sums of \$1,000 or more on improved city property; money in bank. D. P. Holland, sep 9 2t thur, sum

BUSINESS PERSONALS. WE HAVE facilities for doing the very finest quality of typewriter-repairing at lowest prices consistent with the character of work. Have your machine repaired and made to do as good work as when new. All makes of typewriters repaired. W. T. Crenshaw, No. 13 East Alabama street. aug/16-1m.

WANTED-Money. WANTED—To be to \$6,000 on property valued at \$16,000. Am not willing to insert gold clause, but will pay in lawful currency of the country. Want loan for five years. Address "Cash," box \$5.4tlanta, Ga.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—One black horse mule, right hind foot turns out. Return to Randal, Bros., cor. Marietta and North ave., and receive reward. LOST—At postoffice yesterday morning package of proof sheets, containing seven short stories. Can be of no possible value to finder. Will very much appreciate their return to The Sunny South Publishing Company, Constitution building. sep 8 3-4

FOR RENT To an acceptable tenant I can offer one of the most desirable, nine-room tenements in the city, beautifully finished and thoroughly modern in every respect. The house is No. 266 Jackson street, corner Forrest avenue; cars in front of the door and convenient to churches, schools, etc. For further particulars, etc., address P. O. box 83, city.

MONEY can always be had on good notes and collaterals. Checks and Drafts on city

and out-of-town Banks cashed after regular banking hours. TOLLESON'S BANK, 21 and 23. SECOND FLOOR INMAN BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA.

For Rent by C. H. Girardeau, 8 Wall Street. h., Washington (nice).
h. Washington (nice).
olce &r. h., Forrest ave.
h., Woodward ave.
h., Piedmont ave.
h., Crew street
h., East Cain street.
h., 92 Orange street.
h., 70 Sm'th street.
h., East Harris street.
h., 18 Brotherton street.
e on Pryor street.

216 Angier avenue. 31 St. Charles avenue... 233 Courtland avenue ... 403 Spring ... 250 North Forsyth ... WAS

Resh Hash

SERVICE

Babbi Mar The Corn Yesterday day. It was Garnett stree Atlanta owne The day is k the Rosh Has lated, means first day of th count yesterd month of the anniversary people from i

dar each mon scriptural order chapter of Nam The verse in N "On the first there shall be This New Yes "Day of Remer Blowing," due to of blowing a co At the morning to o'clock yester syth street, i panied by the oblown are the story of the street of for centuries The musical by the crowds the altar to the

most filled w standing and whatever during the state of th in vorue their hats by Rabbi David He took his grass withereth of the Eternal He preached that was listention. All of thish. The next Je Kipper, or th

be fittingly ce Yom Kipper September 17th ter the Jewish Cooler Weath changed in the rain and clear. The low pres has decreased has decreased still considers central in the The pressure land states weather and out this sec io Light shows onville are t past twelve ho

Local F

Daily mean t Daily normal Highest tempe Lowest temper Total rainfall of Deficiency of Gener

ATLANTI Atlanta, cle New York. Norfelk, cle Savannah, clea Savannah, clea Jacksonville, GULF STA' Tampa, pa t. Montgomery, Vicksburg, cl. New Orleans, Port Eads, cl. Palestine, jt. Galveston, de OHIO VAL demphis, noxville LAKE R Ruffalo, cle WESTERN St. Paul. c St. Louis, Kansas Ci Omaha, cle Huron, S. Rapid City North Plat Dodge City

Washings South Carol easterly win Eastern Eastern and Louisially winds. Eastern Teartern Tear

Drunken F

cycles N.

ands of

...\$125 Wheel ... 85 Wheel ... 75 Wheel

acturer, so we offer

They are known all is your last chance.

dission Co.,

Are worth more than , and should have are. If your glasses If you've never worm n't see well, we will

. Watts & Co. and Jewelers, Whitehall. or Old Gold & Silver

EY TO LOAN. private banker, 706 ans on collateral and principals only; apply

LLEMAN negotiate loans l estate and Georgia farm ilding. Atlanta.

NETT. No. 537 Equitable dates real estate mortgage y in or near Atlanta. dor

AN straight at 5, 5½ 6 and five years on real estate in Calb counties; also month-

ED DOLLARS to lend in

NTED-Money. orrow \$6,000 on property
00. Am not willing to in-

but will pay in lawful country. Want loan for ss "Cash," box 435, Atlan-sept 8 3-t

STOLEN-One black horse ot turns out. Return Marietta and North

Banks cashed after regular TOLLESON'S BANK, 21 and 22 MAN BUILDING, ATLANTA, GA

able tenant I can offer one sirable, nine-room tenements autifully finished and thorin every respect. The house kson street, corner Forrest front of the door and controles, schools, etc. For lars, etc., address P. O. box

C. H. Girardeau, 8 Wall Street. nity ave., and Forsyth 125 00 W. Mitchell 50 00

Mitchell street...
ventilated offices

FOR RENT Forsyth ..

Babbi Marx Delivers an Able Sermon. The Cornet Blown in the Temple.

Yom Kipper Next.

Yesterday was the Jewish New Year's day. It was relebrated with the customary eremonies at the temple on Forsyth and Garnett streets, and all of the stores in Manta owned by Hebrews were closed in

The day is known among the Hebrews as the Rosh Hashonah, which, literally translated, means head of the year. It is the first eay of the Jewish year, but does not fall on the first month of the year. They count yesterday the anniversary of the of time, but consider the first month of the Jewish year to begin on the people from Egypt. This is the seventh nth according to the Jewish calendar. Jews measure time by the lunar calendar and not the Gregorian calendar, which is commonly used. According to their calen-dar each month averages twenty-nine and a half days. Some months are given thirty days and some twenty-nine-none thirty-

time immemorial the Jews have They do this in accordance with the eriptural order found in the twenty-ninth verse in Numbers reads as follows: On the first day of the seventh morth there shall be a holy convocation."
This New Year's day is also called the "Day of Remembrance" and the "Day of Blowing." due to the custom, still extant, of blowing a cornet in the Jewish syna-

ues the world over. At the morning service, which began at street, a cornet was blown, accomled by the organ and choir. The notes blown are the same that have been blown for centuries.

The musical programme at vesterday's envices was beautiful and greatly enjoyed by the crowds that niled the temple from the altar to the doors. The aisles were almost filled with chairs. Hundreds were standing and there was no spare room whatever during the entire service, which lasted nearly two hours.

Aimost the entire service was in Eng-

list. This is a change from the old services of the Jewish church, which were entirely in Hebrew. Another change nota-Me at yesterday's services which was not vorue a year ago was the removal of their hats by the men of the congrega Rabbi David Marx conducted the service He took his text from Isaiah xl, 8: "The grass withereth, the flower fades, the word

the Eternal endures forever.' He preached a most interesting sermon was listened to with profound atten All of the prayers were in Eng-The next Jewish holiday will be Vor

greatest day of the Jewish year and will e fittingly celebrated in Atlanta.

Yom Kipper this year falls on Thursday, September 17th. This is the tenth day af-

NO RAIN IN THE COTTON BELT Cooler Weather Continues Throughout the Southern States.

The weather conditions continue un-changed in the cotton belt, with little or no rain and clear weather. The low pressure area in the northwest has decreased somewhat in energy, but is still considerably below the normal and is central in the Missouri valley.

The pressure is highest in the New Eng-land states causing comparatively cooler weather and northeasterly winds through-out this section and states east of the Mis-Light showers in Kansas City and Jack

sonville are the only rains reported for the past twelve hours east of the Rockies. Local Report for Yesterday.

y mean temperature..... Daily normal temperature.

Highest temperature.

Lowest temperature.

Total rainfall during twelve hours.

Deficiency of precipitation.

General Weather Report. Daily report of the weather at selected stations as shown by observations taken at \$ o'clock last night (15th meridian).

Station and State of Weather.	Temperature at 8 p. m	Highest temperature.	Precipitation in inches hundredths.
ATLANTIC COAST-			
Atlanta, clear	78	84	.00
New York, clear	66	70	.00
Norfolk, clear	70	76	.03
Savannah, clear	76	84	.00
Jacksonville, pt. cl'dy	78	88	.08
Tampa, part, cloudy.	76	1 82	.00
Montgomery, clear	86	92	.00
Vicksburg, clear	82	92	.00
New Orleans, clear	80	86	.00
Port Eads, clear	82	84	.00
Palestine, pt. cloudy.	90	96	.00
Galveston, clear	84	88	.00
Corpus Christi, clear	84	86	.00
Memphis, clear	84	28	.00
Knoxville, clear	78	86	.00.
Cincinnati, clear	74	80	.00
Buffalo, clear	68	74	.00
Chicago, cloudy	72	76	.00
St. Paul, cloudy	74	80	.00
St. Louis, cloudy	74	80	T
Kansas City, pt. cl'dy	78	86 -	.04
Omaha, clear	84	88	.00
Huron, S. D., cloudy	66	84	.00
Rapid City, clear	60	84	.00
North Platte, pt. cl'dy	70	. 80	.00
Dodge City, pt. cl'dy	90	102	.00

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

Forecast for Wednesday. Washington, September 8.—North and South Carolina and Georgia—Fair; north-easterly winds.
Eastern Florida—Fair Wednesday morning, fellowed by showers; easterly winds.
Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana—Generally fair; southeasterly winds.
Eastern Texas—Fair: southeasterly winds.

ly winds. Eastern Texas—Fair; southeasterly winds. Arkansas—Generally fair; probably cooler Thursday; Sutheasterly winds. Drunken Fight on Piedmont Avenue. A gang of drunken negroes had a lively fight in a tenement house on Piedmont avenue Sunday night. Razors, knives and pistois were used freely in the melee, and the whole gang was attrested and locked in the station house. They were tried before Judge Calhoun in the recorder's court yesterday afternoon and Jessie Hnderson, Joe Clark, Mary Thornton and Bessie Carter were fined \$19.75. Four others were released.



Democratic League.

Meeting To Be Held Friday Night in the Basement of the County

Courthouse.

The young democrats of Fulton are waking up.

They are preparing to take an active hand in the campaign, and from this time until the close of the fall elections the cembers of the Young Men's Democratic League of this county will be eager in their efforts to push the good of the party. A call has been issued for a meeting Friday night at the courthouse. An elecresterous Mr. W. J. Mattard, Jr., and nounced that he was a candidate for that office and stated that he would be in the race to the finish. Before that time only

His Rounds.

His Pretty Sweetheart Came All the Way from Philadelphia To Meet Him Last Night.

A marriage which was the outcome of a romantic courtship occurred last night at 7 o'clock, Justice Feute officiating. The bride was Miss Mattie A. Hayes, of Philadelphia, and the groom was Mr. James D. Harris, the engineer at the po-

lice station. It was a case of love at first sight, and started at the exposition.

During the exposition Mr. Harris did patrol duty on the grounds, and Miss Hayes future reference. It was briefly compiled future reference. sight, and started at the exposition. follow a warm fight for the presidency.

Yesterday Mr. W. J. Mallard, Jr., antounced that he was a candidate. saying a good deal for his heart. He would go swinging his club about the grounds, and his friends noticed that he was very

ROSH HASHONAH CELEBRATED AT THE SYNAGOGUE.



tory, but that he is in for good, hard work and will put business methous into the Mr. Williams has been vice president of

the association for the last term. It is claimed by his friends that by right of former usage the presidency should come to him. Heretofore, they say, it has been the custom to push up the vice president to the first place. In addition to this they claim that Mr. Williams is the best man for the office, because of his past service to the league and to the party. He has made an active member of the day.

lard was seen vesterday. the race. If elected, it is my purpose to thoroughly organize the league and put it to work in a determined effort to roll up a large majority for the democratic state ticket in this county and to lend any assistance in the power of the league to carry the banner of democracy triumphant-ly throughout the entire state.

y throughout the entire state,
"The league has always done effective
work in state elections, but by perfecting
a more businesslike and permanent organization it will be better equipped to fight democracy's battles victoriously, and forever annihilate populism in this county. "If I am elected, my administration will be characterized by more work and less

oratory." Both young men are good democrats and are willing to make a stanch fight for the party. The election will be held Friday night in the basement of the county court-house. A large crowd of young democrats will be present.

MR. CHARNER HANCOCK DEAD. Man Prominent in City Affairs Passes Away at His Home.

Mr. Charner J. Hancock died at his home yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. Mr. Hancock had reached the lifty-first year of his age, and has been for many years a familiar figure on the streets. He has been prominent in city politics, having served as po-lice commissioner for eight years. For the last twenty years of his life he has been foreman of the Winship Machine works. Mr. Hancock was a prominent Mason, being a member of Atlanta loage No. 59. The the Winship Machine works. members of his lodge will attend his funeral in a body and march with his remains to he cemetery. He leaves a wife and two sons, Walter

and Will, to mourn his loss.
While Mr. Hancock has been in bad health for some time, his death was quite sudden and was a severe shock to his fam-ily, as well as to his large circle of friends. The funeral services will be held at the house, 188 Courtland street, tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock, and the interment will be

Mrs. Abbie Joyner Dead. After many months of patient suffering Mrs. Abbie Joyner passed away at her home, 48 Williams street, yesterday morning. She had reached the age of twentyseven, and died of consumption. The funeral services will be held at SS. Peter and Paul's church this morning at 9 o'clock, and the interment will be at West-

View cemetery. FUNERAL OF MRS. THAYER. The Impressive Services Conducted by

Dr. E. H. Barnett.

The funeral of Mrs. D. W. Thayer occurred from the residence of Mr. J. Frank
Beck, No. 621 Boulevard, yesterday afteroon at 3 o'clock.

noon at 3 o'clock.

Quite a large concourse of friends gathered at the residence to pay their last tribute of esteem to one who in life was so dear to them. Many handsome floral offerings adorned the casket, including almost every appropriate blossom of the The impressive services were conducted

by Dr. E. H. Barnett, the pastor of the First Presbyterian church, of which Mrs. Myst Presbyterian church, of which are Thayer was for several years a member. His allusion to the many traits of character touched a responsive chord in the heart of every one present, while many sympathetic tears were unlocked by the tender memories of her life which he revived

careful that no harm should come to or particular building. In fact so solicitous was he about this building that he made a point of going through it many times during

At the same time he began to sigh and wear that far-away look. Indeed he look

Mr. Mallard, however, is out flat-footed, ed so far away that many bad men were and states that he will make a vigorous allowed to go scot free because he could fight for democracy if elected. Mr. Malnot see them. The cause of all this was a young lady in that "Yes," he said, "I have decided to make Harris had fallen in love. There is no denying it-big, fat, good-matured Harris had fallen desperately in love.

cated by his heart's ideal, and he lost no time in proposing, and was accepted. After the exposition Miss Hayes returned to Philadelphia, but not before her lover was assured that she would return and join her life with his. True to her promise she arrived last night and was met by Mr. Har-ris and driven at once to Justice Foute's court, where the knot was neatly and securely tied in a few moments.

Mrs. Harris is a pretty young lady of

about twenty-two, and has a sweet, winning way about her. It is no wonder that she readily made a deep impression on the heart of Mr. Harris. He affirms that this is the first time that he was ever in love and says that it is the most peculiar pain that he has ever had. Mr. Harris is in charge of the big engines at the police sta tion, and is noted down there for his mense bulk and genial nature. will make Mrs. Harris a model husbane there is no doubt.

JOE ALLEN GETS RELIGION.

Alleged Forger Says He Will Lead New Life Hereafter.

The profession of religion by Arthur Henye is still having its effect among the other prisoners in the jail. The latest convert is Joe Allen, the man who was arrested and locked up several weeks ago on three serious charges of forgary. Allen has announced his intention of be coming a changed man. He reads his Bible and prays almost constantly. He regrets the error of his ways, and in a conversation with Jailor Eubanks yesterday Allen stated that he intended to lead a Christian life hereafter.

The prisoner also intends to do mission ary work, and has selected Jailor Eubanks and his assistants as his first subjects,

and his assistants as his first subjects. Yesterday Allen sat in his cell and penned the following epistle, showing his deep concern for their future welfare.

"To the Good Jailors, Mr. Eubauks, Mr. Cohen and Mr. McCullough, Gentlemen: It is with a pride commingled with an ambitiousness desire to show my appreciations to you three gentlemens that I at this moment attempt to write to you all. I wish to say that your kindness to me has opened a new feeling in my heart that has not been felt by me in some time. And with an unboundless appreciation I shall remember you kindly to my God in heaven in the humbless way I know how, and in future may God be your judge. I am new a Christian boy, converted in jail, and I am proud of it, and may He lead you to the way of truth and righteousness, as I believe you are good men with hearts of fiesh and not stone. My earnest wish fis that when your souls shall leave this world they may rest in heaven, Respectively yours.

Tom Delk has also expressed his intention of becoming a Christian, and he spends his fonely hours praying and reading his Bible.

In fact, there is a nicable difference in the morals of the whole jail. Hanye's death seems to have been a wonderful message to the prisoners, and all are even more or less affected—with one exception, and that is Biscuit. He is as mischievous as ever and gives Jailer Eubanks more trouble than all the rest put together.

Both Allen and Biscuit will be tried next

No News of Hice.

Mrs. Henry Hice, who has been cruelly deserted by her husband for another woman, and who states she will find the runman, and who states she will find the runheart of every one present, while many
sympathetic tears were unlocked by the
tender memories of her life which he revived.

The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. G. B. Hinman. Charles
G. Beck, A. R. Bryan, M. L. Case, Dr.
C. M. Paine and J. Howell Greene. The
interment occurred in Westview cemetery.

Labor Crushing Ticket.

Central Labor Union, of New York, Condemns McKinley's Manager. Labor Leaders Stirred Up.

Chicago, September 8 - (Special.)-The following from The New York Journal, of the 7th instant, was commented on by labor men today:

in the following letter from the secre-York body, in response to a request: "Cleveland, O., August 29, 1896.—Dear Sir and Brother: In reply to yours of the 24th instant, in which you desire to learn the attitude of M. H. Hanna relating to

labor unions, I will say that previous to the republican convention at St. Louis the Central Labor Union of this city propounded a number of questions to the republican workingmen of this country to ask of M. H. Hanna. In that manifesto it was charged that Hanna had wrecked the Seamen's Union of the lower lake regions; that he had smashed the union of his street railway employes and refused to allow them to organize now; that he had assisted in destroying the mine workers' unions of Pennsylvania; that he had at-tempted to break up the carpenters' unions of this city by employing scabs on a new mansion at a critical time this spring when the eight-hour day was being put into effect; that he had a strike of laborers street railway employes and refused to the computer of the computer o

Cleveland he is so well known as a labor crusher that not a solitary member of a labor organization, or, in fact, any other citizen, will attempt to defend the man's malodorous record. I will add that several weeks ago Mr. Hanna attempted, through a third party, to have the president of the Central Labor Union or myself wait upon him to have a "talk," but his overtures were treated with the scorn that they deserved. If Hanna has anything to say, he can come before the Central Labor Union and say it. He has been chalinged to do so. Yours fraternally,

""Corresponding Secretary C. L. U."

"The one McKinley man, apparently, in the Central Labor Union, Delegate McCabe, of the Goldbeaters' Union, tried to prevent

etter. It is only making political capital for one party. Ninety per cent of us would

tics,' he said. 'Some time ago the Central record might be spread on the Labor Day souven'r of the Central Labor Union if it even more unique than the one published came in time. Hanna has been a labor union crusher, and we and every labor body are against him, not for political ns, but because he is an enemy of

strain, and in spite of the protests of Mc-Cabe, the letter was adopted and filed among the official documents of the union." The various leaders of labor organiza, tions are much stirred up over what Hanna is reported to have said about organized in favor of organizd labor-for that is the only way to control it. I have never failed to do what I wanted with organ-

ized labor." These remarks have stirred up consider-Powderly is also causing comment, and will have a good effect in certain investiby republicans that they will purchase the labor vote is another cause that is will make those who do sell come very

The Councilman Is Very Sick and Visitors Are Not Allowed To See Him. The friends of Councilman W. S. Bell are exceedingly anxious as to his condition. Mr. Bell has been confined to his bed some time and his condition is very unfavorable. He is suffering from an attack of pneumonia and his physicians decline to allow na and his physicians define to anow visitors to see him, so dangerous is his condition. Mr. Bell is one of the most active members of the council and he is regarded very highly by his associates in that body and in the city.

DR. LOVE IS SICK.

Venerable Physician Confined to His Bed by an Attack of Fever.

As an evidence of this fact the invitations themselves have perhaps never seen a parallel. In the ordinary engraved style the following words make up the invitation:

"You are cordially invited to attend a reunion of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Jay D. Edwards to celebrate the fortieth anniversary of their marriage, to be held in Masonic hall, chamber of commerce building, on the afternoon of Sunday, September 13, 1896, commencing at 3 p. m. Take elevator Pryor street entrance."

The unique feature of the invitation is the engraved photographs of Mir. and Mrs. Edwards which adorn the top of the card. A set programme, divided into three distinct parts, has been arranged, which provides for prayer, music, addresses and refreshments. The programme is printed in full on the invitations as follows:

PART I.

Prayer—Rev. A. F. Ellington.
Organ Solo—Eugene Hardeman.
Song (selected)—Quartet from First Methodist choir.
Overture—Weem's orchestra, P. MeHubbard, organist.

Tenor Solo (selected)—William Owens.
PART II.
Anniversary ceremony, conducted by Dr. I. S. Howkins D. P. Ph. D. assisted by Sr. I. Alankan, and I protest against in the vision of the series of the invitation, if it can be made.
I have no ill will against Mr. Haas nor in the first mit," and he speaks in on deprement on Capitol avenue. Has Mr. Haas forgotten that for payement on Capitol avenue. Has Mr. Haas forgotten that for payement on Capitol avenue. Has Mr. Haas forgotten that for payement on Capitol avenue. Has Mr. Haas forgotten that for payement on Capitol avenue. Has Mr. Haas forgotten that for payening the paying on that street, and is it not true that he did sign such a petition? When the paying on that street, and is it not true that he did sign such a petition? When the paying on that street, and is it not true that he did sign such a petition? When the paying on that street, and is it not true that he did sign such a petition? When the paying on that street, and is remarked the greatest opposition and devoted much time, that he did sign such a

Anniversary ceremony, conducted by Dr. S. Hopkins, D.D., Ph.D., assisted by

Song (selected)-Quartet from Payne's Overture-Weem's orchestra.

Benediction-Rev. R. P. Martyn. The occasion will undoubtedly be one of great interest. It is not an exaggeration to say that there has never been an exactly similar wedding anniversary in history. Mr. Edwards has already met with abundant success in his efforts to make the occasion remarkable, though he has only issued the cards of invitation. It is

in the novel invitations. MR. HURT TO MR. HAAS. Reply to the Card Written by the

Unique Invitations Sent Out by Mr. Jay Edwards To His Friends. TO CELEBRATE HIS MARRIAGE Unusual Programme Planned for Sunday Next, the Fortieth Anniversary of His Wedding. The most unique wedding anniversary ever seen in Atlanta or, for that matter, anywhere else in this country, will take place in Masonic hall, chamber of commerce building, next Sunday afternoon, commencing at 3 o'clock. It is the fortieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Jay D. Edwards. The tin wedding, the silver Wedding, etc., are frequently celebrated, but as a rule they follow hald down customs, embracing simply a reception at the home of the married pair. Mr. Edwards proposes to make the celebration of the fortieth year of his wedded life an unusual occasion. There will be nothing ordinary or commonplace about it. As an evidence of this fact the invitations themselves have perhaps never seen a parallel. In the ordinary engraved style the following words make up the invitations themselves have perhaps never seen a parallel. In the ordinary engraved style the following words make up the invitation of the pavenents to capital and changed the grade by making deep cuts and heavy fills at various points, and where the work cost the railway company over \$27,000? How was it on Pryor shall be provided against a proposition for public improvement which, in my opinion, had merit in it, and he speaks in condemnation of public improvement high, in my opinion, had merit in it, and he speaks in condemnation opposition? It defining his position yesterday he nothing ordinary or commonplace about it. As an evidence of this fact the invitations themselves have perhaps never seen a parallel. In the ordinary engraved style the following words make up the invitation opposition for public improvement on Capitol avenue. Has Mr. Haas forgotten that for has statement of facts? When, on any server oppose an improvement of an interest in the statement of any statement of any property on Capitol avenue and was not interested in the path and compan Resh Hashonah Fittingly Celebrated by Candidate for President of Young Men's Bluecoat Harris Found Fair Eyes on Fail To Find Solace in Mark Hanna's Unique Invitations Sent Out by Mr. Jay SERVICES AT THE SYNAGOGUE WILL OPPOSE EB T. WILLIAMS MADE LOVE AND PATROLLED MUCH COMMENT IN CHICAGO TO CELEBRATE HIS MARRIAGE

be made.

I have no ill will against Mr. Haas nor any citizen of Atlanta, and I protest against the species of intermeddling which Mr. Haas seems so fond of. No one should object to any good fortune which might befall Mr. Haas or any enterprise in which he is interested. I submit that every individual in the city should be accorded equal rights and privileges. What have the people of the fourth ward, and especially citizens on Edgewood avenue and Inman Park, done to incur Mr. Haas's displeasure? Yery respectfully.

JOEL HURT, Rev. R. P. Martyn. PART III.

Barytone Solo (selected)—Randolph Rose, Address—H. C. Stockdell, 33d degree, Song '(selected)—Payne's Memorial quar-

possible that he has some surprises still held back and that the programme will be

Well-Known Banker. Editor Constitution—In my communica-tion to your paper of Monday last, touch-ing the Edgewood avenue matter and the interview of Mr. Haas and others, I assumed that the statements made were from fair motives and were not prompted by any spirit of strife or envy. Mr. Haas had been quoted as saying that while in the city government he had never voted against public improvements. This statement remained several days without contradiction or correction by him. I called his attention to the fact that this statement was not true, and that on many, if not on all occasions, he had opposed improvements on Edgewoed avenue. Mr. Haas, in his card, which appeared in The Journal of yesterday over his own signature, and after having been called to time on his statement, claims now that he was misquoted by The Journal reporter. He confesses now that he did oppose improvements on Edgewood avenue, and what is most amazing in face of the results, he undertakes to justify his opposition. His card throughout leaves no further ground for doubt of his real motive of appearing in print at this time on this subject.

In finding fault with the methods of the East Atlanta Land Company, Mr. Haas says: "The East Atlanta Land Company should have done like the Capital City Land & Improvement Company, etc." I donot wish to detract one iota from whatever good work was done by the Capital City Land and Improvement Company, etc." I donot wish to detract one iota from whatever good work was done by the Capital City Land and Improvement Company, etc." I donot wish to detract one iota from whatever good work was done by the Capital City Land and Improvement Company, etc." I donot wish to detract one iota from whatever give to the city? If anything at all, I have failed to hear of it. Possibly it may have given some right of way to have a street opened through vacant property. What did the East Atlanta Land Company give the city? It gave all the streets in Inman Park and graded most of them, at a cost of about \$30,000. It gave over \$75,000 in land and money toward the opening of Edgewood avenue and paid over four-fifths of the cost of building Edgewood avenue bridge. The public is acqualinted with th

The public is acquainted with these matters.

Mr. Haas objects to a grade being fixed on Edgewood avenue because other streets need this kind of improvement. Who doubts it, and has stated to the contrary, and who denies the right to have them graded; unless it be Mr. Haas, when the streets do not happen to be just where he is interested? Again he says, "Mr. Hurt, in seeking to raise the grade of Edgewood avenue at the expense of the city, is at his old tricks, * * While he always opnoses Any improvements on other streets.

ture, and that no erring reporter would stand between him and a deliberate his statement of facts? When, on any occa sion, did the East Atlanta Land Company **REV. N. WAYNE WOLCOTT.** INTERVIEWED BY A REPORTER FOR THE INDEPENDENT. He Tells of His Recovery from an Illness That Threatened To Incapaci-

Atlanta, September 8, 1896.

FRINGNITZ SECURES A DIVORCE.

Well-Known Musician Is Granted a

Decree of Separation from His Wife.

Carl Gustav William Pringnitz, a musi-

cian, was granted a total divorce from his wife. Mrs. Elizabeth A. M. Pringnitz, in the superior court yesterday. Judge Lumpkin signed an order allowing Car!

Gustav to contract marriage again if he should so desire. He alleges desertion on the part of his former spouse.

Mrs. Lula Cooper obtained a first verdict

f divorce from her husband. Charles

Cooper, yesterday in the superior court. She charges that her husband got drunk, cursed and abused her.

'Ye Old Booke Shoppe," 23 Marietta

Street. School books, new and second-hand. Books bought. sep 4-lit

**** FOR MEN

There are many articles in

GORHAM SILVER, such

as Smoking Sets, Silver see mounted Shaving Imple-

ments, and Toilet Articles;

Suspender Buckles, Cigar-

ette Cases, Match Boxes-

not one of which will ever

fall under the suspicion of

as each article carries the

famous GORHAM trade-

mark: Lion, Anchor, Letter

G. A B B B B B B B B B B B B B

PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM
Cleanes and beautifies frowth.
Promotes a Insurinate growth.
Promotes a Insurinate growth.
Promotes a Insurinate growth.
Lair to its Youthful Color.
Cures scalp diseases & hair failing.
Soc, and \$1.00 at Druggists

WILLINGHAM

Closing Out

One and one-half million feet of rough, sized and dressed south Georgia yellow pine lumber thrown on the market.
One hundred thousand feet plain and quartered kiln-dried white oak, poplar, ash and white pine.

ONE MILLION FEET

Doors, Sash and Blinds

We are obliged to sell, and if we cannot get our prices, will take an offer. We are going

TO MOVE OUR PLANT

and locate at the corner of North avenue and Marietta street. In order to save the moving of our stock, we offer it at greatly reduced prices.

WILLINGHAM LUMBER CO.

Factory, 64 to 86 Elliott street; office, No. 1 North Forsyth street.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOMAS W. LATHAM,
Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga.
220 and 222 Temple Court. Phone 233.
R. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell
DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL,
LAWYERS.
Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe building,
1/2 Whitehall, Telephone 520,

dy He Used. From The Independent, Auburn N. Y. It having come to the knowledge of the editor of The Cayuga County Independent, of Auburn, that Rev. N. Wayne Wolcott, pastor of Baptist church, of Fleming, N.

editor of The Cayuga County Independent, of Auburn, that Rev. N. Wayne Wolcott, pastor of Baptist church, of Fleming, N. Y., had been cured of nervous prostration by the use of Dr. William's Pink Pills for I ale People, he sent a reporter to that town to ascertain from Mr. Wolcott the truth of the report, and receive from his own lips a statement of his case and how he had been benefited.

The reporter found Mr. Wolcott to be a gentleman some forty or fifty years of age, in good health, and active in his ministerial duties. He is highly esteemed as a pastor and a citizen, and is a gentleman of strict integrity, whose statements can be implicitly relied upon as truthful in every respect and devoid of exageration. In reply to questions as to the truth of the report that he had been benefited by Pink Pills he made the following statement: "Eight years ago, while pastor of the Baptist church at Covert. N. Y. I was stricken with nervous prostration. During the winter of 187-8 I had conducted revival services and delivered a series of lectures in addition to my work as pastor and became completely run down. I could not work and felt as though my days were numbered. I tried a doctor, but did not receive much asi from him.

"At this time I received a call from the church at Tully, N. Y. At first I determined not to accept it, for I knew that in my weak condition I could not do the work. But hoping against hope, I finally decided to try, and accordingly went there. My health continued to fail and I grew weaker and I thought I would have of give up entirely my work for God, which I love. Just then, however, the sun broke through the clouds. Mr. Tallman, of Tully, whom I shall always remember as a benefactor, recommended me to try Dr. Williams Pink Pills. He had tried them and they had done him good. As a last resort I tried them. The effect was very wonderful and immediate. From the very first box my system began to tone up, my blood became rich, and once more I became the strong and vigorous man I was before my health f

tate Him-He Is Now Able '10 At-

tend to His Duties-Has Nothing

but Words of Praise for the Reme-

"My labors, if you know of the labors of a country parson, you can readily believe, were very heavy. I had not been able to work, and was losing my interest in the cause of Christ, but like magic my old vigor returned and for three more years I labored there and raised \$4,000 toward building up the church in addition to my regular duties. All of my friends say of me that I am a very hard working man, but in Covert I could not work. After I went to Tully and the pills had restored my health, I think I may say that I merited that name. For three or four years after I left Tully I did evangelistic work. Two years ago I came here. Since then I have never had any return of my old trouble, but am in good health, strong and active, with no symptom of nervous prostration, which was caused by overwork. It is a homely expression, but I felt like a 'wrung-out disheloth without any starch in it.'

"I owe my present good health to Pink Pills, and want most heartily to commend the magic remedy to every one troubled with nervous prostration or physical magic remedy to every one troubled h nervous prostration or physical tkness." eakness."
As a parting remark Mr. Wolcott said:
I have often thought that in return for
hat Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done
r me, I would like to become a medid missionary to make known their mer-

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on of price, 50 cents a box, or six box \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' McCompany, Schenectady, N. Y.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

New and Secondhand,

And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at JOHN M. MILLER'S. 39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga. Law Book Publishers. The Foote & Davis Co.

PRESENTS *** RAILWAY: -: SCHEDULES

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City-Standard Time.

Southern Railway. being anything but genuine, Central of Georgia Bailway.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

0. ABRIVE FROM No. DEPART TO 3 Resident TO 3 Remains To 3 Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

| No. ARRIVE FROM | 12 Newman | 7 35 am | 14 College Park | 10 0 Asm | 11 College Park | 8 10 am | 18 Montgomery | 1 32 m | 11 College Park | 8 10 am | 18 Paimetto | 11 45 am | 16 Paimetto | 2 15 pm | 13 Montgomery | 1 30 pm | 13 College Park | 2 30 pm | 13 College Park | 2 30 pm | 13 Selma | 4 20 pm | 20 Paimetto | 8 20 pm | 17 Paimetto | 3 45 pm | 15 Selma | 1 00 pm | 15 Selma | 1

Georgia Railroad.

Seaboard Air-Line. ARRIVE FROM No. DEPART TO Norfolk...... 5 20 am 402 Washington... 14 45 am Washington... 6 45 pm † 38 Norfolk....... 8 10 pm Middle Georgia and Atlantic Ry. Co.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

School? Printed by The Foote & Davis Co.

Have you seen a copy of the 20th Century

Arithmetic by Prof. E. E. West, of the Boys' High

WAS NEW YEAR'S DAY MALLARD WANTS IT LOVE ON HIS BEAT UNION MEN AROUSED REUNION UP TO DATE

"The labor record of Mark Hanna, the manager of the McKinley forces, was condemned by the Central Labor Union yestary of the Central Labor Union, of

lodged the issue.

"Neither Mr. Hanna nor any of his satellites has dared to meet these questions, and they are unanswered today. Here in Cleveland he is so well known as a labor sollier member of a

of the Goldbeaters' Union, tried to prevent the Central Labor Union from taking any official action in the matter, but was un-'I do not see.' he said. 'why we should

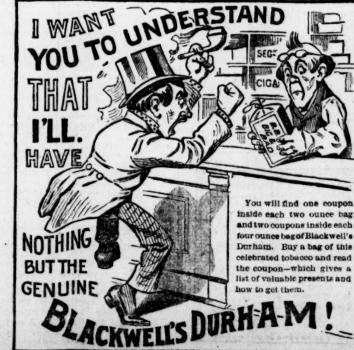
not have given it a thought if it had not been for politics. You have plenty of capitalists who can beat that record. If you use it for a political purpose you violate the mandates of the Central Labor Union.' "Half a dozen delegates got up to reply, but Delegate Meisel got the floor.
"This has nothing to do with party poli-

organized labor.'
"Other delegates spoke in the same

able trcuble. The position of Debs and gations that will take place. The claim very much discussed in labor circles, and

MR. BELL'S SERIOUS ILLNESS.

The friends of the venerable Dr. W. A. Leve will regret to learn of his serious Love will regret to learn of his serious illness at his residence on Whitehall street. He is confined to his bed by an attack of fever and his condition is dangerous. Dr. Love is one of the oldest physicians in the state and he is widely known throughout the city and Georgia.





CROPS IN BAD SHAPE

Most Discouraging Report of the Year Issued Yesterday.

RAINS CANNOT SAVE COTTON

Marbury's Informants Expect Little More Than a Half Crop of Cotton This Year.

Weather Forecaster Marbury issued yesterday his weekly review of the crop conditions in Georgia. It shows a di couraging state of affairs. He declares that the cotton crop is too far advanced to be benefited by rains, even if they should

come in proper abundance and fall in every

section of the cotton belt where needed. More than half the crop, he says, h opened and many of his correspondents express the belief that the yield this yea will not be very much more than ha

It has been unusually dry during the pas week, which, coupled with the four weeks of oppressively hot weather in July and August, has caused the water in many o the streams of the state to dry up con siderably, leaving the streams very low.

The forecaster sends out the most di couraging report of the year this week. I

"Excessively dry weather, with warn days and cool nights, predominated during the past week, to the serious detriment of all growing and maturing crops. Cotton continues to open very fast, and picking is advancing with all possible dispatch. The crop is now too far advanced to be benefited crop is now too far advanced to be benefited by rain. Indeed, it is a question if, this crop would not be considerably lessened now should rain occur. More than half the crop is now open. The most sanguine place their estimates at not over two-thirds of a crop, while the major portion of our correspondents think it will not go much beyond 50 per cent of last year's crop. Turnips are suffering seriously, and unless rain occurs very soon the entire crop will be a complete failure. Pastures are drying up and stock growing thin. In are drying up and stock growing thin. In many sections stock water is becoming very scarce. Streams are drying up and springs and wells getting low. The housing of late corn has commenced, with propects very discouraging as to the yield. Young cotton, peas, corn, potatoes and other minor crops will be ruined without rain very soon. Rain is also badly needed to soften up the ground and put it in condition for plowing and fall seeding. Gardens are completely ruined, and there are practically no vegetables for home a sumption.

Northern Georgia.

"Dry weather continued throughout the rain fell on the 4th, temporarily breaking a drought which has lasted six weeks. While the rain came too late to benefit cotton, it freshened up other vegetation considerably. Over most of the norther section the drought continues and all crops are suffering seriously. Cotton is opening very fast; more than half the cro is already open, and is being picked a rapidly as possible. The crop in this se tion is variously estimated at from half to three-fourths of last year's yield. Late corn is being housed. This crop is very Pastures are failing rapidly, and stock growing thin, as a natural consequence. Gardens are about ruined, so that it is difficult to secure vegetables for home consumption. The pear crop will be ver short, unless rain falls very soon. Turnip are in such a condition that rain mus come soon or the crop will be a total

Middle Georgia.

"Reports from counties throughout this section of the state are even more dis couraging than those from the upper counties. No rain, except a few light and widely scattered showers, too light to lay the dust, has fallen, and vegetation of every kind is drying up. Cotton picking is in progress and being pushed forward as all open. It is thought by many of our correspondents that this year's crop will not be over half of that of 1895. The nigths and early mornings are cool, but the days are very warm, and the heat has a serious effect upon working stock. Gardens ar nearly all ruined, and vegetables are ver scarce. Peas, potatoes, cane and all mino crops are in a very serious condition o account of the continued dry weather. Rain is now badly needed to make the turning crop, and to put the land in proper condi tion for fall seeding. Pastures are very poor and failing rapidly, and stock water in many localities is very scarce. Springs and streams are running low. Stock, as rule, is in poor condition and losing flesh

Southern Georgia.

"The prevalent weather conditions throughout the southern counties have been very unfavorable to the growth of vegetation during the past week. The light showers which fell during the latter part of the preceding week were followed by excessive sunshine, which had a tendency excessive sunshine, which had a tendency to scald vegetation rather than promote its growth. Early cotton is nearly all opened and much of it has been ginned and sold. Late cotton is looking very badly; the leaves and bolls are dropping before maturing. The crop is considerably below the average. Late corn is made and some has been gathered. The crop is short. The vines of field peas are drying up and leaves are dropping off for lack of sufficient moisture. Pastures have failed considerably during make sweet potatoes, turnips and bring out pastures. Many streams are almost dry, and stock water generally is scarce. In this section of the state it is thought the cotton crop will be but little over half the average." the past week. Good rains would help to

WEATHER AND THE CROPS.

Distribution of Rain in the Southern States.

Washington, September 8.-Following are extracts from the summary of the weekly climate and crop builetin of the weather

Virginia-The occurrence of local showers fairly well distributed has improved the condition of late corn, peas and pastures and done much to put the ground in condition for fall plowing; corn cutting

Ladies Who Suffer From any complaint peculiar to their sex—such as Profuse, Painful, Suppressed or Irregular Menstruation are soon restored to health by Bradfield's Female Regulator.



Elberton's Schools Open. in toning up and strengthening the system by driving nels all impurities Elberton, Ga., September 8.-(Special.)-The Elberton seminary and the coilege have both opened up this week with full attendance. The seminary is under the

EISEMAN BROS NO BRANCH HOUSE IN THE CITY Manufactory 213 W. German St., Baltimoro Nd. Washington, D. C., Corner 7th aad E Sts. N. Washington, D. C., Corne



Autumn..

"The best dressed man is he whose Clothes one is unable to remember" was the standard by which, a few years ago, we judged of our neighbor's good Tailoring . . taste, or his lack thereof. Then to be unassuming in dress was to be utterly swagger, and modesty was as good policy as honesty. But standards change. Today Fashion sets her seal of approval upon masculine gard that is like Joseph's coat.

An epidemic of gaudy styles has broken out which render an unassumingly dressed man out of the swim. Don't hug the delicious delusion that last year's Clothes will do duty for this year. Plain tweeds and serges are not the things. There's an inundation of bright effects, and you must yield, for is not Fashion czar of the world? You may abhor her favorite materials, but you can't disobey her edicts. Fashion may sway uncompromisingly, but Tailors are not tyrants. Examine our new weaves, patterns and colors in Suitings and Trouserings. We can please your fancy whatever direction it takes. Don't want to buy today? All right; make your choice; lay it aside until you are ready. It's a good time to get your pick, and Mr. Robert Sharpe, our cutter, is ready to give good service. Of course prices are moderate, must be, or we wouldn't be increasing sales daily.....

Boys' ...

Wonders in Boys' Clothes. All the Clothing new effects for Autumn and Winter are ready. Prices lower than ever. Call 'em tailor=made, for the fit is as perfect as those made to measure. Tremenous forward strides in Boys' Clothes. Special novelties are thick here that challenge the world. Improvement the order of the day.....



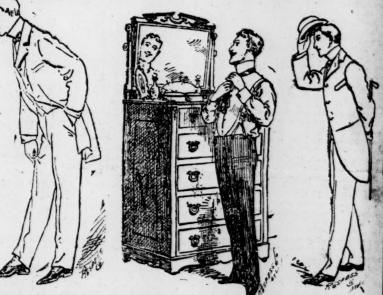


We were the first . . Bicycle Clothiers in the Clothing Bicycle Clothing in a liberal way. Suits, Separate Trousers, Sweaters and Hose. Our mediumpriced goods will compare with what cost high elsewhere. The variety is now at its zenith. All the nobby and dainty patterns that are so swell.....

NOS. 15 AND 17 WHITEHALL STREET

Washington, D. C., Corner 7th aad E Sts., N.W

The Fall-buying season is at hand. There will be new comers to our city===strangers, recent residents, etc., that don't know our store and Clothing. It's in place to say a word or two why so many prefer to buy our Clothing. First, we manufacture all we sell, because we make it better than we or anybody else can buy from the wholesaler, for thereason it's made entirely different. We come in personal contact with the wearer. To skimp it, to reduce its cost, would be at the expense of good service. Our aim is to make it worth all the money paid. Consequently there is an always constant and increasing demand. Do you know a good profit can be derived from skimping in what may be called the hidden parts, the trimming and workmanship? Slight either, it's sure to lessen service. Do you know a profit could be made by substituting cotton thread for silk? Buyers can't see and don't know, and won't know until it fails to give proper service. Certainly the young men's Clothing store of the city; we've made it so by catering to their wants in Suits, Hats, Neckwear, Furnishing Goods and the



rains benefited cane and polatoes; minor crops yielding light, except fair in southern counties; very little fall plowing dane.

Mississippi—Good weather for cotton picking and for gathering corn and other crops over the greater portion of the state, but heavy and excessive rains over the southern portion seriously injured cotton by beating it out and staining it; no improvement indicated in the short yield, and cotton picking is being pushed to completion; minor crops and fall gardens benefited where showers occurred, but many sections still suffering for water for crops and stock.

Leuisiana-Good harvesting weather for

corn, rice, hay and cotton picking: cane and vegetation generally benefited over southeastern parishes by generous rains, but dicughty conditions continue over the nor. 1 and southwest portions of the state, where cotton and rice are yielding short crops; rice on irrigated lands vielding well

Arkansas-No change in condition of cot-

Arkansas-No change in condition of cotton except some damage in localities by wind and rain staining the fiber: picking has become general, except in the north nortion: corn being gathered, and very light yield; minor crops doing fairly well, but many localities need rain.

Tennessee-Light local rains generally throughout the state, heaviest in western portions, too late for material benefit, except to turnips, pastures and starting plowing; drought still serious in many localities; cotton opened well, picking rapidly progressing, crop half gathered; tobacco about all cut and housed and being curad; hay about all saved.

charge of Mrs. Nancy Heard Davis.

Washington, D. C., Corner 7th and E., Sts. N.W.

Manufactory 213 W. German St. Baltimore, Md. NO BRANCH HOUSE IN THE CITY EISEMAN BROS

progressing and considerable tobacco cut and housed: some fall seeding done.

North Carolina—Week not too warm, with beneficial showers, but badly distributed, Starts Auspiciously. Starts Auspiciously. favorably for farm work; absence of a The school children recited their first general rain is cutting short all late crops and preventing seeding of winter grains; all cotton will be open by October 1st; rice lessons yesterday. They had been assigned

to their duties the day before by their and peanuts ordinary; peas and potatoes teachers and yesterday morning began the first work of the school term.

No accurate report has been made to still good.
South Carolina-Hot, with rain in ten still gcod.

South Carolina—Hot, with rain in ten western counties only; corn being housed, yield disappointing; cotton fully two-thirds open and being picked rapidly; no top crop; cane deficient in sap; fine rice harvest weather, but unfavorable for truck interests, late forage, turnips or root crops; late peas not fruiting.

Excepting limited sections of western and southern districts, the rainfall has been light, proving an excellent week for cotton picking, housing corn and haying; copious showers needed over greater portions of the state to stimulate growing fall crops and germinate vegetable seed; potatoes, rice and cane generally good; as harvesting proceeds the shortage of corn and cotton becomes more apparent.

Alabama—Cotton opening rapidly and about one-half picked, with no prospect of a top crop; drought continues, except in extreme southern counties, where good rains benefited cane and potatoes; minor crops yielding light, except fair in southern counties, very little fall plowing dane. Major Slaton yet and it is not known exactly how many children have been admit-ted to the schools.

The superintendent is still busy with those children who were late in applying for admittance and with those who have not been able to find seats in the schools

to which they were sent. All the schools are crowded to their ut-most capacity and the children are ready for work. The teachers have been able to assign the children to their respective classes this year earlier than ever before and everything is now in working order. The board of education is well pleased with the work that has been done thus far and expect to see some grand results at the end of the school term.

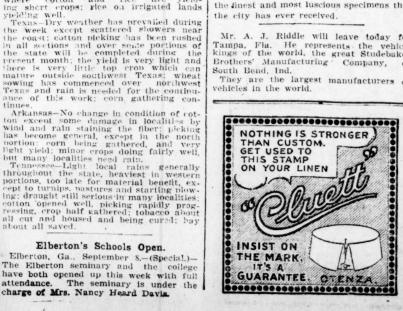
GOLDEN GATE FRUIT.

Messrs. McCullough Bros. Get the Finest Lot Tet. This has been Atlanta's prize season for California fruit. By far the finest shipof fruits from the Golden Gate state that has ever been sent to the southeast has been distributed through the market this season. Messrs. McCullough Brothers received yesterday a full car of California assorted fruits of the finest quality. This morning the fruit will be offered to the Atlanta trade, and it contains

Mr. A. J. Riddle will leave today for Tampa, Fla. He represents the vehicle kings of the world, the great Studebaker Brothers' Manufacturing Company, of South Bend, Ind. They are the largest manufacturers of

the finest and most luscious specimens that

the city has ever received.



WIRE TIE FIGHT LOST

Seems That the Compress Men Have Defeated the Substitute.

FLAT TIES WILL BE USED Thus the Tie Trust Has Won a Victory

for the Present Year.

WILL ORGANIZE FOR NEXT YEAR'S SEASON

Commissioner Nesbitt Believes the Wire Tie Could Have Been Easily Used-What He Says.

Commissioner of Agriculture Nesbitt is greatly disappointed in the action taken by the compress men in regard to the wire tie that he intended to substitue for the steel tie manufactured for the trust. He feels sure that the wire tie would ave proved successful had the compress men not refused to use it. He had one bale wrapped in the wire tie and says was as good as the flat tie. He says it holds the cotton just as tightly, and does not cut the bagging. He received a letter yesterday from South Carolina stating that the wire tie was in universal use in that state. The letter says the compress men use the tie, and that cotton is shipped in it. The export men also receive it, and it is found to be as good if not better than the flat

The commissioner says he is not working against the interests of a Georgia industry when he fights the flat tie, but is fighting against the cotton tie trust. If the manu facturers of the country should make the price of ties themselves, he would not fight it, but he doesn't intend to let a few men cause the farmer to pay an ex-horbitant price for ties if he can pre-

He is confident that the wire tie can used to advantage, and is as good a substitute as can be found. He estimates that the farmers of the south will lose a million and a half dollars by the trust. and thinks that if the wire tie had been introduced and used this amount would

He thinks that the farmer will compel the compress men to take the wire tie next year, and in that way kill out the turst. The merchants all over the country he says have bought the flat tie, and will. therefore, not use the other. This is one thing that has helped to keep the wire tie from being used by the farmer.

What the Tie Men Say About It.

vesterday that the wire tie would never be used to any extent. He looks on the whole matter as a fraud. He states that the farmer will be able to make a large profit out of the flat tie, and would lose money if the wire tie were used. He says that as far as all merchants are concerned, they would just as soon sell the wire tie as the flat one, but the farmers would not

He further states that the compress men cannot use the wire tie without losing money by it. They send cotton with the wire tie on it to the exporters, and they in turn hand it over to the steamship companies. When the cotton arrives in New York it is in a bad condition, the bagging being cut and the ties in a bad shape. The steamship company in a case like this refuses to handle the cotton. The exporters have flat ties put on the cotton and charge the amount of cost to the in land compress that first placed ties on the

This statement is denied by those who

buy the wire tie.

advocate the wire tie, and they say that cotton having wire ties on it is in as good condition when it reaches New York as that having the flat tie on it. The tie men claim that Colonel Nesbitt is making a useless fight, and the intro-duction of the wire tie is having no effect on their sales, which are larger than ever before.

Will Turner Now in Jail.

await trial in the superior court. Officer Bankston is now out of danger and will be able to resume his duties before long. NOT DR. FLOYD W. MCRAE. It Is Dr. F. Bartow McRae Who Will

Leave Atlanta. Dr. Floyd W. McRie, member of the pard of health, despite the impression that has gained circulation, 14 not going to go west. Dr. McKae, states that it is his intention to remain in Atlanta.

However, Dr. F. Bartow Metae, also a well-known physician, has announced that he intends to leave the city and take up a permarent residence in the west.

The similarity in the names of the two physicians has, in this instance, caused Dr. Floyd W. McRae considerable annoyin this instance, caused

Marshal Crow Out on Bail. The trial of Deputy Marshal W. K. Crow, of Columbus, who is charged with robbing

a man named Rice in Cobb county a few days ago, did not take place yesterday in Marietta as advertised. A postponement was taken until Saturday and his bond, which was fixed at \$500, was furnished and Crow was released until that time.

Keep your blood pure and healthy and you will have a good appetite. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives the blood vitality and richness, and tones the whole body. Give it a trial now to prevent sickness.

A.O. M. GAY & SON FAIL

Sheriff Barnes Closed Their Store Shortly After Noon Yesterday.

TWO MORTGAGES FORECLOSED

Firm's Creditors Are Rosser & Carter and Cthers-A. L. Delkin Transfers His Property Rights.

The firm of A. O. M. Gay & Son was closed out by the sheriff yesterday. The doors of the firm's store on Whitehall street were locked and the sheriff retained possession of the keys. The firm has recently been in financial straits and a number of mortgages were

given on the stock of furnishing goods, hats, etc., and vesterday morning two of the mortgages were foreclosed. The executions were turned over to Sheriff Barnes, who presented them to Gay & Son at 2:20 o'clock, closing the doors of the store at that time. The foreclosed mortgages were given t

Will Turner, the negro who came near illing Policeman Bankston with an ax sev-Rosser & Carter and to the American Hosiery Company, the latter a New York concern. The first mentioned mortgage was eral weeks ago, was transferred to the jail yesterday afternoon. The grand jury found a true bill against him on the charge of given to cover attorneys' fee liability. The second was to satisfy creditors on account. Rosser & Carter's mortgage is for \$500 and assault with intent to murder, and he will the American Hosiery Company claims \$87. Several weeks ago the creditors of the firm became uneasy and application was made for a receiver. The firm made rangements with the several creditor whereby the court declined to grant the petition and the business continued wit out court interference until yesterday, was hoped by the Messrs. Gay that the could meet their obligations and contin in business, but dull times and firm was compelled to give up. There are a number of creditors of the firm who will now come forward and clai their share of the proceeds of the sale

the stock and fixtures which will resu from the closing of the store by the sherif The liabilities are several thousand dollar but the stock is worth a sum equal to the industries, it is believed. Mr. Walter F Brown represents a number of the cred tors of the concern and he applied for receiver but his clients were sa issued.

The Mosses Gay have been shown. in Atlanta several years and they have many friends in commercial circles who will regret to know of their failure. The firm consists of Mr. A. O. M. Gay and Mr

was filed with the county clerk yesterday, consisting of several pages of typewritten

Was filed with the county clerk yesterday, consisting of several pages of typewritten

Was filed with the county clerk yesterday, consisting of several pages of typewritten

Was filed with the county clerk yesterday, plars courteonsy invited. By order JOHN R. WILKINSON, E. C.

M. B. TORBETT, Recorder.

pecifications of the property in issue. specifications of the property in issue.

Mr. Delkin is the well-known Whitehall street jeweler. He says in his notice that the transfer is made in consideration of a loan made by his wife amounting to \$5.200. He owns a number of lots and houses and other property, which are enumerated and all are transferred to Mrs. Delkin.

Judge Reid's Docket Crowded. Judge Reid, of the city civil court, heard a number of motions in open court yesterday norning and called the docket of cases in his court. The docket is crowded for this term of court. A number of cases were set for next week and the grind of the important court will soon begin in earnest.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies must use Syrup of Pigs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuina article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

New and Secondhaud, And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase. at JOHN M. MILLERS. 39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

"Ye Old Booke Shoppe," 23 Marietts Street. School books, new and second-hard.

Books bought. sep 4-44

FOR ONE DOLLAR

You can get the DAILY AND SUN-DAY CONSTITUTION until November 10, 1896, covering the entire period of the presidential campaign

Souvenir of Southern Female College, the handsomest piece of illustrated work ever turned out, was issued from the presses of The Foote & Davis Co.

sep 2 1-m wed fri sun

MEETINGS.

Atlanta Commandery, No. 9, K. T. Sir Knight-Attend stated

dom, It would subject of great at large had an either north or Mrs. Palmer as woman, and of the world

American wo She has ris through any maneuvering to by her right o most capable the Convent o Besides this dignity and gethe best know enjoys an irrewhy on earth anywhere surpi been received is a type of di proves the cap high positions brilliant career

be said to shrewdness in of social powe

Mr. and Mr. Miss Belle Sc

Miss Annie I Cobb this yea Miss Allie J passed throug to Athens, who

Miss Evely Mr. Edward official, recently Panama railroa

Mr. Samuel spent yesterd Lieutepant C from Warm S Mr. Thomas

> Miss Leon in from Mount A Mrs. W. F. nephew, Hor. Since the acc ica seems to day, it may a woman's

first secretary and recently knight comn says very na said: "Americ

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HALL STREET St., Baltimora Md. n and E Sts., N.W.

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Bicycle othing liberal way

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perty in issue well-known Whitehall ays in his notice that

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amounting to \$5,210

h are enumerated and Mrs. Delkin.

ity civil court, heard a n open court yesterday the docket of cases in

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number of cases were and the grind of the

on begin in earnest.

t and perfect safety ast use Syrup of Pigs,

makes it their favorite

true and genuina

printed near the bot-

For sale by all re-

nool supplies. A useful ith each purchase, at HN M. MILLER'S, ta St., Atlanta, Ga.

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DAILY AND SUN-ION until Novem-

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lery, No. 9, K. T.

BOOKS.

Secondhand,

Docket Crowded.

The next wedding to fill royal society columns will hardly abound in the same interest as these noble unions frequently do, as the bride-to-be is tall. pesse and poor, and the groom short, usly and rich. Princess Helene of Montenegro, who is described as a stalwart brunette of six feet, is the daughter of the Prince de Montone-gro, one of the many Russians of noble families dependent on the bounty of the czar. The groom-elect, the young crown prince of Italy, is scarcely five feet high, extremely delicate and even his own countrymen marvel at his obtaining the heart d hand of the Princess Helene. The home of the newly married couple will be one of the most superb in Italy, that of the Pitti palace at Florence, famed for its gorgeous nings and art treasures.

afternoon at St. Luke's cathedral Mr. Albert Avery, only son of Colo-

when Mr. Albert Avery, only son of Colo-nel and Mrs. I. W. Avery, was married to Miss Amelie Avery, of Washington, D. C. A few intimate friends witnessed the ceremony and the young couple left at

once for a short bridal trip. Miss Avery is

a handsome and fascinating young woman with unusual accomplishments, while Mr. Avery has been highly educated and has

It is hardly agreeable to Mrs. Potter

Palmer to notice that several northern publications have expressed the greatest

surprise that she has been enthusiastically

received in Newport society and that her recent ball was attended by the ex-

her recent ball was attended by the ex-clusive devotees of knickerbocker swell-dom. It would certainly have been the subject of greater surprise to the country at large had any set in American society, either north or south, failed to recognize Mrs. Palmer as a beautiful, distinguished

woman, and today occupying in the eyes of the world a prominence enjoyed by few

American women.

She has risen to her high position not

through any unusual luck or successful maneuvering to obtain social honor, but by her right of birth, since she belonged to

well-known and prominent creole family

and a Bertha Honore was one of the

most capable girls ever graduating from the Convent of the Visitation, Georgetown.

Besides this she is a woman of beauty

dignity and gentleness, married to one of the best known men in the country and

enjoys an irreproachable reputation—so why on earth should her social success

Her position as president of the woman's

tire of American woman. As such she has

ves the capacity of women to rise to proves the capacity of women to the provide the state of the baracteristics or assuming anything like the "man-like" prominence sought by some

lous women with peculiar ideas of

been received in the courts of Europe. She

made her as notable as she is today may

be said to be a wonderful amount of shrewdness in judgment of people, unusual

tact, a well-balanced mind, all combined

with beauty, dignity and the necessary wealth and opportunity wherewith to as-

sert herself as she really is-the woman

department of the world's fair placed he in a position where she was the representa

anywhere surprise anybody?

a happy future before him.

Miss Mattie Slaton has returned home. Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Chamberlin, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Chamberlin, Jr., have returned from Warm Springs.

Miss Belle Scott left yesterday to attend school at the Lucy Cobb institute.

Miss Annie Howell will be at the Lucy

Cobb this year.

Miss Allie Joseph, of Columbus, Ga.,

passed through the city yesterday en route to Athens, where she will attend the Lucy

Miss Ella Powell is the guest of the Misses Venable at Stone Mountain. Miss Evelyn Austell has returned to

Mr. Edward Ford, a prominent railroad official, recently general manager of the Panama railroad, is a guest at the Ara-

Mr. Samuel Parrott, of Columbus, Ga., spent yesterday in the city.

Lieutepant Oscar Brown has returned from Warm Springs.

Mr. Thomas Thornton, of LaGrange, spent yesterday in the city. Miss Leontine Chisholm has returned

Mrs. W. F. Slaton is the guest of her nephew, Hon. Warner Hill, near Colum-

Since the account of incidents pertaining to the visit of Li Hung Chang to Amer-

any of them, and I am prepared to say at they are more graceful, beautiful and bultured than those of any other country

The family of Mr. John T. Glenn has re-

Mr. J. K. Ohl has returned home. Miss Lucy Peel has returned from the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs. Mrs. Julia Knight McKinloch is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Roy.

Mrs. Andrew Carter has returned from Miss Orrie Tuggle, of LaGrange, is the guest of friends in the city.

Miss Mary Louise Huntley has gone to Dr. McCormick and family are visiting

Miss Nellie Phillips left yesterday for Nashville, where she will visit for several weeks.

irch to the strains of Mendelssohn's wed-g march, played by Miss Wooten. he ushers were Mr. Lovic McElroy and Clarence Dean. Mr. Clarence Dean.

The attendants were Miss Alice Robins,
Mr. Claud Smith, Miss Annie Key, Mr. Eugene Smith, Miss Annie Dean, Mr. W. D.
Thomas, Miss Ruby McElroy, Mr. Joe
Christian, Miss Annie Lizzie Laird.
Miss Mary Thomas, maid of honor, entered with the bride, and the groom with
his best man, Mr. Marvin Thomas.

The ceremony was performed by Dr. J.
B. Gibson, Rev. Charles Lane and Rev. W.
B. Dillard.

. Oilosof, rev. Charles Lane and Rev. W. billard.
Miss Thomas wore a stylish traveling cosme of brown, carrying bride roses. The ridemaids were attired in dainty white organdy growns.

Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple left for Atlanta, where a nice reception was tendered the bridal party September 2d by Dr. J. B. Robins, at his home in West End.

Covington, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)— Mr. and Mrs. William Corley, of Atlanta, Covington, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. William Corley, of Atlanta, are here on a visit to relatives and friends. Mrs. E. E. Malcolm, of Boston, is visiting Miss Annie Pace, on College avenue. Mrs. Dr. J. C. Wingo and son, Harrington, after spending a few days with Captain and Mrs. A. R. Bomar, left for their home in Carrollton yesterday afteraoon.
Mrs. Sallie Clark, of Birmingham, Ala., is here on a visit to the family of Mr. and Mrs. James Wright.
Miss Grace Lee left this morning for College Park, where she goes to complete her course at the Cox college.
Mrs. Myrtle V. Groce, after an extended visit to Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Polson, returned to Atlanta today.
Miss Pauline H. Askew, of Atlanta, has returned here and resumed her duties as teacher in the primary department of the Covington public school.
Mrs. Emmet Womack and her daughter, Miss Nellie, are again at home to their friends on Church street.
Mr. J. R. Mobley and Miss Estelle Stewart, of Atlanta, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Robinson.

Miss Maud Craig has returned home.

Miss Annie Comer, of Savannah, will

Petersburg, Va., September 8.—(Special.)—

Miss Ruth Sinclair Vaden was married this afternoon at the parsonage of fligh Street Methodist Episcopal church to Pro-

WIVES OF THE GOLD STANDARD CANDIDATES.



Mrs. John M. Palmer.

season.

be among the beautiful and popular young women to visit Atlanta during the winter

Mrs. Mary Heartwell, of Albany, Ga., is Major Fitten has commenced the erection of his home on Peachtree street, op-posite that of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Porter.

The many friends of Mrs. Robert J. Low ry will be delighted to learn she is recovering from her recent illness. Miss Caroline Thompson will return to the city next week and be with Mr. and Mrs.

Mrs. R. A. Johnson is expected home this week from Virginia.

The friends of Miss Mary Fleck will re-

gret to learn of her critical illness at the residence of her sister on Pryor street. Miss Reba Loring Renouf has returned

Professor W. F. Dykes, wife and baby have returned to the city after spending the summer in Marietta.

Mr. Taylor Felder has returned to the city after a pleasant visit to relatives in day in Griffin, returning to Atlanta yes-Americus, Ga.

Mrs. M. A. McCaine and Miss Lizzie Prince, of LaGrange, are spending several days with Mrs. C. L. Owen, No. 4 St.

Charles avenue. Dalton, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—Mr. Corley Stradley and Miss Bertie Evans, Mr. Joe Moore and Miss Georgia McCarny were married in North Dalton yesterday. Miss Annie Cannon and Flora Boyd have gone to Bartow, Fla., for the winter.

Miss Ruby Freeman, of Atlanta, is visit-Miss Ruby Freeman, of Atlanta, is visiting in the city.

Mrs. May duBois Smith is here from Texas on a visit to relatives.

Mrs. W. C. Glenn is quite ill at the home of Colonel J. A. Glenn.

Will McCarty has accepted a position as traveling salesman for Trotter Bros., wholesale grocers in Chattanooga.

Norcross, Ga., September 8.-(Special.)-A very pretty marriage was solemnized at the Methodist church at this place September 1st. The bride was Miss Ellen Scott Thom-as, the lovely daughter of Mr. and Mrs. to the visit of Li Hung Chang to America seems to be the journalistic fad of the day, it may be appropriate to announce in a woman's column that Lo Feng Luh, first secretary of the Chinese chancellor. And recently made by England's queen a Knight commander of the Victorian order. Says very many pretty things of American woman. When asked of them he Baid: "American women are the grand-

fessor M. M. Parks, who has recently been elected to the chair of Latin in Wesleyan Female college, Macon, Ga. The ceremony was performed by the father of the bride three years she has held the chair of har mony and theory of music in Central col-lege, Lexington, Mo. The couple left to-

Mrs. Simon B. Buskner.

Columbus, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—
Miss Maude Allen, a charming young lady
of Atlanta, who has been visiting Miss
Susie Harvey, has returned home.
Miss Robine Vann, who has been visiting Mrs. J. T. B. Crossman, left yesterday
for Manchester, Ga., where she enters
college. college.

Griffin, Ga., September 8 .- (Special.) - J. of Columbus, is visiting relatives at the Nelms house. Mrs. DeForrest Algood returned from a

visit to Warm Springs today. Quite a number of Griffin people took advantage of the cheap Labor Day rates yesterday and spent the day in Atlanta. Mr. and Mrs. Royal Daniel spen Sun-

Mrs. J. L. Wells has returned, after a month's absence at Indian Spring and Griffin.

Mrs. J. L. Wells has returned, after a month's absence at Indian Spring and Griffin. terday.

Miss Catherine Gay, Atlanta, who is

tomorrow and Thursday. He has entered for several races.

Mrs. L. D. Drewry, of New York, will visit her relatives here for several weeks. She arrived last night.

Columbus, Ga., September 8.-(Special.)-Columous, Ga., September 8.—(Special.)—
This morning Mr. James M. Moore, of
this city, and Miss Birdie B. Thomas, of
Fort Mitchell, Ala., were united in marriage. The wedding took place at the
residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. C. L.
Sallas, at Fort Mitchell, and was witnessed by the immediate friends and relanessed by the immediate friends and rela-

nessed by the immediate friends and relatives of the bride and groom. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Smith, pastor of the First Baptist church, at 10 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Moore is the son of Mr. M. M. Moore, the clerk of the council, of this city, and is bookkeeper for W. C. Bradley. He has a host of friends who will wish him and his lovely bride a long and happy life.

Mrs. Moore is one of Alabama's fairest daughters, and will be welcomed to Columbus by large number of friends who already love her.

BRIEFS MUST BE FILED SOON. Supreme Court Rules That Briefs Must Be Filed on September 30th.

The supreme court has ordered that all briefs in cases which will be carried over briefs in cases which will be carried over until the next term of the court must be filed or or before September 30th. The order issued some time ago allowing the presentation of briefs at any time has been middlied and yesterday the court handed down the following order:

"As all the remaining cases of the present term will of necessity be carried over to the next term, and as all cases in this court must be argued at the first term unless continued, the order heretofore passed providing that briefs would be received in any case at any time before the saice was reached for consideration and decision to hereby so modified as to require that all briefs in the cases above designated must be filed on or before the 30th day of this month."

JUDGE ADAMSON WILL SPEAK. regins a Series of Ten Speeches at Cusseta Today.

Cusseta Today.

Judge W. C. Adamson, nominee for congress in the fourth district, spent yesterday in Atlanta and was a conspicuous visitor at democratic headquarters during the day. He left last night for Celumbus. Judge Adamson spoke Monday at Newnan to a large crowd. Democrats and populists from all over the county were there and listened to his able exposition of state and national affairs. Judge Adamson made a strong plea for the state ticket and made an able presentation of the state and national platforms.

Judge Adamson goes today to Cusseta, Ga., where he will speak He will speak daily for the next ten days in Talbot, Harris and Marion counties. He is assured of good audiences wherever he goes. He has already made a half-dozen speeches in his district and has created a fine impression as a speaker. He will offer his services to the state campaign committee, in case he should be needed to speak.

BIG SALE MAY RESULT

Important Petition in the Georgia Mining Company Case Filed.

ENTIRETY SALE IS WANTED

Prayer for an Injunction Preventing Sale of Parcels of Stock.

PETITION IS GRANTED TEMPORARILY

Judge Lumpkin Restrains Trustees from Selling Stock and Will Hear Argument Saturday. .

Another important step has been taken in the Georgia Mining, Manufacturing and Investment Company litigation. A petition has been filed in the superior court praying for the sale of the entire property, and for injunction to prevent the sale of certain bonds and holdings now in the possession of the Metropolitan Trust Company, of New York.

The petition asking for the sale of the property in its entirety and praying for the intervention of the court in the matter of the proposed sale in New York of certain holdings was presented to Judge Lumpkin yesterday afternoon. The court examined the petition, of which there are forty pages of typewritten matter, attach ed exhibits, etc., and an order was issued setting next Saturday morning at 9 o'clock as an hour for hearing argument on the case. At that time the parties interested will be required to show cause why the petition should not be granted as prayed

Mr. Burton Smith represents the Bell. Armistead Company, of New York. That company alleges that the purpose of the Metropolitan Trust Company to dispose of certain bonds and holdings of the Georgia Mining and Manufacturing Company is a part of a scheme on the part of the trustees and certain creditors of the company to cut up the property of the mining company and sell it in parcels at a time when there will be few bidders, and when there would be great uncertainty as to its sale, and buy the same in to the detri ment, not only of the petitioners, but to all other persons or parties having claims upon said defendant corporation.

Want It All Sold Together. The Metropolitan Trust Company has advertised that on September 16th it will sell, at public auction, in New York, six parcels of the shares, bonds and holdings of the different companies composing the Georgia Mining and Manufacturing Company. The holdings are in the hands of the trust company as trustees, and it proposes to sell them independently or i entirety, the highest bidders getting the ertificates. The petitioners represented by Mr. Smith claim that if the shares of the company are sold in such a manner, it will greatly damage the company and endanger the rights of the creditors. It is claimed that the whole property should be sold in its entirety, and that the court hould not permit the sale of the shares of the several leased company holdings as proposed by the Metropolitan Trust Com-

The petitioner sets forth that he believes it to be to the interest of himself and all other bondholders that one decree behad selling the entire stocks and bonds and leasehold interests owned by the Geor gia Mining, Manufacturing and Investment Company. After setting forth in detail the grievances of the petitioner, the paper

What Is Prayed For. "Your petitioner prays that each and every one of the bondholders not now

thereto.
"That each one of the said corporations

"That each one of the said corporations of the state of Georgia, to-wit, the Dade Coal and Iron Company, the Castle Rock Coal Company of Georgia, the Georgia Iron and Coal Company, the Bartow Iron and Manganese Company and the Chattanooga Iron Company, be made parties to the petition, and that each one be required by the command of this court in the nature of an equitable attachment or garnishment to show how much of thefr stocks are held by the sald Metropolitan Trust Company, of the city of New York.

"That the said Metropolitan Trust Company be required to stand to, abide by and perform any decree made by this court

perform any decree made by this court in the premises. "That a decree be had upon the final hearing, selling the leasehold interests and stocks and bonds of these corporations respectively at one sale, the said decree being so framed that it will protect the interests of each class so that there will be no conflict between the purchasers at said sale, and so that the purchasers may

know what is being sold and what they are "Petitioner prays that each one of the

"Petitioner prays that each one of the said bondholders be enjoined from proceeding to take any steps to sell said stocks and bonds so mentioned in said deed of trust or any of them, and that the said Metropolitan Trust Company also be enjoined from selling or proceeding to sell any of the stocks or bonds mentioned in said deed of trust and in said advertisement."

Gallows Torn Down.

The grim red gallows which sent Arthur Hanye to his doom was torn down yesterday by Jailor Eubanks and was laid away for the next victim. The same scaffold has been used in Fulton county jall for years and many criminals have been sent to their death on this same trap. Jerry Moore in Jail.

The grand jury yesterday found several true bills against Jerry Moore, the notorious dress thief, who has been confined in the station house for two weeks. He was transferred to the county jail yesterday afternoon, where he will await a hearing in



Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



Of 1796 would look odd now. Anything of of style looks absurd. But even style counts for nothing without a perfect fit. We wish to impress on you that in addition to selling "ready-made clothing" we have been making "clothing to measure" ever since we started in business and never yet have we had a garment left on our hands on account of an ill fit. Speaks pretty well for the work we've been turning out, doesn't it? We have just opened a beauti-ful line of imported and domestic Suitings and Trouserings and would be pleased to take your fall order. We don't want it unless we convince you that we save you money.

Suits to Order \$15 TO \$40 See our window display.

EISEMAN & WEIL, Men's and Boys' Outfitters. 3 Whitehall Street.

disease, but you do not want YOU want to trust to luck if you are afflicted with disease in any form. It is better any form. It is better to employ skillful physicians at once, as by so doing expense, time and suffering may be avoided. Undoubtedly the best and most skillful physicians in the treatment of chronic and dellicate diseases of both sexes are Dr. Hatha-



Syphilis, specific blood poisoning, nervous debility, kid-ney and urinary dif-ficulties, hydrocele, stricture, gleet, pim-ples, piles, rheuma-matism, skin and blood diseases of all forms, catarrh and diseases of

Receiver's Sale

McNaught Land Co's Lots

On Washington and Pulliam Streets and Sixteen beautiful lots on the above named streets, all fine size, just nice distance from center of city; have exceptionally fine car line facilities, splendid neighborhood, paved and sewers: He finely streets, water, gas and sewers; lie finely and all have alleys in the rear. For sale at exceedingly reasonable prices and on easy ter.ns. Sale is by order of court to pay off indebtedness against the company. For full information and plats, call on or address

CLIFF W. ANSLEY, Receiver: address
CLIFF W. ANSLEY, Receiver;
Or Ansley Bros, office 12 E. Alabama street.
july18-sun wed

THE INK

►-IS FROM-

The Standard Printing Ink Co., NO. 108 CANAL ST., CINCINNATI, O

ESTABLISHED 1857.

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We call the attention of the nervous and delicate to the painless method. It is absolutely harmless.

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FOR NEW YORK Leaving Norfolk, Va., daily at 7:30 p. m. From Richmond, Va., Monday at 5 p. m. (via James River.) (via James River.)

The ships of the Old Dominion Steamship Company are first-class and especially arranged for the comfort of the traveling public and offer the advantages of a cool and delightful sea trip.

The two new, fast and powerful steamships

Jamestown and Yorktown Leave Norfolk every Monday. Thursday and Saturday evening, arriving in New York early the following afternoon in time to make all evening connections for points to make all evening connections to point beyond.

For tickets and general information apply to Railroad Ticket Agents, or to J. F. Mayer, 1212 Main street, Richmond, Va., M. B. Crowell, Norfolk, Va., or to W. L. GUILLAUDEU, Vice-Pres. and Traffic Manager, Pier 26, N. R., N. Y. aug 19 30t—wed fri mon

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY, Ordinary's office, September 1, 1896.—Ella M. Donaldson has applied for setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 22d day of September, 1896, at my office.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

The New Season



Is here; so are the proper things for Men's and Boys' wear.

The merits of our Boys' Clothes carry weight with parents who appreciate good things at moderate prices.

Add good Hats and Furnishings to the very best Boys' Clothing-with not a trace of cotton in any fabric used==and you have the secret of our success as Boys' Outfitters.

Clothes, Hats, Furnishings,

38 Whitehall Street.

EDUCATIONAL.

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REOPENS SEPT. 1, 1896 ELIZA A. CHEYNEY, MARGARETTA CHEYNEY, Prins MRS. A. B. WALSH, Kindergartne

NEW TRAIN

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CINCINNATI. INDIANAPOLIS

CHICAGO,

WHITE CITY SPECIAL. LEAVE CINCINNATI 1 P. M.
ARRIVE INDIANAPOLIS 3:45 P. M.
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FASTEST REGULAR TRAIN EVER
SCHEDULED BETWEEN THESE
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ELEGANTLY EQUIPPED
Combination Coach and Baggage Cars,
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ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD

THE ◆GREAT THROUGH LINE◆

Tickets will be sold September 1st, 15th and 29th; October 6th and 20th, good to rerurn 20 days from date of sale.

₽ DALLAS, TEXAS,

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD ONE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP. Tickets on sale September 17th, 18th and 19th, good to return October 10th.

For further information write to GEORGE W. ALLEN, Trav. Pass. Agent. E. E. KIRBY, City Ticket Agent. 12 Kimball House, Atlanta, JOHN A. GEE, Gen. Pass. Agent. HOTEL ARAGON,

The Palace Hotel of the South American and European Plan.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT. The Hotel Aragon invites the patronage of permanent as well as transient guests. Special inducements and rates to guests engaging rooms for the fall and winter. Every room has steam heat, electric lights and electric call service. Location of hotel the most central and in the most fashionable residence portion of the city. Adjoins Grand opera house. Only three blocks from union depot. Cuisine superior to any in the south.

We cordially invite the patron.

age of the best Business and Com-

mercial Men and Tourists.

A PERMANENT CURE of the most obstinate cases guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with cubebs, copalba or sandal wook. J. Ferre & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris. At all druggises.

OPENING MATINEE TODAY

2:30 P. M.

Special Engagement.

"FORGIVEN." A Drama of Intense Humane Interest. Seats on sale at Phillips & Crew's and Kimball House News Stand. 'Phone 1549.

Two Nights, Sept. 11 and 12 Matinee Saturday. fr. Dabonta's Company in Sir Charles Young's famous sensational drama.

Jim the Penman. Presented with all the handsome scener Presented with all the handsome scenery and other accessions, and the magnificent and costly effects that the correct presen-tation of this great play demands. A superb cast of unlimited ability, in-cluding Mr. Frank C. Bangs. Seats on sale at Phillips and Crew's and Kimball house news stand. Telephone 1549.

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SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND BUSINESS UNIVERSITY ATLANTA, GA. \$25-Business Course, unimited-\$25 Shorthand and Telegraphy also taught. Awarded Highest Medal by C. S. & I. Exposition. Now is the time to enter. Catalogue free

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VIRGINIA COLLEGE
For YOUNG LADIES, Roanoke, Va.
Opens Sept. 10, 1896. One of the leading schools for Young Ladies in the South. Magnificent buildings, all modern improvements. Gargens buildings, all modern improvements. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery in Valley of Va. famed for health. European and American teachers. Full course. Superior advantages in Art and Music. Students from twenty States. For catalogues address the President.

MATTIE P. HARRIS, Roanoke, Virginia.

122 and 124 W. Franklin St., Baltimore, Md Edgeworth Boarding and Day School or Young Ladies will reopen Thursday, Septemb 34th year. MRS, H. P. LEFEEVRE, Principal, july22-2m-wed-sat

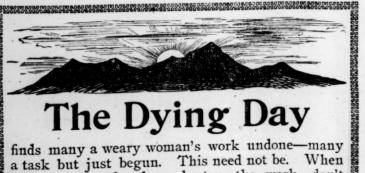
Baltimore Kindergarten Association July22-2m-wed-sat
ST. JOHN'S, Annapolis, Md. Preparatory
school for boys 12 to 16. Careful supervision of health and habits. Regular instruction in symnasium; military drill
under an army officer; thorough preparation for college, the maval academy or
business. Address the principal. James
W. Cain, A. B. aug 5 16-t wed sat

Mrs. Prather's Home School

232-238 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. The fall term begins Tuesday, September the 1st, with a full corps of teachers, pleasant and well equipped rooms, an ideal location, a patronage unexcelled for social excellence, and reasonable rates for both board and tuition. Send for catalogue, aug 23 sun wed

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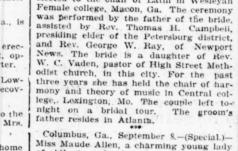
College for Young Lodies and Preparatory School or Girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Searces of Notro Dame. Charles at Ave., Bailinger, Md. July 230t-wed-fri-mon.



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used for cleaning, keeps your work a day ahead of time—keeps you young. Cleans everything. Sold everywhere. Made only by

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imitation flatters; but pirates prosper on their knavery, unless the public is warned.

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the genuine is in "round" bottles inclosed in drab colored pasteboard carton, bearing the name of

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PLUMBING GOODS. I have opened a plumbers' supply house, and can sell anything you want at wholesale prices.

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Arrest

disease by the timely use of Tutt's Liver Pills, an old and favorite remedy of increasing popularity. Always cures

SICK HEADACHE, sour stomach, malaria, indigeszion, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

A WISE ATHENIAN.

Increased His Estate \$4000 by Insuring With the Bankers' and Saved Over 50 Per Cent in Premiums.

SEE LETTER BELOW:

Athens, Ga., August 8 1896.—Gol. W. A. Hemphill, President Bankers' Guarantee Fund Life Association, Atlanta, Ga. Dear Sir: In behalf of the beneficiaries of my deceased husband, Capt. C. G. Talmadge, who held a policy for \$4,000 in your association, I desire to thank you and all the officers and directors of for the promptness with Colony. Two centuries ago, when the Huguenots in Cape Colony presented a paid. It is worthy of mention that this insurance restrain their French impertinences," which cost only \$18.44 per \$1,000 per annum at age of fifty, while some of his insurance cost more than double this amount.

The south is to be congratulated in having such a prosperous home company furnishing insurance at such fair rates. Yours

Mrs. C. G. Talmadge. For cost, etc., address Craig Cofield, Gen'l Mgr. 541 to 545 Equitable Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. augt im

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sta. Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos, Hardware, Guns, Pistols. Cartridges and Ammunition; Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons. A Perfect Variety Store. Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price. Terms cash.

Locomotives and Flat Cars FOR SALE OR RENT

Twenty first-class standard gauge freight and passenger locomotives, 29 to 35 tons, cylinders 13, 14, 15 and 16 inches diameter by 29 and 24 inches stroke. Four standard 40,000 pounds capacity flat cars. Address McDonough & Co., Savannah, Ga. aug 22—3m e o d



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MAKE THE pale and puny strong and plump.
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sealed, plain wrapper, with testinonials and financial references. No WEAK STRONG charge for consultation. WEAK STRONG charge for consultations. Sold by us and our advertised agents. Address NERVE SEED CO., Masonic Temple, Chicago.

Sold in Atlanta, Ga., by Jacobs' Pharmacy.

No. 6 Marletta St., and by Elkin Watson Drug Co., and by Brown & Allen, Druggists, No. 24 Whitehall St.

A BATTLE FOR LIFE CLEARING THE JAIL

Jonesboro Tomorrow.

BOTH SIDES ARE READY

and the Trial Will Go Ahead Without Delay-It Will Probably Last a Week.

John McCullough will be put on trial for his life in Jonesboro tomorrow, charged with the murder of his wife.

The trial will be one of the most sensational ever held in Georgia and the points of testimony involved will require the very shrewdest work on the part of the attorneys engaged. The case hinges on circumstantial evidence and the prosecution and defense will bring into play the very finest legal talent.

Solicitor Hill will go down to assist Soicitor Kimsey in the prosecution of the ase and the trial will probably last a week. The defense will be represented by Messrs, Denson & Haden and John B. Hutcheson. McCullough is now in the Atlanta police tation, where he has been since the morning after the murder was committed. He will be taken from the prison tomorrow morning and carried to Jonesboro. He will rest in the period of rest in the new jail at Jonesboro until his case is called. It was thought that McCullough's case

would be reached today and all arrangements had been made to go ahead with the trial. Both sides had announced that they were ready to proceed and if the case could have been reached the hearing would undoubtedly have gone on. Judge John S. Candler will preside and will hasten the case as rapidly as possible.

The trial has excited the widest curiosity throughout the county and Jonesboro will be filled with people to attend the trial. Hundreds of people who know McCullough and who knew his wife will be there to hear e testimony in the case and witness the sharp legal fight that will be made to save McCullough's neck.

McCullough is widely known in the coun-

ty and up to the time of the killing was pretty will liked. He had weakened the confidence of his neighbors in himself by an affair in which the claimed to have been an anary in which the claimed to have even robbed of some money which he had collected for a guano firm which he had represented. With this single exception he was well regarded by his acquaintances. It seems to be the general belief in Clayton county that McCullough is guilty. This feeling was very deep immediately after the feeling was very deep immediately after the killing and seemed to be founded upon some knowledge of the circumstances surround-ing McCullough's life which were not apparent to the general public.

The community in which the killing ocurred is an unusually quiet and conservative one, but the feeling against McCul-lough rose to a pitch that bordered on dan-ger the day after the killing. McCullough seems confident. His attor-neys will not disclose their line of defense.

but say they feel very sure of clearing their client.

ORIGIN OF THE BOERS.

A Colony Left France in 1688 and Settled in South Africa. It is extremely interesting at the present moment, says Mr. Gantony, in The Sketch, to inquire as to who and what the Boers really are, and whence comes this heroic and stubborn defense of their rights which has exalted these South African agricul-turalists in the eyes of the world. After the revocation of the edict of Nantes by Louis XIV numbers of Huguenots in 1688 left France and settled in Cape Colony under the Dutch, who then had possession of it, which government at that time de-nied the very privileges to the Huguenots that their descendants and those of the Dutch have until recently denied the Johannesburgers, which has led to this un-fortunate revolt against the government of the Transvaal, as in the eighteenth century your excellent company it led to the French exodus from Cape which this claim was petition to the government for electoral rights, Van der Stell was enraged and dishad a parallel in Pretoria lately, when some reasonable appeal for representation by the Uitlanders was "received with jeers" the whole forms a well into which the prisoner is put, sometimes (the most merciful method) head downward, and at others, by the members of the raadzaal.

In 1709 the use of French in addressing the government on official matters was publicly forbidden. In 1724 the church service in French was permitted for the last ime, and some seventy years after the ar-ival of the Huguenots in south Africa their children ceased to speak French entirely. When the settlers could no longer endure the tyranny of the Dutch they 'trekked," or tracked, into the interior, and it is, therefore, quite as likely that the Outch-speaking Frenchmen are more enitled to be called the owners of the Transraal than the Dutch themselves—that is, f we consider, as civilized nations do, that he original native has no territorial rights whatsoever. If the original Huguenets have been deprived of their language, they have not been deprived of their names, as witness those that we find a Tarough south Africa—Du Plessis, Malherbe, Fouche, De Villiers, Du Toit, Malan, Marais, Jeur-dan, Mesuard, Du Pre, Notier, Fe Føbre, Cordier, Retlef, Le Roux, Theson, Hugo,

Le Grange and dozens of others. What are the names they gave to the omes they established if not in French' Normandy, Le Parais, Lamotte, Joubert, Rhone, Champagne, Languebec, etc. The name of the commandant general, Jouert, is French, and he is probably also exiled themselves from France for the sake of their religious liberty. The names of the Boers, De Beers (not Van Leer). Du Toispan, whose farms were despoiled when diamonds were found in Kimberly, are obviously of French origin, so that it would appear that the president of the French republic has more reasons for offering sympathy than the German emperor.

Cure Tobacco Habit for 25c. Ask your druggist for Sure Quit. I hewing gum for the tobacco habit, tores normal action to the heart, res normal action to the heart, stom-n, kidneys and sexual organs. Booklet, e. Eureka Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich, at tue thur

SEMINARY SPECIAL.

The Georgia Female Seminary To Have a Special from Macon Monday,

September 14th, for Gainesville. On Monday, September 14th, Professor VanHoose, of the Georgia Female seminary and conservatory of music, will meet large party of young ladies from sor Georgia, Florida and Alabama in Mad and take them in special car to Gainesville. The prospects for a large patronage are the most flattering in the history of the school. Many improvements have been made in the buildings during the summer, and the magnificent auditorium and music rooms, natatorium, etc., are nearing com-pletion. Professor VanHoose desires all pupils living below Macon to meet him in that city on September 14th fri tues wed

A High Compliment to an Atlanta

Aritist. Mrs. Gregory's elegant portrait of the late Henry Grady, which was sent for by Winchester, Ky., to be used in the centennial ceremonies of that city, has been purchased by them and will adorn the walls of its public building. This portrait was selected by the Chautauqua Soc ety as the "finest likeness of him ever made," and was the same used at his memorial services in this city. services in this city.

McCullough Will Be Put on Trial at Judge Berry Disposed of Twenty Criminal Cases Yesterday.

SUPERIOR COURT MONDAY

Judge Hart Will Preside and a Large Number of Important Cases Will Be Up for Trial.

Judge Berry, of the city criminal court. disposed of nearly twenty criminal cases on his docket yesterday. He is rapidly clearing the jail docket and the old prison of Fraser street will soon be almost empty of prisoners confined under jurisdiction of Judge Berry's court.

There are now only about forty prisoners n jail to be tried in the city court and the work of disposing of their cases will go steadily on this week. All classes of erimnals were tried yesterday, mostly those charged with larceny, gaming, assault and battery and other crimes of like character. The usual fines were imposed, ranging from

Pierce Nolly was fined \$50 for the theft for stealing a small sum of money, but is a sufferer from disease and Judge Berry allowed him to go. He was warned that punishment would be imposed should his conductant be in accordance with the rules

Judge Hart Will Preside. criminal superior court will begi ts fall term next Monday morning. Judge Hart, of the Ocmulgee circuit, will preside. A large number of cases have been docketed for the term and the business before the court will be important.

The grand jury is in session and yesterday a large number of true bills were found. The court docket was materially enlarged as a result of the work of the jury, and when Judge Hart begins his labor an arra; of cases will be before him. The docket in-cludes cases of misdemeanor, felonies, as-sault to murder and murder. Assistant Solicitor Monaghan is busy this week ar-ranging the docket and preparing the state's side of the many cases to come up Judge Hart will relieve Judge Candler in presiding over the criminal court. Judge Candler will take up cases in Clayton and other counties in his district soon.

Bass Murder Case Again. At the coming term of the criminal court the noted case of C. C. Johnson, the negro accused of the murder of Baker A. Bass., will come up. Johnson was tried last spring, but the jury disagreed and his case went over until the coming term. Eleven of th jurors stood for conviction of murder and one for not guilty. The case was a sen-

AN EXECUTION IN PERSIA.

sational one and it will be one of the mos

mportant to be tried this fall.

Burying Men Alive in Wet Plaster of Paris.

From The London Graphic A hideous form of execution which has not been practiced for twenty years, was revived the other day to strike terror into the hearts of the people. The murder of the shah was followed by a succession of rob beries on the road between Bushire and Ispahan, the nomad tribes going out in large parties and looting villages and cara wans, and an Englishman was even stripped naked and beaten with sticks. One hun-dred thousand pounds was estimated as the dred thousand pounds was estimated as the value of property that changed hands during one week. Every day individuals came naked into Shiraz, and the roads were strewn with merchandise that the robbers found unsuitable to carry off, At this juncture H. R. H. Runhkn-ed-Dowleh, governor of Shiraz, marched out of prison five week the common report said, had been men, who, common report said, had been there for the last five months and had nothing whatever to do with the matter, with his head sticking out over the top plaster of paris is then emptied in and between each basketful water is poured down the well. The gatch then swells and when it hardens it stops the circula tion, causing the most excruciating agony About 9 a. m. Sunday, May 10th, the five prisoners, chained neck to neck, were marched out of prison and slowly escorted by a large mob, who were kept from press ng too close by soldiers with fixed bayonets and others with long sticks. They wer taken to the Koran gate, near the Bagh-No, on the town side of which, alongside the roads, their wells had been prepared It took one hour to reach the Bagh-I-No, but the torture of this form of execution being unknown to the prisoners, they walk-ed along without a sign of fear. They were taken into a high-walled gar den, a guard being placed at the entrance and in a short time the first to be executed was brought out. Round his neck was a steel collar with a chain, which his guard held tightly in his hand. Someone offered him a pitcher of water, from which he eagerly drank, and then, not knowing to

what awful death he was doomed, he walked calmly and without a word to his well. It took pearly half an hour to fill the well with gatch, during all which time the sticks of the soldiers were in use to keep the crowd from pressing too closand hampering the movements of those em ployed with the gatch. After this the econd was brought out, and as the crowd moved to the well prepared for him, I took the accompanying photograph, which shows the man buried up to the chin, his face covered with powdered gatch and his eyes closed, so as not to see the crowd standing around; the gatch has not begun to set and the man is suffering no pain. to set and the man is suffering no pain. Having obtained a photograph of a form of execution which I hope has been resorted to for the last time, I hurried from the spot, and just in time, as I afterwards heard, to escape the most heartrending scenes. When the gatch became solid and tightened on the poor prisoner, the yells were frightful to listen to, and as they were carried over the walled garden, those watching their turn realized that the death to which they were doomed, so far from which they were doomed, so far from being the painless one they had hoped for, was instead of a terrible nature. As the fourth man was led from the garden he begged the executioner to take him to the bazaar, where he would find someone to give him ten tumans (£2), after which he could cut his head off. The fifth man be came even more frantic as the yells issued from the mouths of his companions. "Spare me; spare me!" he cried, "and I will show you where 2,000 tumans (£400) lie hid:" bu his offer came too late. When, three days later, I passed along the road. I found capitals had been added to the pillars, cov-

ering the heads of the poor men, who had thus been horribly done to death. The governorship of the state is held yearly by the man who gives the shah the largest present; during his period of office he collects from the people the taxes, the present he has given the shah and a good stantial sum into the bargain for him self. Absolutely pitiless, his men will of-ten seize the last stick of an old man, and if the people, seeing starvation staring them in the face, resist, they are liable. them in the face, resist, they are hable to be put to death by torture, as in this case, if what was in the mouth of every one was true. In the old days it was nec-essary to make a frightful example of a

A Jackdaw Among Peacocks

That's the effect some men's Clothes have upon them when they mingle in a crowd of well dressed people-make them look like jackdaws among peacocks. Avoid the possibility of that undesirable distinction by selecting from our superb autumn styles. In grace and elegance, tone and quality our Suits rank equal with the best productions of ultra fashionable custom tailors and prices are less than half-frequently less

Our Clothing will never stamp you as a wearer of ready-made.



D. H. SPENCER & SON'S Celebrated Henry County (Va.) Tobacco, the finest Chewing Tobacco manufactured in the world.

CALHOUN, Matchless, Honest John, Henry County. Maggie Spencer, OLD CROW,

Dandy 5's. W. A. R.,

We have control of the above brands of Tobacco and have been selling them for twenty years, and they give better satisfaction than any Tobacco we ever handled. For sale by all first-class dealers.

W. A. RUSSELL & CO.,

Wholesale Tobacconists.

A FEW OPINIONS OF ATLANTA PHYSICIANS.

DR. WM. PERRIN NICOLSON, Dean Southern Medical College, says: Have been a constant prescriber of Bowden Lithia Water for years in diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urethra, and it has always given me good results.

J. G. EARNEST, 44 Houston Street, says: Have used the Bowden Lithia Water for several years in cases of Inflammation of the Bladder and Catarrhal conditions of the Kidneys, and have derived such signal benefit from its use that I now prescribe it in nearly all cases of that kind. Have also seen decled benefit from it in well established cases of Bright's Disease. DR. J. B. S. HOLMES, ex-President Georgia State Medical Asso-

ciation, says: Have used Bowden Lithia Water extensively in Bladder Lithia Springs, Ga. and Kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying.
BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases
POPULAR PRICES.
OUR SPARKLING
TABLE WATER
BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases
of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous
Dyspepsia. A postal card brings our Illustrated Pamphlet.
BOWDEN LITHIA is the only genuine Lithia Water sold in At
lan tast popular prices BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
HAS NO EQUAL.
First-class hotel accommodation at the Springs for 500.

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRINGS CO., Phone 1086. 174 Peachtree St.

through the Kotabs safe. In a country where it is customary to commit suicide in a fanatical way, as, for instance, when wives throw themselves on their husbands' but had merely been brought from the south, because they refused to pay the excessive taxes imposed on them. These mentous terms to be executed to frighten the people were to be executed to frighten the people with the property of the pro by being buried anye in plaster of paris. made in England; and yet in a country full daylight and cruelly murdered by the road-

CLARK CHARGED WITH MURDER

The Man Who Killed Henry Buck worth Again Locked Up. Jack Clark, the negro who shot Henry Buckwarth in Bullock's saloon last June

was rearrested yesterday afternoon and locked in the jail on the charge of murder The grand jury found a true bill against him on that charge yesterday. Full accounts of the tragedy were published in the papers at the time. Buckworth was a bartender in the saloon at the corner of Mitchell and Broad streets. One morning Clark stepped into the place

and asked Buckworth to see a pistol lying on the counter. The weapon was acci-dentally discharged, fatally wounding Buckworth, and he died in a short while Clark was arrested and locked in the station house. Coroner Paden held an inquest over the body and the verdict of the jury was that the murder was an accident, but recommended that Clark be held. He was subsequently tried before Justice Orr on the charge of murder and was acquit-

The grand jury investigated the case

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Very small; very easy to take; no pain; no griping; no purging. Try them.

Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route."

One fare to Dallas, Tex., and return, on account of the meeting of the sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, September 21, 1896. Tickets on sale September 17th, 18th and 19th, and good until October 1st. Quickest time, superior service, via New Orleans and the Southern Pacific Company. For further particulars, write or call on W. R. FAGAN, T. P. A.,

No. 18 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

Tickets will be extended to October 10th if deposited with ticket agent at Dallas prior to September 30th.

aug30-19t Southern Pacific Co. "Sunset Route."

FOR ONE DOLLAR You can get the DAILY AND SUN-DAY CONSTITUTION until November 10, 1896, covering the entire period of the presidential campaign.

Grace Church. Fall reunion this evening at 8 o'clock. Thanksgiving, hearty singing, good cheer. Christian hand shaking. All members and friends affectionately invited.

Comfortable at Tate. Splendid crowd at Tate Spring, E. Tenn. Special low rate for September. 200 fine place rooms. Write for pamphlet to Thomas Tominson, Tate Spring, Tenn.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

New and Secondhand, And all kinds of school supplies. A useful present presented with each purchase, at JOHN M. MILLER'S, 39 Marietta St., Allanta, Ga.

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY, 17 E. Alabama St. Examine our stock before buying Save 25 per cent. Repairing. Phone 230. BANKER BRINKERHOFF

Disappoints Gold Democrats and Declares for Bryan and Silver.

From The Columbus, O., Post. General R. Brinkerhoff, president of the best known democrats in Ohio, was in the city Monday night on official business, being a member of the board of state chari-The general is one of the delegates state gold convention here last week. He declines to serve as a delegate and declares emphatically for the free coinage of silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1. Speaking to a Post representative of the matter, the general said:

"The convention made a great mistake

in selecting me as a delegate. I was the first man in all Richland county to declare

for Bryan and silver, and I have seen no

reason to modify the opinion I held at that time. I will not go to Indianapolis, and do not feel at all complimented by the selection as a delegate. It is my opinior that the salvation of the country now depends upon the outcome of this great contest upon the coinage question. confident that the democratic ticket nominated at Chicago will triumph The common people want silver coinage and this year they seem to be exercising their own judgment. There is, no doubt a systematic effort now in progress to intimidate the employes of great corpora-tions into voting for a single gold standard by giving them to understand that their situations depend upon such action.

"But the labor organizations are taking up this, and I think they will be able to put a quietus upon such a dispicable pol-icy. The bankers are pursuing a very unwise policy. If they would consider the matter properly they would realize that they would be benefited by the free coinage of silver. The deposits would be much greater and the volume of actual financial trade correspondingly larger, Of course there are those who hold long ime securities who would be benefited by a single gold standard, but these are com-paratively few of the great masses of the American people to dictate the finan clay system of the country to the detri-ment of the people at large. I am one of the bankers who believe and am willing to demonstrate that financial circles i general would be greatly benefited by free coinage. I am, of course, a bimetallis and I do not think that silver should mo I am, of course, a bimetallist

and I do not think that silver should monopolize the coinage of the country, but
there is no danger of that."
"How about the 53-cent dollar?"
"That is all a delusion. A dollar in
silve, issued upon a free coinage basis,
will be worth a dollar without the shadow
of a doubt. It will be just as much 100
cents as a dollar in gold, and will pass
as such without question."

This afternoon at 5 o'clock in the Young Men's Christian Association hall a meeting of the sons and daughters of the Junior Order of Daughters of the Confederacy will be held. This is a new order, but will have a large membership.

Hunter's school for boys is now full to its utmost capacity. Applicants admitted as vacancies occur. B. T. HUNTER, Prin. wed sun

Full to Overflowing.

PERSONAL. C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street, Send for samples.

The King of Pills is Beecham's-BEECH.

New Fall Tailoring **Novelties**

A brilliant display of early Fall and Winter Suitings in the newest effects, in Cheviots, Worsteds and all the latest weaves, for dress and business wear. Place your order for a Winter Suit with us and insure

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MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.



We have bought out the stock of the Southern Trunk & Bag Co. We will sell all Trunks and Traveling Bags at prime cost for next 30 days.

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY. LIEBERMAN

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Meal Estate and Loans. TO LOAN-Two sums, \$3,000 and \$1,200, in bank to loan from 1 to 5 years. FOR RENT-Desk and space in our office, NEW HOUSE, Flanded, for sale at \$6,500. Make us an offer for it.

WASHINGTON ST.—S-room house, lot 54x 140, north of Richardson street, for \$5,500. KIMBALL ST.—7-room house, large lot, covered with oak grove, \$8,000.

BALTIMORE PLACE—New 7-room house, north front, reduced from \$7,000 to \$6,50. BARGAIN in Futral property, near center of city, 50x200, alley side and in rear, for only \$20,000. only \$20,000.

MONEY TO LOAN-6 and 8 per cent. Office 409 Equitable. Telephone 1208.

FOR RENT-NO. 104 EDGEWOOD AVE.



iltable for Manufacturing Purposes. Gas. Water and Steam heat. For terms apply to Roby Robinson, No. 12 Equitable building.

ANSLEY BROS. Real Estate Loans & Renting Agents

\$6,000-Elegant 9-room residence on best part of Jackson street, corner lot, Owner is going to leave America and must sell. Place cost \$7,000. Come see it. \$3,500-For one of the prettiest lots in Inman Park on Edgewood avenue. Must go. \$2,250-For a North avenue lot 50x190. It is worth \$3,000, and is very cheap. \$3,500 or less for a two-story, 8-room house on Woodward avenue, on the easiest sort of terms. \$1,500-For 100 acres land within 8 miles of Atlanta; worth twice the amount. Decatur—Lots \$500 to \$1,000, three-fourths acre each. acre each.
ANSLEY BROS., Office 12 E. Alabama,
Telephone 363.

FOR RENT OR LEASE.

The three-story building with basement, corner Alabama and Loyd Sts., formerly occupied Jack's Steam Bakery. It has a front of 50 feet on Alabama street, and will make a splendid wholesale house. Has railroad trackage. W. A. Hemphill. branches. Highest testimonials. 88 SPRING STREET, ATLANTA, GA

ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON, Real Estate, Renting and Loans, 2

Peachtree St. railroad runs through this land for a half mile; one mile from depot; land lies perfect, not washed, about one-half cleared, balance original forest hard wood; would make a splendid stock farm or hay fields. In fact, you can raise anything that grows in this country on this land, and you can buy same at the sum of \$5 per acre. This is your chance to put your meney away safely, no matter if silver or gold wins. Come and see us

Come and see us. DO YOU WANT a home? If so, we have Come and see us.

DO YOU WANT a home? If so, we have several bargains. A beautiful corner home on Whitehall street; an elegant home on Georgia avenue; a perfect ideal of a home on Juniper street; just the home you want in Inman Park. In fact, we have them all over the city and at prices that will suit your pocketbook.

WE HAVE a 5-r. cottage well built, stable, fine spring, young orchard, 3½ acres of land in all; fronts Marietta road, which we can sell at a bargain, or trade for a home near Howell station.

WE HAVE some very cheap homes for sale or exchange, ranging from 3750 to \$2,500, in all parts of the city, on very easy terms. If you wish to buy or exchange, call and let us talk about the property we have to sell. We know we can do you good. OUR RENT LIST is small, but we have a few nice homes yet to rent, and several good business houses; also offices and bedrooms. Should you be looking for either, call to see us.

call to see us. WE HAVE several amounts of money in bank here to place, and if property is worthy of the loan we can fix you up all O. K. ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON. Real Estate Bargains

5-r h. and hall, E. Ellis, 50x150, \$3,300. 7-r. h., Courtland avenue, \$3,000. Three 2-room houses near W. Fair, \$500.

45x146 Merritts avenue, \$1,300. 4-r. h., paved st., 40x130; \$50 cash, \$15 per month, 8 per cent, \$1,250. Good nice Capitol avenue lot, east front, 50x200; terms to suit, \$1,000.

131/2 acres 5 miles from carshed, to exchange, \$1,800. Good farms to exchange for city property. G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR

G. W. ADAIR Real Estate and Renting Agent, 14 Wall St., Kimball House

FOR RENT

A 20-ROOM BOARDING HOUSE first-class tenant immediately.

Near in, in choice localities, I have also several smaller boarding houses of 12 rooms which are very desirable. Call or write me for particulars. G. W. Adair, 14 Wall st.

CHAS. H. SMITH,

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